SRI BALAJI VIDYAPEETH

(Deemed - to be - University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956) Pillaiyarkuppam, Puducherry – 607 402

Mahatma Gandhi Medical College & Research Institute Shri Sathya Sai Medical College & Research Institute



COMPETENCY BASED POSTGRADUATE CURRICULUM M.D. PHARMACOLOGY

2021

Preface

The promulgation of the much-awaited Competency Based Medical Education (CBME) for post graduate programs by the National Medical Council is a welcome move. Sri BalajiVidyapeeth (SBV), Puducherry, deemed to be University, declared u/s 3 of the UGC Act. and accredited by the NAAC with A grade, takes immense privilege in preparing such an unique document in a comprehensive manner and most importantly the onus is on the Indian setting for the first time, with regard to the competency based medical education for post graduate programs that are being offered in the broad specialty departments. SBV is committed to making cardinal contributions that would be realised by exploring newer vistas. Thus, post graduate medical education in the country could be made to scale greater heights and SBV is poised to show the way in this direction.

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Preface

Following roll out of much awaited Competency-Based Medical Education (CBME) for undergraduate by the Medical Council of India (MCI)(superseded by the Board of Governors), adoption of CBME for post-graduate by it is welcome move.

The MCI has laid down the syllabus course wise, listing competency to some extent, teaching learning methods and the assessment methods as well. The MCI describes competencies in three domains (knowledge, skill, and attitude). However, the most significant problem in competency-based training is the development of appropriate assessment tools.

The salient feature of this document is defining the program educational objectives (PEO) for its postgraduate program as a whole, defining program outcomes (PO) based on the competencies to be practiced by the specialist, course outcomes (CO) and program specific sub-competencies and their progression in the form of milestones. The compilation of the milestone description leads to the formation of the required syllabus. This allows the mentors to monitor the progress in sub-competency milestone levels. It also defines milestone in five levels, for each sub-competency. Although MCI has described three domains of competencies, the domain 'Attitude' is elaborated into 4 more competencies for ease of assessment. The six competency model (ACGME) for residency education: Medical Knowledge, Patient Care, Practice Based Learning and Improvement, Systems Based Practice, Professionalism, Inter personal and Communication Skills gives better clarity and in-depth explanation. The sub-competency and their milestone levels are mapped into the entrustable professional activities (EPA) that are specific to the individual postgraduate program. To make the program more relevant, PEO, PO, CO and EPAs are mapped with each other. EPA's which are activity based are used for formative assessment and graded. EPA assessment is based on workplace based assessment (WPBA), multisource feedback (MSF) and eportfolio. A great emphasis is given on monitoring the progress in acquisition of knowledge, skill and attitude through various appraisal forms including e-portfolios during three years of residency period.



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Foreword

The ability to use drugs safely and effectively is a defining characteristic of a good medical pharmacologist. This ability is predicated upon an up-to-date knowledge of the ever expanding information of drugs.

The extensive change made to our curriculum of MD Pharmacology reflects enormous progress and profusion of new knowledge regarding drugs across a wide range of therapeutic areas.

Although the content has been revised and refreshed our objective always is to provide a comprehensive emphasis on the principles of clinical pharmacology, prescribing skills, the way the drugs are used in clinical practice, an updated and succinct understanding of the major pathogenic mechanisms in context with the action of drugs and the consequences of their therapeutic uses.

Our curriculum offers a structured approach to the principles of disease management, outlining core principles of drug choices and planning a therapeutic regimen for many common diseases.

It is our intention that our MD Pharmacology curriculum will encourage students to develop a deeper understanding of the principles of drug usage that will help them to become a safe and effective pharmacologist and to carry out basic clinical research and teach. As medical science advances, these principles should underpin the lifelong learning essential for the maintenance of these skills of clinical pharmacologist.

With an MD in Pharmacology, you can teach or conduct research in higher educational institutions, work in the pharmaceutical industry, research and develop new medicines, conduct clinical research, work in regulatory and marketing divisions of industry, employ in hospitals, career in medical editing or develop new chemicals, .

We thank our team wholeheartedly for their spontaneous and unforced enthusiasm in preparing this curriculum.

With a handshake in thought God bless you all.

Dr. Manimekalai.K Professor & HOD Dept. of Pharmacology MGMCRI, SBV Dr. Venkatadhri Professor & HOD Dept. of Pharmacology SSSMCRI, SBV This document named Postgraduate Curriculum for the M.D. Pharmacology program has beenpreparedintheaccordancewiththedocumentnotifiedbyBoardofGovernorsinsuppressionof MCI <u>https://www.mciindia.org/CMS/information-desk/for-colleges/pg-curricula-2</u>. This document has been prepared by Dr.Kartik Salwe & Dr.Sudar Codi, Department of Pharmacology, MGMCRI, Puducherry , and compiled by Dr.Manimekalai, Prof & HOD of Pharmacology, ratified by the Board of Studies on 05.05.2020 and approved by Academic Council of Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth, a deemed to be university, accredited 'A' Grade by NAAC.

Board of studies for M.D. Pharmacology

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- o Dr.Lavakumar, Asso. Professor, SSSMCRI, Chennai.
- Dr.Barathane, Asst. Professor, MGMCRI, Puducherry.

External Experts:

- Dr.IsabellaTopno, Prof & HOD of Pharmacology, Pondicherry Institute of Medical Sciences, Puducherry
- Dr.Somasundaram, Prof & HOD of Pharmacology, Sri Lakshminarayana Institute of Medical Sciences, Puducherry

Alumni:

o Dr.Jacob, Professor, St.Believer's Church Medical College, Tiruvala, Kerala.

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Sri Balaji University Department of Pharmacology Post- Graduate Program

1. Preamble

The purpose of PG education is to create specialists who would provide high quality health care and advance the cause of science through research & training. Pharmacology consists of both the experimental (basic) and clinical sciences. Experimental pharmacology is essential to understanding of drug action in diseases as well as for the pharmaceutical industry for drug discovery and development. Clinical pharmacology is essential for prescribing practice in medicine, adverse drug reactions, clinical trial and pharmacovigilance. The job prospects for a medical pharmacologist are in academics, pharmaceutical industry/clinical research organization, government research institutions, in regulatory bodies and as scientific writer or science manager.

Accordingly, a post graduate (MD) student in Pharmacology should be competent to meet the job requirements at all these places. The applied nature of the discipline, the move towards integrated course structures, the widening of discipline boundaries and increasing number of students seeking post graduation degree raise issues concerning maintaining and improving competency as along with maintenance of academic standards. These issues also necessitate integration with other biomedical and clinical disciplines. A pragmatic approach to postgraduate pharmacology teaching in India is an important step towards addressing the aforesaid challenges and facilitating a fresh curriculum design.

The purpose of this document is to provide teachers and learners illustrative guidelines to achieve defined outcomes through learning and assessment. This document was prepared by various subject- content specialists. The Reconciliation Board of the Academic Committee has attempted to render uniformity without compromise to purpose and content of the document. Compromise in purity of syntax has been made in order to preserve the purpose and content. This has necessitated retention of "domains of learning" under the heading "competencies".

2. Program Educational Objectives (PEO)

- **PEO1:** Specialist who can explain clearly concepts and principles of Pharmacology andtherapeutics.
- **PEO2:** Leader and team member who understands health care system and act to provide safe patient care by training the health care professionals with accountability and responsibility.
- **PEO3:** Communicator possessing adequate communication skill to convey required information an appropriate manner in various health care setting.
- **PEO4:** Lifelong learner keen on updating oneself regarding the advancement in the field of Pharmacology and therapeutics and able to perform the role of researcher and teacher
- **PEO5:** Professional who understands and follows the principle of bio-ethics / ethics related tohealth care system.

3. Program Outcome (PO)

After three years of residency program postgraduate should be able to

- **PO1:** Able to explain clearly concepts and principles of Pharmacology and therapeutics
- **PO2:** Apply and integrate the knowledge of pathophysiology of diseases and its modulation by drugs
- **PO3:** Acquire Knowledge of the various recent advances in pharmacology pertaining to new drugdevelopment and treatment approach of various disorders.
- **PO4:** Able to effectively teach undergraduate students in medicine (MBBS, Dentistry, Nursing and allied health sciences) so they become competent healthcare professionals and able tocontribute to training of postgraduate trainees.
- **PO5:** Perform major in vivo and in vitro animal experiments with proper animal handling and careaccording to guidelines proposed for animal research.
- **PO6:** Demonstrate the skills in prescription writing, auditing and effectively communicate with the patients, health care team, faculty and peers on the rational use of drugs, adverse drug reactionreporting and medication adherence.
- **PO7:** Demonstrate and apply the knowledge of basics of research methodology, ethics, biostatistics and important guidelines to perform animal and human research and to have the potential ability to pursue further specializations and eventually be competent to guide students.
- **PO8:** Apply skills for self-directed learning to keep up with developments in the field and to continuously build to improve on skills, expertise and perpetual professional development.

4. Course and Course Objectives (CO):

4.1 Course 1 (C1): General Pharmacology

Objectives: At the end of three years post graduate student should be able to

- **C1.1** Acquire sound knowledge of general pharmacological principles to explain the mechanisms of action, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics and adverse effects of drugs for various disorders
- C1.2 Acquire knowledge on the rational use of drugs
- C1.3 Acquire knowledge of the various branches of pharmacology and the principles underlying each
- **C1.4** Demonstrate the skills in prescription writing, auditing and effectively communicate with the patients, health care team, faculty and peers on the rational use of drugs, adverse drug reaction reporting and medication adherence.

4.2 Course 2 (C2): Clinical & Experimental Pharmacology

Objectives: At the end of three years post graduate student should be able to

- **C2.1** Acquire knowledge, understand and apply the principles of various national guidelines proposed and the legal and ethical issues involved in doing human and animal research.
- **C2.2** Describe how to evaluate, analyze and monitor preclinical and clinical data in drug discovery
- C2.3 Demonstrate and apply the knowledge of basics of research methodology and biostatistics, develop a research protocol, prepare and take Informed consent form and patient information sheet, conduct the study, record experimental observations, analyse data using currently available statistical software, interpret results and write up a research paper
- **C2.4** Demonstrate standard operating procedures of various methods and techniques used in clinicaltrials and research.
- **C2.5** Demonstrate knowledge about computer assisted learning (CAL) software and instrumentation use them efficiently in promoting learning of pharmacology.
- C2.6 Perform major in vivo and in vitro animal experiments with proper animal handling and care
- **C2.7** Demonstrate presentation skills at academic meetings, publications and writing research projects for funding agencies
- **C2.8** Estimate toxic drug levels using chemical and biological tests (alkaloids, glycosides, steroids, barbiturates, salicylates) by commonly used method
- **C2.9** Evaluate promotional drug literature, prepare "Drug Information Sheet" (WHO criteria), Interpret bioavailability parameters with the help of given pharmacokinetics data, Perform causality assessment and report ADR as per Pharmacovigilance Programme of India (PvPI)

4.3 Course 3 (C3): Systemic Pharmacology

Objectives: At the end of three years post graduate student should be able to

- **C3.1** Apply and integrate the knowledge of pathophysiology of diseases and its modulation by drugs
- **C3.2** Understand and apply the concepts of general pharmacology on the treatment of varioussystemic disorders.
- **C3.3** Understand and apply the principles of various teaching learning technology in their practice

4.4 Course 4 (C4): Recent advances in Pharmacology

Objectives: At the end of three years post graduate student should be able to

- **C4.1** Acquire Knowledge of the various recent advances in pharmacology pertaining to new drug development and treatment approach of various disorders.
- **C4.2** Apply skills for self-directed learning to keep up with developments in the field and to continuously build to improve on skills, expertise and perpetual professional development.

The PEO, PO and the CO are mapped with each other.(Table 1)

		PEO 1		PEO2		PEO3	PEO 4		PEO 5
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO8
C1	Y			Y		Y			
C2			Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		
C3	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y			
C4		Y	Y	Y				Y	Y

Table1. Mapping of PEO, PO and CO

All courses run concurrently for 3 years with a summative assessment at the end of 3 years. The program is competency based and the competencies, sub-competencies and milestones are detailed. These are mapped to the Entrustable professional activities (EPA) identified as essential for a specialist. Formative assessment is carried out every three months using appropriate tools, for identifying eligibility for transfer of trust.

Competencies, Sub-competencies and Milestone:

At the end of the MD course in Pharmacology, the student should have acquired various competencies i.e. medical knowledge, patient care, interpersonal communication skill, system based practice, practice based learning and implementation and professionalism. Details of each with milestone as level is described below. (**Table 2**)

Table 2. Description of Competencies, Sub-competencies and Milestone

COMPETENCY – 1: Medical Knowledge (MK):

Demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care

	MILESTONE	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
S,No	SUB COMPETENCY	Acquire knowledge and recall	Understand and explain Concepts	Analyze/Correlate /Apply the knowledge for treatment	Demonstrates the knowledge	Ability to plan and share their knowledge
MK 1	Describe and apply pharmacological principles to explain the mechanism of action, PK, PD, drug interactions of drugs used in diagnosis, prevention and treatment of diseases	Acquire knowledge and able to recall the general pharmacological principles to explain the mechanism of action, PK, PD, drug interactions of drugs used in diagnosis, prevention and treatment of diseases	Understands the pharmacological principles and explains the concepts underlying the mechanism of action, PK, PD, drug interactions of drugs used in diagnosis, prevention and treatment of diseases	Analyse the knowledge gained and correlates the mechanism of action, PK, PD, drug interactions of various drugs used in diagnosis, prevention and treatment of diseases	Demonstrates the knowledge gained to the peer groups and faculties and ensure right learning of the pharmacological principles to explain the mechanism of action, PK, PD, drug interactions of drugs used in diagnosis, prevention and treatment of diseases	Able to make a lesson plan and educate the undergraduates and paramedics on the pharmacological principles underlying the mechanism of action, PK, PD, drug interactions of drugs used in diagnosis, prevention and treatment of diseases
MK 2	Apply and integrate	Acquire knowledge	Apply and integrate	Analyze, correlate	Demonstrates the	Able to make a
	pathophysiology of	pathophysiology of	various groups of	drugs of choice used	the peer groups and	educate the

	diseases and its	diseases and the	drugs based on the	in the treatment of a	faculties and ensure	undergraduates and
	modulation by drugs.	drugs used in	pathophysiology of	clinical condition	right learning of the	paramedics on
		treatment of various	diseases and its	based on their	knowledge of	Pathophysiology of
		diseases.	modulation by drugs.	pathophysiology.	pathophysiology of	diseases and its
					diseases and its	modulation by drugs.
					modulation by drugs.	
MK 3	Acquire knowledge	Acquire knowledge	Understand the basic	Analyze and apply	Demonstrates the	Able to make a
	on various fields of	on various fields of	principles behind the	the knowledge of	knowledge gained to	lesson plan and
	Pharmacology	Pharmacology	functioning of	various fields of	the peer groups and	educate the
			various fields of	pharmacology in the	faculties and ensure	undergraduates and
			Pharmacology	treatment of a given	right learning of the	paramedics on
				condition.	principles of various	principles of various
					fields of	fields of
					Pharmacology and	Pharmacology and
					their clinical	their clinical
					application	application
MK 4	Acquire knowledge	Acquire knowledge	Understand the basic	Analyze and apply	Demonstrates the	Able to make a
	about principles of	on various basic and	principles behind the	the knowledge of	knowledge gained to	lesson plan and
	basic and advanced	advanced	functioning of basic	basic and advanced	the peer groups and	educate the
	Instruments used in	Instruments used in	and advanced	Instruments used in	faculties and ensure	undergraduates and
	Pharmacology.	Pharmacology.	Instruments used in	Pharmacology for	right learning of the	paramedics on
			Pharmacology.	the treatment of a	principles of basic	principles of basic
				given condition.	and advanced	and advanced
				2	Instruments used in	Instruments used in
					Pharmacology and	Pharmacology, and
					their clinical	their clinical
					application	application
MK 5	Acquire knowledge	Acquire knowledge	Understand the basic	Analyze and apply	Demonstrates the	Able to make a
	on detoxification and	on various drugs	mechanisms of the	the knowledge of	knowledge gained to	lesson plan and
	rehabilitation	used in the treatment	various drugs used in	various drugs used in	the peer groups and	educate the
		of common poison	the treatment of	the treatment of	faculties and ensure	undergraduates and
		consumption and	common poison	common poison for	right learning of the	paramedics on
		rehabilitation of	consumption and	the treatment of a	various drugs used in	various drugs used in
		patient.	rehabilitation of	given condition.	the treatment of	the treatment of
		1	patient		common poison	common poison

	consumption and rehabilitation of patient	consumption and rehabilitation of patient
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COMPETENCY - 2:

PATIENT CARE - Provide patient-centered care that is compassionate, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health.

	MILESTONE	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	level 4	Level 5
S.No	SUB COMPETENCY	Acquire knowledge and Understand concept	Apply the Concepts with direct Supervision	Apply the Concepts with in-direct Supervision	Perform Independently	Assist others in Learning
PC 1	Acquire knowledge on essential medicines and generic drugs	Acquire knowledge on essential medicines and generic drugs	Apply the essential medicine concept on the choice of treatment of a given medical condition with direct supervision by faculty	Apply the essential medicine concept on the choice of treatment of a given medical condition in routine activities with indirect supervision by faculty	Apply the essential medicine concept to choose the right choice of treatment of a given medical condition independently	Able to make a lesson plan and educate the undergraduates and paramedics on essential medicine concept and its utility in clinical scenario.
PC 2	Acquire knowledge on rational use of drugs and prescription writing and prescription auditing	Acquire knowledge on the rational use of drugs and its clinical importance	Apply the knowledge of rational use of drugs in writing and auditing a prescription for a given medical condition under direct supervision by faculty	Apply the knowledge of rational use of drugs in writing and auditing a prescription for a given medical condition under indirect supervision by faculty	Write and audit a prescription for a given medical condition independently	Able to educate and train the undergraduates and paramedics on effective prescription writing and auditing

PC 3	Acquire knowledge on pharmaco vigilance and able to predict efficacy and adverse effects associated with use of drugs	Acquire knowledge on pharmacovigila nce and causality assessment to report an adverse drug reaction	Apply the knowledge, perform casualty assessment and report an adverse drug reaction with direct supervision by faculty	Apply the knowledge, perform casualty assessment and report an adverse drug reaction with indirect supervision by faculty	Perform Casualty assessment, report Independently	Able to make a lesson plan and educate the undergraduates and paramedics on Pharmacovigilance and Casualty Assessment
PC 4	Acquire knowledge about antimicrobial stewardship programs and strategies for containment of antibiotic resistance	Acquire knowledge on drugs used for the treatment of infections and the antimicrobial stewardship program	Apply the knowledge on choose the right drugs used for the treatment of infections and participate in the hospital antimicrobial stewardship program under direct supervision by faculty	Apply the knowledge on choose the right drugs used for the treatment of infections and participate in the hospital antimicrobial stewardship program under indirect supervision by faculty	Choose the right choice of drug for the treatment of infections and participate independently to combat antimicrobial resistance	Able to make a lesson plan and educate the undergraduates and paramedics on right choice of drug for treatment of various infections

COMPETENCY - 3: INTERPERSONAL COMMUNICATION SKILLS - Demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals

	MILESTONE	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	level 4	Level 5
S. No	SUB COMPETENCY	Acquire knowledge and understand the	Demonstrate/ Communicate with	Demonstrate/ Communicate with	Perform/ communicate	Assist/train others in
		concepts	direct Supervision	in-direct Supervision	Independently	Learning
ICS 1	Demonstrate the	Acquire knowledge	Understand the basic	Analyze and apply	Demonstrates the	Able to make a
	Instrument used	on Instruments used	principles behind the	the knowledge of	knowledge gained to	lesson plan and
	routinely in	routinely in	functioning of	instruments used	the peer groups and	educate the
	Pharmacology	Pharmacology.	Instruments used	routinely in	faculties and ensure	undergraduates and

			routinely in	Pharmacology for the	right learning of the	paramedics on
			Pharmacology.	treatment of a given	principles of	principles of
				condition.	Instruments used	Instruments used
					routinely in	routinely in
					Pharmacology and	Pharmacology. and
					their clinical	their clinical
					application	application
ICS 2	Communicate	Understand the legal	Communicate legal	Communicate legal	Communicate legal	Train others to
	legal and ethical	and ethical issues	and ethical issues	and ethical issues	and ethical issues	Communicate legal
	issues involved in	involved in drug	involved in drug	involved in drug	involved in drug	and ethical issues
	drug development	development and	development and	development and	development and	involved in drug
	and research to	research to patients	research to patients	research to patients	research to patients	development and
	natients and neer	and peer groups	and peer groups with	and peer groups with	and peer groups	research to patients
	groups		direct supervision by	indirect supervision	independently.	and peer groups
	groups		faculty.	by faculty.		
ICS 3	Effectively explain to	Understands the	Effectively explains	Effectively explains	Effectively explains	Train others to
	patients, the effects	importance and	to patients, the	to patients, the	to patients, the	Effectively explain to
	and side effects of	learns to explain	effects and side	effects and side	effects and side	patients, the effects
	drugs, including the	patients, the effects	effects of drugs,	effects of drugs,	effects of drugs,	and side effects of
	need for medication	and side effects of	including the need	including the need	including the need	drugs, including the
	adherence	drugs, including the	for medication	for medication	for medication	need for medication
		need for medication	adherence with direct	adherence with	adherence	adherence
		adherence	supervision by	indirect supervision	independently.	
			faculty.	by faculty.		
ICS 4	Communicate	Learns to	Communicates	Communicate	Communicate	Train others to
	effectively with	Communicate	effectively with	effectively with	effectively with	Communicate
	health care team on	effectively with	health care team on	health care team on	health care team on	effectively with
	rational use of drugs	health care team on	rational use of drugs	rational use of drugs	rational use of drugs	health care team on
	and ADR reporting	rational use of drugs	and ADR reporting	and ADR reporting	and ADR reporting	rational use of drugs
		and ADR reporting	with direct	with indirect	independently.	and ADR reporting
			supervision by	supervision by		
			faculty.	faculty.		
ICS 5	Demonstrate ability	Acquire knowledge	Demonstrate ability	Demonstrate ability	Demonstrate ability	Train others to
	to generate	about the use of	to generate	to generate	to generate	generate awareness

awareness about the	generic drugs in	awareness about the	awareness about the	awareness about the	about the use of
use of generic drugs	patients.	use of generic drugs	use of generic drugs	use of generic drugs	generic drugs in
in patients.		in patients with	in patients with	in patients	patients.
		direct supervision by	indirect supervision	independently.	
		faculty.	by faculty.		

COMPETENCY - 4:

SYSTEM BASED PRACTICE - Demonstrate the ability to follow the standard operating procedures relevant to practices of the organisations for patient care .

	MILESTONE	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	level 4	Level 5
S.No	SUB COMPETENCY	Acquire knowledge and understand the concepts	Demonstrate/ Develop skills with direct Supervision	Demonstrate/ Develop skills with in- direct Supervision	Perform/ Prepare Independently	Assist/train others in Learning
SBP1	Acquire knowledge and understanding of principles of Good clinical practice (GCP) and Good laboratory practice (GLP) guidelines and prepare protocol for clinical trial	Acquire knowledge and understanding of principles of Good clinical practice (GCP) and Good laboratory practice (GLP) guidelines and prepare protocol for clinical trial	Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of principles of Good clinical practice (GCP) and Good laboratory practice (GLP) guidelines and prepare protocol for clinical trial under direct supervision by faculty	Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of principles of Good clinical practice (GCP) and Good laboratory practice (GLP) guidelines and prepare protocol for clinical trial under indirect supervision by faculty	Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of principles of Good clinical practice (GCP) and Good laboratory practice (GLP) guidelines and prepare protocol for clinical trial without supervision by faculty	Trains others in acquiring knowledge and understanding of principles of Good clinical practice (GCP) and Good laboratory practice (GLP) guidelines and prepare protocol for clinical trial
SBP2	Acquire knowledge	Acquire knowledge	Demonstrate the	Demonstrate the	Demonstrate the	Trains others on the
	and Demonstrate the basics of research	on the basics of research	basics of research methodology and	basics of research methodology and	basics of research methodology and	basics of research methodology and
	methodology and	methodology and	biostatistics in	biostatistics in	biostatistics in	biostatistics in
	biostatistics in	biostatistics in	clinical and	clinical and	clinical and	clinical and
	clinical and	clinical and	experimental	experimental	experimental	experimental

	experimental research	experimental research	research under direct supervision by faculty	research under indirect supervision by faculty	research without supervision by faculty	research
SBP3	Prepare Informed consent form and participant information sheet for research involving human participants	Acquires knowledge to prepare an informed consent form and participant information sheet for research involving human participants	Prepare Informed consent form and participant information sheet for research involving human participants under direct supervision by faculty	Prepare Informed consent form and participant information sheet for research involving human participants under indirect supervision by faculty	Prepare Informed consent form and participant information sheet for research involving human participants without supervision by faculty	Train others to prepare Informed consent form and participant information sheet for research involving human participants
SBP4	Acquire knowledge on research and ethical guidelines and perform in vivo and in vitro animal research and toxicity studies	Acquire knowledge on the basics of research methodology and ethical guidelines to perform in vivo and in vitro animal research and toxicity studies	Demonstrate the basics of research methodology and ethical guidelines to perform in vivo and in vitro animal research and toxicity studies under direct supervision by faculty	Demonstrate the basics of research methodology and ethical guidelines to perform in vivo and in vitro animal research and toxicity studies under indirect supervision by faculty	Demonstrate the basics of research methodology and ethical guidelines to perform in vivo and in vitro animal research and toxicity studies without supervision by faculty	Trains others on the basics of research methodology and ethical guidelines to perform in vivo and in vitro animal research and toxicity studies

COMPETENCY - 5: PROBLEM BASED LEARNING Demonstrate the commitment to learn by practice and improve upon their ability.

	MILESTONE	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	level 4	Level 5
S. No	SUB COMPETENCY	Acquire knowledge and understand the concepts	Demonstrate/ Evaluate with direct Supervision	Demonstrate/ Evaluate with indirect Supervision	Perform/ Evaluate Independently	Assist/train others in Demonstration and evaluation
PBLI 1	Acquire knowledge and apply the principle of research methodology and biostatistics in the evaluation and interpretation of human and animal pharmacological studies	Acquire knowledge and apply the principle of research methodology and biostatistics in the evaluation and interpretation of human and animal pharmacological studies	Demonstrate the knowledge or evaluate the principle of research methodology and biostatistics in the evaluation and interpretation of human and animal pharmacological studies with direct supervision by faculty	Demonstrate the knowledge or evaluate the principle of research methodology and biostatistics in the evaluation and interpretation of human and animal pharmacological studies with indirect supervision by faculty	Evaluate the principle of research methodology and biostatistics in the evaluation and interpretation of human and animal pharmacological studies independently	Assist others in evaluating and interpretation of the principle of research methodology and biostatistics in human and animal pharmacological studies
PBLI 2	Describe how to evaluate, analyse and monitor preclinical and clinical data in drug discovery and treatment	Acquire knowledge to evaluate, analyse and monitor preclinical and clinical data in drug discovery and treatment	Evaluate, analyse and monitor preclinical and clinical data in drug discovery and treatment with direct supervision by faculty	Evaluate, analyse and monitor preclinical and clinical data in drug discovery and treatment with indirect supervision by faculty	Evaluate, analyse and monitor preclinical and clinical data in drug discovery and treatment independently	Assist others to evaluate, analyse and monitor preclinical and clinical data in drug discovery and treatment
PBLI 3	Describe and demonstrate the principles of teaching - learning methodology used in	Acquire knowledge to Describe the principles of teaching - learning methodology used in	Demonstrate the principles of teaching - learning methodology used in learning	Describe and demonstrate the principles of teaching - learning methodology used in	Describe and demonstrate the principles of teaching - learning methodology used in	Assist others to demonstrate the principles of teaching - learning methodology used in

	learning Pharmacology	learning Pharmacology	Pharmacology with direct supervision by faculty	learning Pharmacology with indirect supervision	learning Pharmacology independently	learning Pharmacology
PBLI 4	Demonstrate knowledge about computer assisted learning (CAL) softwares and ability to use them efficiently to promote learning of pharmacology.	Acquire knowledge about computer assisted learning (CAL) softwares and ability to use them efficiently to promote learning of pharmacology.	Demonstrate knowledge about computer assisted learning (CAL) softwares and ability to use them efficiently to promote learning of pharmacology with direct supervision by faculty	Demonstrate knowledge about computer assisted learning (CAL) softwares and ability to use them efficiently to promote learning of pharmacology indirect supervision by faculty	Demonstrate knowledge about computer assisted learning (CAL) softwares and ability to use them efficiently to promote learning of pharmacology independently	Train others to demonstrate knowledge about computer assisted learning (CAL) softwares and ability to use them efficiently to promote learning of pharmacology.
PBLI 5	Evaluate promotional drug literature	Acquire knowledge to Evaluate promotional drug literature	Evaluate promotional drug literature with direct supervision by faculty	Evaluate promotional drug literature with indirect supervision by faculty	Evaluate promotional drug literature independently	Assist others to Evaluate promotional drug literature
PBLI 6	Prepare "Drug Information Sheet" (WHO criteria)	Acquire knowledge to Prepare "Drug Information Sheet" (WHO criteria)	Acquire knowledge to Prepare "Drug Information Sheet" (WHO criteria) with direct supervision by faculty	Acquire knowledge to Prepare "Drug Information Sheet" (WHO criteria) with indirect supervision by faculty	Acquire knowledge to Prepare "Drug Information Sheet" (WHO criteria) independently	Assist others to Prepare "Drug Information Sheet" (WHO criteria)
PBLI 7	Interpret bioavailability parameters with the help of given pharmacokinetics data	Acquire knowledge to Interpret bioavailability parameters with the help of given pharmacokineti cs data	Interpret bioavailability parameters with the help of given pharmacokinetics data with direct supervision by faculty	Interpret bioavailability parameters with the help of given pharmacokinetics data with indirect supervision by faculty	Interpret bioavailability parameters with the help of given pharmacokineti cs data independently	Assist others to Interpret bioavailability parameters with the help of given pharmacokinetics data

COMPETENCY - 6: PROFESSIONALISM - Demonstrate a commitment to carrying out professional responsibilities and an adherence to ethical principles

	MILESTONE	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	level 4	Level 5
S. No	SUB COMPETENCY	Acquire knowledge and understand the concepts	Demonstrate with direct Supervision	Demonstrate with indirect Supervision	Perform Independently	Assist/train others in Learning
P1	Ability to guide the students to do clinical and experimental research	Acquire knowledge to guide the students to do clinical and experimental research	Demonstrate the ability to guide the students to do clinical and experimental research with direct supervision by faculty	Demonstrate the ability to guide the students to do clinical and experimental research with indirect supervision by faculty	Demonstrate the ability to guide the students to do clinical and experimental research without supervision by faculty	Assumes longterm leadership to guide the students to do clinical and experimental research
P 2	Demonstrate the knowledge about recent advances and trends in research in the field of pharmacology and clinical pharmacology	Demonstrate the knowledge about recent advances and trends in research in the field of pharmacology and clinical pharmacology	Demonstrate the knowledge about recent advances and trends in research in the field of pharmacology and clinical pharmacology	Demonstrate the knowledge about recent advances and trends in research in the field of pharmacology and clinical pharmacology	Demonstrate the knowledge about recent advances and trends in research in the field of pharmacology and clinical pharmacology	Demonstrate the knowledge about recent advances and trends in research in the field of pharmacology and clinical pharmacology
P 3	Demonstrate respect in interactions with peers, and other healthcare professionals.	Demonstrate respect in interactions with peers, and other healthcare professionals.	Demonstrate respect in interactions with peers, and other healthcare professionals and accepts constructive feedback	Demonstrate respect in interactions with peers, and other healthcare professionals and modifies one's behaviour,	Trains undergraduates to demonstrate respect in interactions with peers, and other healthcare professionals.	Assumes leadership in departmental activities.
P 4	Demonstrate ethical behaviour and integrity in one's	Trains undergraduates to demonstrate ethical	Assumes long term leadership to train others on ethical			

	work.	work.	work and accepts	work and modifies	behaviour and	behaviour and
			constructive	one's behaviour	integrity in one's	integrity in one's
			feedback		work.	work.
P 5	Acquire skills for	Acquire skills for	Demonstrates the	Demonstrates the	Performs self-	Performs long term
	self-directed	self-directed	skills for self-	skills for self-	directed learning to	self-directed
	learning to keep up	learning to keep up	directed learning to	directed learning to	keep up with	learning to keep up
	with developments	with developments	keep up with	keep up with	developments in the	with developments
	in the field and to	in the field and to	developments in the	developments in the	field and to	in the field and to
	continuously build	continuously build	field and to	field and to	continuously build	continuously build
	to improve on	to improve on	continuously build to	continuously build	to improve on	to improve on
	skills, expertise and	skills, expertise and	improve on skills,	to improve on	skills, expertise and	skills, expertise and
	perpetual	perpetual	expertise and	skills, expertise and	perpetual	perpetual
	professional	professional	perpetual	perpetual	professional	professional
	development.	development.	professional	professional	development	development.
	_	_	development by	development by	independently	
			seminar presentation	seminar		
			under direct	presentation under		
			supervision by	indirect supervision		
			faculty	by faculty		
P6	Demonstrate	Acquires	Demonstrate	Demonstrate	Performs	Assumes longterm
	presentation skills	presentation skills	presentation skills	presentation skills	presentation at	leadership in
	at academic	at academic	at academic	at academic	academic meetings,	presentation skills
	meetings,	meetings,	meetings,	meetings,	publications and	at academic
	publications and	publications and	publications and	publications and	writing research	meetings,
	writing research	writing research	writing research	writing research	projects for funding	publications and
	projects for funding	projects for funding	projects for funding	projects for funding	agencies	writing research
	agencies.	agencies.	agencies under	agencies under	independently.	projects for funding
			direct supervision	indirect supervision		agencies.
			by faculty.	by faculty.		

6. Syllabus

Course 1 General Pharmacology:

1. General Pharmacology

- Routes of drug administration
- Drug delivery system
- Basic and molecular pharmacology
- Drug receptors and Pharmacodynamics
- Pharmacokinetics (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion)
- Biotransformation
- Factors modifying drug action
- Dose response relationship
- Therapeutic drug monitoring
- Adverse drug reactions
- Use of drugs in special population pregnancy, Perinatal and Paediatrics Pharmacology, Geriatric Pharmacology
- Over the counter drugs
- Dietary supplements and herbal medicines
- Rational use of drugs
- Medication adherence
- Spurious drugs
- Essential medicines concept
- 'P' drug

2. Various fields of Pharmacology

- Pharmacovigilance
- Pharmacogenomics
- Pharmacognosy
- Pharmacoepidemiology
- Chronopharmacology
- Pharmacoeconomics
- Pharmacometrics
- Ethnopharmacology

3. New Drug Development

- Clinical trial Phases
- FDA Guidelines for new drug development
- In silico methods
- High throughput screening
- Computer aided drug designing

Course 2: Clinical & Experimental Pharmacology

1. Experimental Pharmacology:

- Laboratory animals
- Euthanasia
- Animal House Laboratory CPCSEA Guidelines, OECD guidelines, ARRIVE Guidelines
- Bioassays- Bioassay methods, Animal experiments: Ethical considerations, • ethical approval, applicable regulatory Guidelines (CPCSEA), humane animal research (principles of 3Rs) and alternatives to animal experimentation. General and statistical considerations, Anesthetics used in laboratory animals, Principles of EC50, ED50, pD2 and pA2 values of drugs, Describe methods of bioassay for estimation of : Acetylcholine, skeletal neuromuscular junction blockers, noradrenaline, histamine, 5 hormones, adrenaline, HT. insulin, vasopressin/oxytocin, estrogen, progestins, ACTH, Competitive antagonism pA2 values, Immunoassays: Concept, types of bioassays and their applications, Animal experiments: Ethical consideration, ethical approval, Regulatory Guidelines (CPCSEA) and alternatives to animal experimentation
- Invivo and Invitro animal experiments
- General screening and evaluation of: Analgesics, antipyretics, anticonvulsants, anti- inflammatory drugs, antidepressants, antianxiety and antipsychotics, sedatives, muscle relaxants, antihypertensives, hypocholesterolaemic agents, antiarrhythmics, diuretics, adrenergic blocking drugs, Drugs used in peptic ulcer diseases/Prokinetic agents/ antiemetics, Antitussives, /anti-asthma agents, Local Anaesthetics, Oxytocics, antifertility agents, Antidiabetics, Behavioral pharmacology models and evaluation of drugs affecting learning and memory

2.Biochemical Pharmacology

• Basic principles and applications of simple analytical methods, Principles of quantitative estimation of drugs, endogenous compounds and poisons using Colorimetry,

Spectrophotometry, flame photometry, High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) and enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA).

3.Clinical Pharmacology

- GCP guidelines
- ICMR guidelines for biomedical research
- Drugs and cosmetic act
- New drug & Clinical trials guidelines

4. Research Methodology for biomedical research

- Literature search & review
- Protocol designing
- Research methodology
- Reference Management
- Basic biostatistics in biomedical research

5. Ethics in animal and human research

- ICMR guidelines for biomedical research
- CPCSEA Guidelines for animal research

Course 3: Systemic Pharmacology

- Autonomic Pharmacology
- Drugs acting on Smooth muscles
- Drugs acting on Synaptic and Neuroeffector Junctional sites
- Drugs acting on Central Nervous System (Sedative, Hypnotics, Antiepileptics, General Anesthetics, Local Anesthetics, Skeletal Muscle Relaxants, Antipsychotic, Antidepressants, Drugs used in Parkinson's disease and other neurodegenerative disorders, opioid agonists and antagonists, Drugs of abuse)
- Drugs modifying renal function
- Drugs acting on cardiovascular system and haemostatic mechanisms (Antihypertensives, Antianginal, Antiarrhythmics, Drugs used in heart failure, Drugs used in Dyslipidemias, Fibrinolytics, Anticoagulants, Antiplatelets)
- Reproductive Pharmacology
- Agents effecting calcification and bone turnover
- Autacoids and related pharmacological agents (NSAIDs) and drugs used in Rheumatoid arthritis and Gout
- Gastrointestinal drugs
- Pharmacology of drugs affecting the respiratory system (drugs used in Bronchial Asthma and COPD)
- Antimicrobial, antiparasitics, disinfectants, antiseptics
- Chemotherapy of neoplastic disease
- Antiviral drugs
- Drugs used in Autoimmune disorder and Graft versus Host Disease
- Dermatological pharmacology
- Ocular pharmacology
- Immunomodulators immunosuppressants and immunostimulants
- Pharmacology of drugs used in endocrine disorders (drugs used in diabetes mellitus, hypothalamic and pituitary hormones, thyroid and anti-thyroid drugs, adrenal corticoid hormones and their antagonists, gonadal hormones and their inhibitors)
- Drug delivery systems
- Heavy metal poisoning
- Non-metallic toxicants air pollutants, pesticides etc.

Course 4: Recent advances in Pharmacology

1. Important Contribution by scientists

2. Recent advances in the management of

• Bronchial Asthma, COPD, Rheumatoid arthritis, Migraine, Gout. Angina, Hypertension, Congestive Cardiac Failure, Arhythmias, Anticoagulants, Hyperlipidemia, Diabetes, Bone homeostasis, Glaucoma, Dermatological disorders, Antimicrobials, Chemotherapy of tuberculosis, Malaria, Viral Infections, Epilepsy, Parkinsonism, Schizophrenia, Depression, Peptic Ulcer, Inflammatory bowel disease and other disorders.

3. Newer drugs

7. Teaching and Learning Methods

Postgraduate Training

Learning in a PG program is primarily self-directed and in Pharmacology and consists of laboratory and academic work. The formal sessions are merely meant to supplement this core effort. Acquisition of practical competencies thus becomes the cornerstone of postgraduate medical educationin Pharmacology.

Formal teaching sessions

• In addition to laboratory work, at least 6-hr of formal teaching per week will be followed.Journal club Once a week

Seminar	Once a week
Practical	Once a week
Group Discussions	Once a week
Case	discussions

Once a month Interdepartmental case or seminar Once a month

• Attend accredited scientific meetings (CME, symposia, and conferences).

• A postgraduate student of Pharmacology would be required to present one poster presentation, to read one paper at a national/state conference and to present one research paper which should be published/accepted for publication/sent for publication during the period of his postgraduate studies so as to make him eligible to appear at the postgraduate degree examination.

• Additional sessions on basic sciences, biostatistics, research methodology,teaching methodology, hospital waste management, health economics, medical ethics and legal issues related to experimentation will be ensured by participation in workshops, conference etc.

• The postgraduate students shall be required to participate in the teaching and training programmeof undergraduate students and interns.

- **Log book:**Maintenance of log book: **E-portfolio:-** It is an electronic portfolio to be maintained by the resident to record their activities under the section:
 - EPA,
 - Daily log
 - Patient care
 - Procedure
 - Dissertation
 - Academic activities(Seminar, symposium, case presentation, journal club)
 - Co-curricular activities (Conference, CME, Workshop),
 - Teaching Assignments,
 - Awards and achievements

- Outreach activities.
- o **E-portfolio** shall be checked and assessed periodically by the faculty members. This will enable to monitor progress of the resident, his level of attainment of milestone and impart the training accordingly
- Writing thesis following appropriate research methodology, ethical clearance and good clinical practice guidelines.
- The postgraduate students shall be required to participate in the teaching and training programme of undergraduate students and interns.
- A postgraduate student of a postgraduate degree course in broad specialities/super specialities would be required to present one poster presentation, to read one paper at a national/state conference and to present one research paper which should be published/accepted for publication/sent for publication during the period of his postgraduate studies so as to make him eligible to appear at the postgraduate degree examination.
- Department should encourage e-learning activities.

The postgraduate student in M.D (Pharmacology) shall undergo a 3 - year (6 terms of 6 monthseach) training that will comprise of the following:

I. **Theory:** (lectures, seminars, group discussion, journal club) (at least 6 hours a week, daily 2hours for 3 days)

II. Practical:

Practical training in the following suggested areas: (8 hours a week, daily 4 hours for 2

days)

• Experimental Pharmacology:

In vitro (including bioassays), *in vivo* (including common methods of drug evaluation)experiments, computer simulations and toxicity tests

• Chemical Pharmacology:

Identification of drug/toxin by using chemical, biological and analytical tests.Quantitativeestimation - Use of colorimeter, spectrophotometer and/or other advanced analytical equipments

• Clinical Pharmacology:

I Evaluation of drugs in healthy volunteers as well as patients

II Critical evaluation of drug literature, pharmacoeconomics, pharmacovigilance and pharmacoepidemiology.

III Thesis on a suitable problem

IV Training in undergraduate teaching V Computer training

During the training programme, patient safety is of paramount importance; therefore, skills are to be learnt initially on the models, later to be performed under supervision followed by performing independently; using simulation lab.

Rotations:

	1 st Mon	2 nd Mon	3 rd Mon	4 th Mon	5 th Mon	6 th Mon	7 th Mon	8 th Mon	9 th Mon	10 th Mon	11 th Mon	12 th Mon
1 st year	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ι	AP	AP	AP	AP	Р	Р
2 nd year	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ι	AP	AP	AP	AP	Р	Р
3 rd year	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р

• Details of 3 years posting in the PG programme (6 terms of 6 months each)

P– Pharmacology, I-Industrial Visit, AP-Allied postings

*Allied posts should be done during the course – for 10 weeks

- Medicine 2 weeks in 1^{st} year
- Cardiology 2 weeks in 1^{st} year
- \circ Emergency 2 weeks in 1st year
- Intensive Care 2 weeks in 1^{st} year
- Biochemistry 2 weeks in 2^{nd} year
- Microbiology 2 weeks in 2nd year
- Pathology 2 weeks in 2^{nd} year
- CIDRF 2 weeks in 2^{nd} year

8. Assessment

Formative assessment:

Formative assessment is continual and assess medical knowledge, patient care, procedural & academic skills, interpersonal communication skills, system based practice, self-directed learning and professionalism of the activities mentioned every 3/6monthly. EPAs are listed as bellow(**Table 3**) with description of each EPA (**Table 4**). Progress of the students is recorded after discussion with the student in Entrustable Professional Activity (EPA) assessment form **Annexure-1**. These EPAs are also mapped with PO and CO. (**Table 5**)

List the of Entrustable Professional Activity

Table 3. List the of Entrustable Professional Activity

EPA No.	GENERAL
1	ADR reporting and participating in National Pharmacovigilance Program
2	Rational Use of Drugs – Essential Medicines List & 'P'drug
3	Drug Compliance – Measuring Medication Adherence
4	Analysing Prescribing pattern using WHO criteria
5	Identifying Drug-Drug Interactions
6	Identifying the right choice of drug based on Pharmacoeconomics
7	Evaluating Drug Promotional Literature
8	Evaluating the Teaching – Learning Methodologies in Pharmacology
9	Performing Bioassay of drugs
10	Performing Herbal Extraction Procedures
11	Performing In vivo small animal experiments
	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY
12	Understanding Basics of Research Methodology & Performing a Clinical or Experimental research
13	Obtaining Informed Consent for participation in the clinical trial
14	Applying basic concepts of Biostatistics in Performing Clinical or Experimental research
15	Design a Protocol for a Clinical or Experimental study
16	Criticise a Journal Article
17	Writing a manuscript for publication

Description of Entrustable Professional Activity with relevant domains of competence, domain critical behavior

Table 4. EPAs, Competency levels and entrustability

EPA 1: ADR reporting and partici	pating in National Pharmacovigilance Program
	At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able
1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 perform casualty assessment report an ADR participate and own long term leadership in national Pharmacovigilance program
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	MK, PC, ICS
3. Competencies within each	MK: 1.3
domain critical to entrustment	PC: 2.3
decisions:	ICS: 3.4
4.Methods of assessment	1. Formative theory exam
	2. Workplace assessment by Faculty
	3. Multisource feedback- Nurses, Faculty, Peers

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
MK 1.3	Lack of adequate knowledge on Pharmacovigilance program and ADR reporting. Fail to analyze and apply the knowledge of pharmacology in identifying ADR. Fails to explain the basic methodology for casualty assessment and report ADR reporting. Fails to Train the undergraduates and junior residents on Casualty Assessment, ADR reporting and participation in the Pharmacovigilance program	Demonstrates adequate knowledge on Pharmacovigilance program and ADR reporting. Analyze and apply the knowledge of pharmacology in identifying ADR. Explains the basic methodology in identifying and reporting an ADR. Trains the undergraduates and junior residents on Casualty Assessment, ADR reporting and participation in the Pharmacovigilance program
PC 1.3	Fail to analyze and apply the knowledge of pharmacology in identifying ADR.	Analyze and apply the knowledge of pharmacology in identifying ADR. Follows methodology forcasualty assessment and report ADR reporting.

	Fails to follow methodology for casualty assessment and report ADR reporting. Fails to perform causualty assessment perfectly and report	Performs casualty assessment perfectly and reports ADR following the regulatory guidelines Follows the guidelines to monitor the safety of the patient due to the
	ADR following the regulatory guidelines Fails to follow the guidelines to monitor the safety of the patient due to the side effect of the drug.	side effect of the drug.
ICS 3.4	Fails to communicate to the patient about the side effect of the drug Fails to communicate to the health care team about the ADR. Fails to actively participate in the Pharmacovigilance program.	Effectively communicates to the patient about the side effect of the drug Effectively communicates to the health care team about the ADR. Actively participates and assumes long term leadership in the smooth functioning of the Pharmacovigilance Program

EPA 2: Rational Use of Drugs – E	EPA 2: Rational Use of Drugs – Essential Medicines List & 'P'drug			
1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able to List the essential medicines needed for a pharmacy List the group of drugs available to treat the given condition Choose the right choice of drug based on efficacy safety and cost 			
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	MK, PC, ICS			
3. Competencies within each	MK: 1.2			
domain critical to entrustment	PC: 2.1, 2.2			
decisions:	ICS: 3.4,3.5			
4.Methods of assessment	 Formative & Summative theory exam Therapeutic Problems Multisource feedback – faculty, students 			

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
MK 1.2	Lack of adequate knowledge on the classification, mechanism of action, adverse effects, dosage, drug interactions and uses of various groups of drugs available to treat a given medical condition. Fails to understand &explain the concept of essential medicines list and 'P' drug and its clinical importance.	Demonstrates adequate knowledge on the classification, mechanism of action, adverse effects, dosage, drug interactions and uses of various groups of drugs available to treat a given medical condition. Understands & Explains the concept of essential medicines list and 'P' drug and its clinical importance.
PC 2.1,2.2	Fail to analyse and apply the knowledge in choosing the right drug for a given medical condition based on specific criteria. Fails to follow the guidelines to prescribe drugs rationally from the essential medicines list	 Analyses and apply the knowledge in choosing the right drug for a given medical condition based on specific criteria. Follows the guidelines to prescribe drugs rationally from the essential medicines list
ICS 3.4,3.5	Fails to Train the undergraduates and junior residents on rational use of drugs - essential medicines list and 'P' drug concept. Fails to actively follow the regulations guiding rational use of drugs	Trains the undergraduates and junior residents on rational use of drugs - essential medicines list and 'P' drug concept. Actively follows the regulations guiding rational use of drugs

EPA 3: Drug Compliance – Measuring Medication Adherence	
1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able to Understand the clinical importance of drug compliance Measuring medication adherence Communicate effectively the importance of medication adherence to the patient
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	ICS
3. Competencies within each domain critical to entrustment decisions:	ICS: 3.3
4.Methods of assessment	1. Workplace Assessment by Faculty

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
MK 1.2	Fails to understand the clinical	Understands the clinical importance
	importance of drug compliance.	of drug compliance
	Fails to communicate effectively	Communicates effectively the
	the importance of medication	importance of medication adherence
	adherence to the patient	to the patient
	Fails to measure medication	Measures medication adherence
	adherence according to Morisky	according to Morisky Scale
	Scale	
P 6.1	Fails to Train the undergraduates to	Trains the undergraduates to
	measure medication adherence	measure medication adherence

EPA 4: Analysing Prescribing pattern using WHO criteria	
	At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able
1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 to List the available prescribing indicators Analyse the prescribing pattern and rationality of prescriptions for a given medical condition based on WHO prescribing indicators
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	PC, ICS
3. Competencies within each	PC: 2.2
domain critical to entrustment	ICS: 3.4,3.5
decisions:	
4.Methods of assessment	1. Problem Solving Exercises
	2. Formative practical exam

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
PC: 2.2	Lack of adequate knowledge on the available prescribing indicators Fail to analyse the prescribing pattern and rationality of prescriptions for a given medical condition based on WHO prescribing indicators	Demonstrates adequate knowledge on available prescribing indicators Analyses the prescribing pattern and rationality of prescriptions for a given medical condition based on WHO prescribing indicators
ICS 3.4,3.5	Fails to Train the peer groups to analyse the prescribing pattern and rationality of prescriptions for a given medical condition based on WHO prescribing indicators	Trains the peer groups to analyse the prescribing pattern and rationality of prescriptions for a given medical condition based on WHO prescribing indicators

EPA 5: Identifying Drug-Drug Interactions		
1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale	At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able	
and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 Gain adequate knowledge on the drug- drug interactions Identify the drug-drug interactions for a given medical conditions and list the ways to combat it 	
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	MK, PC	
3. Competencies within each	MK: 1.1	
domain critical to entrustment	PC: 2.2	
decisions:		
4.Methods of assessment	1. Formative & Summative practical exam – Problem	
	Solving Exercises	

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
MK 1.2	Lack of adequate knowledge on the classification, mechanism of action, adverse effects, dosage, drug interactions and uses of various groups of drugs available to treat a given medical condition. Fails to understand &explain the drug interactions and its clinical importance.	Demonstrates adequate knowledge on the classification, mechanism of action, adverse effects, dosage, drug interactions and uses of various groups of drugs available to treat a given medical condition. Understands & Explains the drug interactions and its clinical importance.
PC 2.1,2.2	Fail to analyse and apply the knowledge in identifying the drug- drug interaction for a given medical condition	Analyses and apply the knowledge in identifying the drug-drug interaction for a given medical condition

EPA 6: Identifying the right choice of drug based on Pharmacoeconomics

1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able to Perform Pharmacoeconomic analysis and choose the right choice of drug for a patient with given medical condition
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	MK, PC,ICS
3. Competencies within each	MK: 1.3
domain critical to entrustment	PC: 2.2
decisions:	ICS: 3.4
4.Methods of assessment	1. Formative practical exam – Problem Solving
	Exercise

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
MK 1.3	Lack of adequate knowledge on field of Pharmacoeconomics, various methods to analyse the cost and effectiveness of a drug Fails to understand &explain the methods of Pharmacoeconomic analysis	 Demonstrates adequate knowledge on field of Pharmacoeconomics, various methods to analyse the cost and effectiveness of a drug Understands & Explains the methods of Pharmacoeconomic analysis.
PC 2.2	Fail to analyse and apply the knowledge of Pharmacoeconomics in choosing the right drug for a given medical condition by various methods	Analyses and the knowledge of Pharmacoeconomics in choosing the right drug for a given medical condition by various methods
ICS 3.4	Fails to Train the undergraduates toAnalyseandapplyPharmacoeconomics in choosing the right drug for a given medical condition by various methods	TrainstheundergraduatestoanalyseandapplyPharmacoeconomics in choosing therightdrugforagivenmedicalconditionby variousmethods

EPA 7: Evaluating Drug Promotional Literature			
1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able to List the essential medicines needed for a pharmacy List the group of drugs available to treat the given condition Choose the right choice of drug based on efficacy, safety and cost 		
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	MK, PBL		
3. Competencies within each domain critical to entrustment decisions:	MK: 1.1 PBL: 5.5		
4.Methods of assessment	1. Formative Practical exam – Problem Solving Exercise		
Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable	
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MK 1.2	Lack of adequate knowledge on the classification, mechanism of action, adverse effects, dosage, drug interactions and uses of various groups of drugs available to treat a given medical condition. Fails to understand the need to evaluate drug promotional literature and its importance.	Demonstrates adequate knowledge on the classification, mechanism of action, adverse effects, dosage, drug interactions and uses of various groups of drugs available to treat a given medical condition. Understands the need to evaluate drug promotional literature and its importance.	
PBL 5.5	Fails to follow the methodology to evaluate a given drug promotional literature Fails to Train the undergraduates to evaluate a given drug promotional literature	Follows the methodology to evaluate a given drug promotional literature Trains the undergraduates to evaluate a given drug promotional literature	

EPA 8: Evaluating the Teaching–Learning Methodologies in Pharmacology		
1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able to List the merits and demerits of various teaching learning methods in Pharmacology Analyse the merits and demerits of various teaching learning methods and choose the right method for a given topic Gain adequate knowledge about computer assisted learning (CAL) softwares and able to use them efficiently to promote learning of pharmacology 	
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	PBL, P	
3. Competencies within each domain critical to entrustment decisions:	PBL: 3.3, 3.4 P: 6.5	
4.Methods of assessment	 Formative & Summative Practical exam Workplace assessment by Faculty Multisource feedback – Faculty, students 	

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
PBL: 3.3, 3.4	Lack of adequate knowledge on the	Demonstrates adequate knowledge
	various teaching learning methods	on the various teaching learning
	in Pharmacology and their merits	methods in Pharmacology and their
	and demerits.	merits and demerits.
	Fails to analyse& identify the right	Analyses& identifies the right
	teaching learning method for a given	teaching learning method for a given
	topic	topic Demonstrates adequate
	Lack of adequate knowledge about	knowledge about computer assisted
	computer assisted learning (CAL)	learning (CAL) softwares
	softwares	Ableto use them CAL efficiently to
	Unable to use CAL efficiently to	promote learning of pharmacology
	promote learning of pharmacology	
P 6.5	Fails to actively follow the right	Actively follows the right teaching
	teaching learning method for a given	learning method for a given topic and
	topic and situation	situation

EPA 9: Performing Bioassay of drugs			
	At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able		
1. Description of the activity:	to		
This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions	• List the things required for performing bioassay of drugs		
required for the EPA.	 Set up an equipment and validate for performing 		
	a bioassay		
	• Handle animals, euthanize them, isolate and		
	mount the tissue		
	Perform a bioassay		
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	MK, SBP,P		
3. Competencies within each	n MK: 1.4		
domain critical to entrustment	BBP: 4.2, 4.4		
decisions:	P: 5.1		
4.Methods of assessment	1. Formative & Summative practical exam		
	2. Workplace assessment by faculty		
	3. Multisource feedback – faculty, technician, peer		
	group		

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
MK 1.4	Lack of knowledge on the	Demonstrates knowledge on the
	commonly used instruments used in	commonly used instruments used in
	bioassay Lack of knowledge on the	bioassay
	bioassay methods	Demonstrates knowledge on the
	Fails to understand the functions of	bioassay methods
	each instrument used in bioassay	Understands the functions of each
		instrument used in bioassay

SBP 4.2	Fails to follow the guidelines for	Fails to follow the guidelines for
	preparation for setting up the	preparation for setting up the
	equipment	equipment
	Unable to handleanimals and	Able tohandleanimals and euthanize
	euthanize according to the	according to the guidelines
	guidelines Fails to isolate and	Fails to isolate and mount the tissue
	mount the tissue Unable toset up	Able toset upand validate the
	and validate the equipment for	equipment for bioassay
	bioassay	Fails to perform a bioassay
	Fails to perform a bioassay	according to specific methodology
	according to specific methodology	
P 6.1	Fails to assist fellow peers in	Assist fellow peers in performing a
	performing a bioassay	bioassay
		-

EPA 10: Performing Herbal Extraction Procedures			
1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able to List the things required for performing herbal extraction procedures Set up the equipment and validate for performing extraction procedures Perform extraction procedures 		
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	PBL,P		
3. Competencies within each domain critical to entrustment decisions:	PBL: 4.1, 4.2 P: 5.1		
4.Methods of assessment	 Formative & Summative practical exam Workplace assessment by faculty Multisource feedback – faculty, technician, peer group 		

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
PBL: 4.1, 4.2	Lack of knowledge on the	Demonstrates knowledge on the
	commonly used instruments in	commonly used instruments in herbal
	herbal extraction procedures	extraction procedures
	Lack of knowledge on the herbal	Demonstrates knowledge in herbal
	extraction methods	extraction procedures
	Fails to follow the guidelines for	Follows the guidelines for
	preparation & setting up the	preparation for setting up the
	equipment	equipment
	Fails to perform herbal extraction	Performs herbal extraction
	procedures according to specific	procedures according to specific
	methodology	methodology
P 6.1	Fails to assist fellow peers in	Assist fellow peers in performing
	performing herbal extraction	herbal extraction procedures
	procedures	

EPA 11: Performing in-vivo animal experiments		
1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able to List the things required for performing in-vivo animal experiments Set up an equipment and validate for performing in-vivo animal experiments Handling animals 	
	 Perform in-vivo animal experiments 	
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	MK, SBP,P	
3. Competencies within each	MK: 1.4	
domain critical to entrustment	SBP: 4.2, 4.4	
decisions:	P: 6.1	
4.Methods of assessment	 Formative & Summative practical exam Workplace assessment by faculty Multisource feedback feedback feedback 	
	group	

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
MK 1.4	Lack of knowledge on the commonly used instruments for in-	Demonstrates knowledge on the commonly used instruments for in-
	vivo animal experiments Lack of knowledge on the methodology for performing in-vivo animal experiments Fails to understand the functions of each instrument used in in-vivo animal experiments	vivo animal experiments Demonstrates knowledge on the methodology for performing in-vivo animal experiments Understands the functions of each instrument used in in-vivo animal experiments
SBP 4.2	Fails to follow the methodology for performing in-vivo animal experiments Unable tohandleanimals according to the guidelines Unable toset upand validate the equipment for in-vivo animal experiments Fails to perform in-vivo animal experiments according to specific methodology	Follows the methodology for performing in-vivo animal experiments Able tohandleanimals according to the guidelines Able toset upand validate the equipment for in-vivo animal experiments Performs an in-vivo animal experiments according to specific methodology
P 6.1	Fails to assist fellow peers in performing an in-vivo animal experiments	Assists fellow peers in performing an in-vivo animal experiments

EPA 12: Understanding Basics of Research Methodology & Performing a Clinical or Experimental research

of 3 year program, Residents should be able	
uire knowledge on basics of research hodology for performing clinical and erimental research uire knowledge of guidelines for performing tical and experimental research alyses and applies the knowledge in forming clinical and experimental research sist others in performing clinical and perimental research	
SBP, PBL, P	
SDD: 4.1.4.2.4.4	
1 SDP: 4.1, 4.2, 4.4	
PBL: 5.1	
P: 6.1, 6.6	
1. Formative & Summative practical exam	
2. Workplace assessment by faculty	

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
SBP: 4.1,	Lack of knowledge of guidelines for	Demonstrates knowledge of
4.2, 4.4	performing clinical and	guidelines for performing clinical
	experimental research	and experimental research
	Lack of knowledge on the basics of	Demonstrates knowledge on the
	research methodology for	basics of research methodology for
	performing clinical and	performing clinical and experimental
	experimental research Fails to	research
	Analyses and apply the knowledge	Understands the knowledge in
	in performing clinical and	performing clinical and experimental
	experimental research	research
PBL 5.1	Fails to follow the specific	Follows the methodology for
	guidelines for performing clinical	performing in-vivo animal
	and experimental research	experiments Able to handle animals
	Fails to Analyses and apply the	according to the guidelines
	knowledge on the basics of research	Performs clinical and experimental
	methodology for performing clinical	research according to specific
	and experimental research	methodology
	Fails to perform clinical and	
	experimental research	
	according to specific methodology	
P 6.1	Fails to assist fellow peers in	Assists fellow peers in applying
	applying basics of research	basics of research methodology for
	methodology for performing clinical	performing clinical and experimental
	and experimental research	research

EPA 13: Obtaining Informed Con	onsent for participation in the clinical trial	
	At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able	
1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 to Acquire knowledge on ethical guidelines for performing clinical research Analyze and apply the ethical guidelines for the individual study participant while performing clinical research Obtain informed consent from patient for participation in clinical trial Assist others in Obtaining informed consent from patient for participation in clinical trial following the guidelines Assist others in implementing the ethical 	
	guidelines while performing clinical research	
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	ICS, SBP, P	
3. Competencies within each	ICS: 3.2	
domain critical to entrustment	SBP: 4.4, 4.5	
decisions:	P: 6.4	
4.Methods of assessment	 Formative & Summative practical exam Workplace assessment by faculty Multisource feedback – faculty, peers 	

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
ICS 3.2	Fail to demonstrate compassion,	Demonstrates compassion, integrity
	Fail to communicate effectively	Communicates effectively about the
	about the risk involved in	risk involved in participation of the
	participation of the study	study
	Fail to communicate effectively to	Communicates effectively to the
	the patient about the study	patient about the study procedure
	procedure	Answers effectively the questions
	Fail to answer effectively the	raised by the patient and ensure them
	questions raised by the patient and	the voluntariness for participation
	ensure them the voluntariness for	and withdrawal from the study.
	participation and withdrawal from	
	the study.	

SBP: 4.4, 4.5	Lack of knowledge on the ethical	Demonstrates knowledge on the
	guidelines for performing clinical	ethical guidelines for performing
	research	clinical research
	Lack of knowledge on the ethical	
	guidelines for obtaining informed	Demonstrates knowledge on the
	consent	ethical guidelines for obtaining
	Fails to Analyse and apply the	informed consent
	knowledge for the individual study	Analyses and applies the knowledge
	participant while performing clinical	for the individual study participant
	research	while performing clinical research
	Fails to follow the specific	Follows the specific guidelines to
	guidelines to obtain informed	obtain informed consent from patient
	consent from patient for	for participation in clinical trial
	participation in clinical trial	
P 6.4	Fail to accept constructive feedback	Accepts constructive feedback to
	to improve his or her ability to	improve his or her ability to
	demonstrate compassion, integrity,	demonstrate compassion, integrity,
	and respect for others.	and respect for others

EPA 14: Applying basic concepts of Biostatistics in Performing Clinical or Experimental	
research	
1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able to Acquire knowledge on basics concepts of biostatistics for performing clinical and experimental research Analyses and applies the basics concepts of biostatistics for performing clinical and experimental research
	 Assist others in applying the basics concepts of biostatistics in performing clinical and experimental research
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	SBP, PBL, P
3. Competencies within each domain critical to entrustment decisions:	SBP: 4.2 PBL: 5.1 P: 6.1
4.Methods of assessment	 Formative & Summative practical exam Workplace assessment by faculty

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
SBP: 4.2	Lack of knowledge on basics	Demonstrates knowledge on
	concepts of biostatistics for	basics concepts of biostatistics for
	performing clinical and experimental	performing clinical and
	research	experimental research
	Fails to Understand the importance	Understands the importance of
	of biostatistics in performing clinical	biostatistics in performing clinical
	and experimental research	and experimental research

PBL 5.1	Fails to Analyses and apply the knowledge of basics concepts of biostatistics in performing clinical and experimental research Fails to perform basic biostatisticsinclinical and experimental research Using computer software	Analyses and apply the knowledge of basics concepts of biostatistics in performing clinical and experimental research Performs basic biostatistics in clinical and experimental research Using computer software
P 6.1	Fails to assist fellow peers in applying basics of biostatistics for performing clinical and experimental research	Assists fellow peers in applying basics of biostatistics for performing clinical and experimental research

EPA 15: Design a Protocol for a Clinical or Experimental study		
1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able to Analyses and apply the knowledge of research methodology, ethics and biostatistics in performing clinical or experimental study Design a protocol for a Clinical or Experimental study Assist others in performing clinical and experimental research 	
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	SBP, PBL, P	
3. Competencies within each domain critical to entrustment decisions:	SBP: 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 PBL: 5.1 P: 6.1	
4.Methods of assessment	 Formative & Summative practical exam Workplace assessment by faculty 	

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
SBP: 4.1,	Lack of knowledge of basics of	Demonstrates knowledge of basics
4.2, 4.4	research methodology, ethical guidelines and basic biostatistics for design a protocol for clinical or experimental study	of research methodology, ethical guidelines and basic biostatistics for design a protocol for clinical or experimental study

PBL 5.1	Fails to follow the specific guidelines to design a protocol for clinical or experimental study Fails to Analyses and apply the knowledge of basics of research methodology, ethical guidelines and basic biostatistics for design a protocol for clinical or experimental study Fails to design a protocol forclinical or experimental study	Follows the specific guidelines to design a protocol for clinical or experimental study Analyses and apply the knowledge of basics of research methodology, ethical guidelines and basic biostatistics for design a protocol for clinical or experimental study Designsa protocol forclinical or experimental study
P 6.1	Fails to assist fellow peers to design a protocol forclinical or experimental study	Assists fellow peers to design a protocol forclinical or experimental study

EPA 16: Criticise a journal article		
1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able to Analyses and apply the knowledge of research methodology, ethics and biostatistics to criticise a journal article according to specific guidelines Assist others to criticise a journal article according to specific guidelines 	
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	SBP, PBL, P	
3. Competencies within each domain critical to entrustment decisions:	SBP: 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 PBL: 5.1 P: 6.1	
4.Methods of assessment	1. Formative & Summative practical exam	

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
SBP: 4.1, 4.2, 4.4	Lack of knowledge of basics of research methodology, ethical guidelines and basic biostatistics to criticise a journal article according to specific guidelines	Demonstrates knowledge of basics of research methodology, ethical guidelines and basic biostatistics to criticise a journal article according to specific guidelines
PBL 5.1	Fails to follow the specific guidelines to criticise a journal article according to specific guidelines Fails to Analyses and apply the knowledge of basics of research methodology, ethical guidelines and basic biostatistics to criticise a journal article according to specific guidelines	Follows the specific guidelines to criticise a journal article according to specific guidelines Analyses and apply the knowledge of basics of research methodology, ethical guidelines and basic biostatistics to criticise a journal article according to specific guidelines

P 6.1	Fails to assist fellow peers	Assists fellow peers to criticise a
	tocriticise a journal article	journal article according to
	according to specific	specific
	guidelines	guidelines

EPA 17: Writing a manuscript for publication									
1. Description of the activity: This included a brief rationale and a list of the functions required for the EPA.	 At the end of 3 year program, Residents should be able to Analyses and apply the knowledge of research methodology, ethics and biostatistics to write a manuscript for publication Assist others to write a manuscript for publication 								
2. Most relevant domains of competence:	SBP, PBL, P								
3. Competencies within each domain critical to entrustment decisions:	SBP: 4.1, 4.2, 4.4 PBL: 5.1 P: 6.1,6.5, 6.6								
4.Methods of assessment	1. Workplace assessment by faculty								

Competency	Pre-Entrustable	Entrustable
SBP: 4.1, 4.2, 4.4	Lack of knowledge of basics of research methodology, ethical guidelines and basic biostatistics towrite a manuscript for publication according to specific guidelines	Demonstrates knowledge of basics of research methodology, ethical guidelines and basic biostatistics to write a manuscript for publication according to specific guidelines
PBL 5.1	Fails to follow the specific guidelinesto write a manuscript for publication according to specific guidelines Fails to Analyses and apply the knowledge of basics of research methodology, ethical guidelines and basic biostatistics to write a manuscript for publication accordingto specific guidelines	Follows the specific guidelines to write a manuscript for publication according to specific guidelines Analyses and apply the knowledge ofbasics of research methodology, ethical guidelines and basic biostatistics to write a manuscript for publication according to specific guidelines
P: 6.1,6.5, 6.6	Fails to assist fellow peers to write amanuscript for publication according to specific guidelines	Assists fellow peers to write a manuscript for publication according to specific guidelines

	EPA	Program outcomes							Domains and levels of competency	
1	ADR reporting and participating in National Pharmacovigilance Program	1	2	3	4		6			MK: 1.3 PC: 2.3 ICS: 3.4
2	Rational Use of Drugs – Essential Medicines List & 'P'drug	1	2		4		6			MK: 1.2 PC: 2.1, 2.2 ICS: 3.4,3.5
3	Drug Compliance – Measuring Medication Adherence	1	2		4		6			ICS: 3.3
4	Analysing Prescribing pattern using WHO criteria	1	2		4		6			PC: 2.2 ICS: 3.4,3.5
5	Identifying Drug-Drug Interactions	1	2		4		6			MK: 1.1 PC: 2.2
6	Identifying the right choice of drug based on Pharmacoeconomics	1	2		4		6			MK: 1.3 PC: 2.2 ICS: 3.4
7	Evaluating Drug Promotional Literature	1	2		4		6			MK: 1.1 PBL: 5.5
8	Analysing the Teaching – Learning Methodologies in Pharmacology	1	2		4			7		PBL: 3.3, 3.4 P: 6.5
9	Performing Bioassay of drugs				4	5		7		MK: 1.4 SBP: 4.2, 4.4 P: 5.1
10	Performing Herbal Extraction Procedures				4	5		7		PBL: 4.1, 4.2 P: 5.1
11	Performing In vivo small animal experiments				4	5		7		MK: 1.4 SBP: 4.2, 4.4 P: 6.1
12	Understanding Basics of Research Methodology & Performing a Clinical or Experimental research				4			7	8	SBP: 4.1, 4.2, 4.4 PBL: 5.1 P: 6.1, 6.6
13	Obtaining Informed Consent for participation in the clinical trial				4			7	8	ICS: 3.2 SBP: 4.4, 4.5 P: 6.4
14	Applying basic concepts of Biostatistics in Performing Clinical or Experimental research				4			7	8	SBP: 4.2 PBL: 5.1 P: 6.1
15	Design a Protocol for a Clinical or Experimental study				4			7	8	SBP: 4.1, 4.2, 4.3,4.4 PBL: 5.1 P: 6.1
16	Criticise a Journal Article				4			7	8	SBP: 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 PBL: 5.1 P: 6.1
17	Writing a manuscript for publication				4			7	8	SBP: 4.1, 4.2, 4.4 PBL: 5.1 P: 6.1,6.5, 6.6

Table 5.Mapping of PO, CO, EPA, Competency and Sub-competency with level

- The Internal Assessment should be conducted in theory and clinical examination every 6 months
- Quarterly assessment during the MD training should be based on following educational activities:
 - 1. Journal based / recent advances learning
 - 2. Patient based /Laboratory or Skill based learning
 - 3. Self directed learning and teaching
 - 4. Departmental and interdepartmental learning activity
 - 5. External and Outreach Activities / CMEs

The student to be assessed periodically as per categories listed in postgraduate student appraisalform (Annexure-2).

Summative assessment:

Eligibility for appearing in the final university exam

- Attendance : 75 % in each year
- One poster presentation in International/National/ State level conference.
- One oral presentation International/National/ State level conference.
- Submission of one scientific paper for publication to an indexed journal

Postgraduate Examination shall be in three parts:

1. Thesis

Every post graduate student shall carry out work on an assigned research project under the guidance of a recognised Post Graduate Teacher, the result of which shall be written up and submitted in the form of a Thesis. Work for writing the Thesis is aimed at contributing to the development of a spirit of enquiry, besides exposing the post graduate student to the techniques of research, critical analysis, acquaintance with the latest advances in medical science and the manner of identifying and consulting available literature. Thesis shall be submitted at least six months before the Theory and Practical examination and will be evaluated by two external members. A post graduate student shall be allowed to appear for the Theory and Practical examination only after the acceptance of the Thesis by the external members.

2. Theory Examination:

There should be four theory papers, as given below:

- **Paper I:** General Pharmacology
- Paper II: Clinical & Experimental Pharmacology
- Paper III: Systemic Pharmacology
- **Paper IV:** Recent Advances in Pharmacology

Each theory paper will be of 100 marks i.e. 4 papers – 100 marks each (Total 400). Each paper will have10 short essay answer questions of 10 marks each.

3. Practical and viva voce examination

a) Long Experiment:

- Demonstrating effects of drugs/interpretation of results in anesthetized animal
- > Table exercise Examples are given below:
- Calculating pharmacokinetic parameters
- Statistical exercise
- Critical appraisal of a published paper
- Evaluation of drug literature.
- Protocol designing
- > ADR reporting and causality assessment
- Assessment of preclinical toxicity data
- > Analysis of rational and irrational formulations

b) Short experiment

- Isolated tissue experiment (Bioassay of drugs) (as per Govt regulations) Orinterpretation of results of a previous tracing
- ➢ In vivo experiment
- Spotting exercises: Various drug delivery systems, inhalers, insulin syringe,
- drip chamber, various tablets, etc.

Oral/Viva voce Examination

- Microteaching (teaching exercise)
- Discussion on dissertation
- Principles of general and systemic pharmacology
- Recent advances in pharmacology & drug therapy

Pass criteria: The examination MS shall be held at the end of 3rd academic year. There will be four evaluations for each theory paper. The examinations shall be organised on the basis of 'Marking system' to evaluate and to certify post graduate student's level of knowledge, skill and competence at the end of the training. Obtaining a minimum of 50% marks in 'Theory' as well as 'Practical' separately shall be mandatory for passing examination as a whole. Student must secure minimum of 40% in each paper and in aggregate 50% overall as far as theory is concerned.

9. Blue Print and Weight of the System

Each paper shall contain the structure as follows: Ten Long answer question (LAQ) for 10 marks each. (10 x 10 = 100)

SI. No	Section	Topics	Weightage	Marks Allotted	No. of Question
1	General Pharmacology	Various routes of drug administration & drug delivery systems	10%	10	1
2	General Pharmacology	Drug receptors and Pharmacodynamics	10%	10	1
3	General Pharmacology	Pharmacokinetics (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion)	10%	10	1
4	General Pharmacology	Factors modifying drug action	10%	10	1
5	General Pharmacology	Dose Response Relationship	10%	10	1
6	General Pharmacology	Adverse drug reactions	10%	10	1
7	General Pharmacological Principles	General Pharmacological Principles of special population groups	10%	10	1
8	Rational Therapeutics	Rational Use of Drugs	10%	10	1
9	New Drug Development	New Drug Development	10%	10	1
10	Fields of Pharmacology	Various branches of Pharmacology and their applications	10%	10	1

Paper I: General Pharmacology

Sl. No.	Section	Topics	Weightage	Marks Allotted	No. of Questions
1	Clinical Pharmacology	Guidelines pertaining to conducting human research	10%	10	1
2	Clinical Pharmacology	Evidence based Medicine	10%	10	1
3	Ethics	Ethics in animal and human research	10%	10	1
4	Research Methodology	Basics of Research Methodology pertaining to animal and human research	10%	10	1
5	Biostatistics	Basics of Biostatistics pertaining to animal and human research	10%	10	1
6	Instrumentation	Principles of instruments in human and animal pharmacology	10%	10	1
7	Experimental Pharmacology	Screening methods for evaluation of drugs	10%	10	1
8	Experimental Pharmacology	Guidelines pertaining to conducting animal research	10%	10	1
9	Experimental Pharmacology	Laboratory animal care Bioassay, Euthanasia, Blood collection, In-vivo animal experiments	10%	10	1
10	Experimental Pharmacology	Alternatives to animal experimentation	10%	10	1

Paper II: Clinical & Experimental Pharmacology

Sl.	Section	TOPICS	Weight	Marks	No. of
No.			age	allotted	Questions
1	Autonomic & PeripheralNervous system	Classification, Mechanisim of action, adverse effects and uses of Drugs acting on Autonomic & Peripheral Nervous system	10%	10	1
2	Autacoids	Antihistamines, 5HT agonist & antagonists,	10%	10	1
3	Respiratory system	Antiasthmatics drugs for cough, COPD	10%	10	1
4	Cardiovascular system including diuretics	antianginals, antihypertensives, diuretics, antiarrhythmics, antidiuretics, drugs for CCF	10%	10	1
5	Hematopoietic system	iron, folic acid, coagulants, anticoagulants, fibrinolytics, antifibrinolytics, antiplatelets, hypolipidemics, plasma expanders	10%	10	1
6	Gastrointestinal system	Antiulcer drugs, drugs for vomiting, diahorrea, constipation, indigestion, inflammatory bowel disease	10%	10	1
7	Hormones	Drugs acting on pituitary, thyroid, bone, sex hormones. Antidiabetics, steroids	10%	10	1
8	Central Nervous system	Classification, Mechanisim of action, adverse effects and uses of Drugs acting on CNS	10%	10	1
9	Antimicrobials & Cancerchemotherapy	Antibiotics, drugs for TB, Leprosy, fungal infections, viral infections, protozoalinfections, parasitic infections, cancer	10%	10	1
10	Miscellaneous	Immunomodulators, vaccines, chelating agents, vitamins,drugs for skin disorders	10%	10	1

Paper III: Systemic Pharmacology

Sl.	Section	Topics	Weight	Marks	No. of
110.			age	Anotted	Questions
1	History	Important scientific contributions by scientists	10%	10	1
2	Drug Update	FDA approved newer drugs, Banned drugs	10%	10	1
3	Newer Developments inPharmacology	Stem Cell therapy, Monoclonal Antibodies, Genetherapy, JAK STAT Kinase receptors, inhalational insulin delivery etc	10%	10	1
4	Respiratory system	Recent advances in treatmentof respiratory disorders	10%	10	1
5	Cardiovascular system including diuretics	Recent advances in treatment of cardiovascular & blooddisorders	10%	10	1
6	Gastrointestinal system	Recent advances in treatment of gastrointestinal disorders	10%	10	1
7	Hormones	Recent advances in treatment of hormonal disorders	10%	10	1
8	Central Nervous system	Recent advances in treatment of nervous disorders	10%	10	1
9	Antimicrobials & Cancerchemotherapy	Recent advances in treatmentof microbial infections and cancer chemotherapy	10%	10	1
10	Miscellaneous	Recent advances in treatmentof eye, skin disorders, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, migraine.	10%	10	1

Paper IV: Recent advances in Pharmacology

10. Model Question Paper

SRI BALAJI VIDYPAEETH

PILLAIYARKUPPAM, PUDUCHERRY-607402

P.G DEGREE EXAMINATION

M.D. - PHARMACOLOGY

Paper I: General Pharmacology

3 Hours

(10 x 10 = 100 marks)

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

(Draw labelled diagram wherever required)

- 1. Describe the role of liposomes in drug therapy
- 2. Describe the role of G-protein coupled receptors in drug therapy.
- 3. Explain Clinical Significance of drug-protein binding with examples
- 4. Explain genetics as a factor modifying drug action
- 5. Explain drug antagonism with examples.
- 6. Discuss the Pharmacovigilance Programme of India
- 7. Describe pharmacological implications of drug use in pregnant patients.
- 8. Discuss the Pros and Cons of Essential Medicines Concept
- 9. Describe Phase '0' Clinical trial.
- 10. Describe Chronopharmacology and their therapeutic application.

SRI BALAJI VIDYPAEETH PILLAIYARKUPPAM, PUDUCHERRY-607402 P.G DEGREE EXAMINATION M.D. - PHARMACOLOGY

Paper II: Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology

3 Hours

(10X10=100 marks)

(Draw labelled diagram wherever required)

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- 1. Discuss the current regulatory requirements for conducting clinical trials in India.
- 2. Describe the CPCSEA guidelines for animal housing.
- 3. Describe Informed Consent in biomedical research.
- 4. Design a protocol to evaluate an antihypertensive in Phase III clinical trial.
- 5. Describe the tests of statistical significance in research.
- 6. Describe the principles and application of HPLC.
- 7. Discuss the methods used to screen a compound with analgesic activity.
- 8. Discuss the various methods of bioassay and explain how to perform bioassay of histamine inguinea pig ileum
- 9. Describe blood collection techniques in small animals
- 10. Describe 'Rs' in preclinical research.

SRI BALAJI VIDYPAEETH PILLAIYARKUPPAM, PUDUCHERRY-607402 P.G DEGREE EXAMINATION M.D. - PHARMACOLOGY

Paper III: Systemic Pharmacology

3 Hours

(10X10=100 marks)

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

(Draw labelled diagram wherever required)

- 1. Illustrate with suitable diagrams the steps involved in cholinergic and adrenergicneurotransmission
- 2. Describe the role of Biological response modifiers in rheumatoid arthritis management.
- 3. Describe the drugs acting on Phosphodiesterase enzyme and comment on their therapeuticapplication
- 4. Explain the pathophysiology of heart failure and how drugs can modify it.
- 5. Compare and contrast Conventional and Low molecular Weight Heparin.
- 6. Discuss the regulation of gastric secretion and how drugs act on it
- 7. Describe the therapeutic uses of steroids in non endocrinological disorders and their rationalebehind their use
- 8. Describe the GABA modulators in treatment of epilepsy
- 9. Describe the molecular targets for treatment of HIV virus infection
- 10. Explain the role of Immunomodulators in treatment of various diseases

SRI BALAJI VIDYPAEETH PILLAIYARKUPPAM, PUDUCHERRY-607402 P.G DEGREE EXAMINATION M.D. – PHARMACOLOGY

Paper IV : Recent advance in Pharmacology

3 Hours

(10X10=100 marks)

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

(Draw labelled diagram wherever required)

- 1. Summarise the contributions of Dale to Pharmacology
- 2. Explain the mechanism of action, adverse effects and uses of Bedaquiline.
- 3. Discuss the application of nanotechnology in the treatment of various disorders
- 4. Describe the newer molecular targets in the treatment of COPD
- 5. Highlight the salient features of JNC VIII report in treatment of hypertension
- 6. Discuss the newer targets in the management of inflammatory bowel disease
- 7. Discuss the recent advances in the management of diabetes mellitus
- 8. Discuss the role of cannabinoid receptors in therapeutics
- 9. Describe the newer treatment schedule of RNTCP for Tuberculosis.
- 10. Describe the current status of use of botulinum toxin in therapeutics

11. Recommended Reading

A: Books (Latest editions of the following books are recommended)

- 1. Good Mann & Gillman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics
- 2. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by Katzung
- 3. Rang & Dale's Pharmacology
- 4. Clinical Pharmacology by Morris.J. Brown
- 5. Oxford Handbook of Practical Drug Therapy Richards & Jeffrey
- 6. Principles of Pharmacology by David E Golan
- 7. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology by K.D.Tripathi
- 8. Principles of Pharmacology by Sharma & Sharma
- 9. Lippincott Illustrated Reviews: Pharmacology by Karen Whalen
- 10. Drug Discovery & Evaluation: Methods in Clinical Pharmacology by Gerhard Vogel
- 11. Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi
- 12. Fundamentals of Experimental Pharmacology by M.N.Ghosh
- 13. Drug Screening Methods by S.K.Gupta
- 14. Research Methodology: Methodology: Methods & Techniques.
- 15. Mahajan's Methods in Biostatistics for Medical Students & Research Workers

B: Journals

- 1. Indian Journal of Pharmacology
- 2. Indian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology
- 3. Journal of Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics
- 4. Fundamental and clinical pharmacology
- 5. European Journal of Clinical Pharmacology
- 6. Journal of Ethnopharmacology
- 7. British Journal of Pharmacology
- 8. The Lancet

Annexure-1: Entrustable Professional Activities Assessment Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth Department Of Pharmacology Entrustable Professional Activities Assessment Form for MD Residents

Name of the Resident:

UIN No:

Levels of competence:

- Level I: Knowledge only; can observe
- Level II: Can perform under direct supervision by Faculty
- Level III: Can perform under indirect supervision by Faculty
- Level IV: Can do independently
- Level V: Has expertise to teach others

S.No	EPAs	1 st quarter		2 nd qu	larter	3 rd quarter		4 th quarter	
		Resident	Faculty	Resident	Faculty	Resident	Faculty	Resident	Faculty
1	ADR reporting and participating in National Pharmacovigilance Program								
2	Rational Use of Drugs – Essential MedicinesList & 'P'drug								
3	Drug Compliance – Measuring Medication Adherence								
4	Analysing Prescribing pattern using WHOcriteria								
5	Identifying Drug-Drug Interactions								
6	Identifying the right choice of drug basedon Pharmacoeconomics								
7	Evaluating Drug Promotional Literature								
8	Analysing the Teaching – LearningMethodologies in Pharmacology								

First Year of the Residency

9	Performing Bioassay				
	of drugs				
10	Performing Herbal				
	Porforming In vivo				
11	small animal				
	experiments				
	Understanding Basicsof				
	Research Methodology &				
12	or Experimental				
	research				
	Obtaining Informed				
13	Consent for participation				
	in the				
	Applying basic concepts of				
	Biostatistics in Performing				
14	Clinical or				
	Experimental research				
1.5	Design a Protocol for a				
15	Experimental study				
16	Criticise a Journal				
10	Article				
17	Writing a manuscript				
	for publication				

Second year of the residency

S.No	EPAs	1 st qu	arter	2 nd qu	larter	3 rd quarter		4 th quarter	
		Resident	Faculty	Resident	Faculty	Resident	Faculty	Resident	Faculty
1	ADR reporting and participating in National Pharmacovigilance Program								
2	Rational Use of Drugs – Essential MedicinesList & 'P'drug								
3	Drug Compliance – Measuring Medication Adherence								
4	Analysing Prescribing pattern using WHOcriteria								
5	Identifying Drug-Drug Interactions								
6	Identifying the right choice of drug basedon Pharmacoeconomics								
7	Evaluating Drug Promotional Literature								
8	Analysing the Teaching – LearningMethodologies in Pharmacology								

9	Performing Bioassay				
	of drugs				
10	Performing Herbal				
	Extraction Procedures				
	Performing In vivosmall				
11	anımal				
	experiments				
	Understanding Basicsof				
10	Performing a Clinical				
12	or Experimental				
	research				
	Obtaining Informed				
13	Consent for participation				
	in the				
	Applying basic concepts of Biostatistics in Performing				
14	Clinical or				
14	Experimental research				
	Design a Protocol for a				
15	Clinical or				
	Experimental study				
16	Criticise a Journal				
	Article				
17	Writing a manuscript				
	for publication				

Third year of the residency

S.No	EPAs	1 st quarter		2 nd qu	larter	3 rd quarter	
		Resident	Faculty	Resident	Faculty	Resident	Faculty
1	ADR reporting and participating in National Pharmacovigilance Program						
2	Rational Use of Drugs – Essential Medicines List & 'P'drug						
3	Drug Compliance – MeasuringMedication Adherence						
4	Analysing Prescribing pattern using WHO criteria						
5	Identifying Drug-Drug Interactions						
6	Identifying the right choice of drug based on Pharmacoeconomics						
7	Evaluating Drug Promotional Literature						
8	Analysing the Teaching – Learning Methodologies in Pharmacology						
9	Performing Bioassay of drugs						
10	Performing Herbal Extraction Procedures						
11	Performing In vivo small animal experiments						
12	Understanding Basics of Research Methodology & Performing a Clinical or Experimental research						

13	Obtaining Informed Consent for participation in the clinical trial			
14	Applying basic concepts of Biostatisticsin Performing Clinical or Experimental research			
15	Design a Protocol for a Clinical or Experimental study			
16	Criticise a Journal Article			
17	Writing a manuscript for publication			

Annexure 2: Postgraduate Students Appraisal Form

Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth

Pillaiyarkuppam, Puducherry-607402

Mahatma Gandhi Medical College and Research Institute

Department of Pharmacology

Postgraduate Students Appraisal Form

Name of the PG Student:	UNI No:
-------------------------	---------

Period of Training FROMTO......

Sr. No.	Particulars	Not Satisfactory		- Satisfactory		More Than Satisfactory			Remarks		
		1	2	3	-	4	5 6	7	8	9	
1.	Journal based / recentadvances learning				-						-
2.	Patient based /Laboratory or Skillbased learning										
3.	Self directed learningand teaching				_						
4.	Departmental and interdepartmental learning activity										
5.	External and Outreach Activities /CMEs				-						-
6.	Thesis / Research work				-						_
7.	E-portfolio Maintenance										

PublicationsYes/ No Remarks*

***REMARKS:** Any significant positive or negative attributes of a postgraduate student to be mentioned. For score less than 4 in any category, remediation must be suggested. Individual feedback to postgraduate student is strongly recommended.

SIGNATURE OF ASSESSE

SIGNATURE OF HOD

Annexure 3: Multisource feedback

Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth

Pillaiyarkuppam, Puducherry-607402

Department of Pharmacology

Multisource feedback (To be completed by Faculty)

Name of the Resident: UIN No.:	
--------------------------------	--

Name of the Faculty: Date:.....

CI		Score					
No.	Criteria to be assessed	Below par (1)	At par (2)	Above par (3)			
1.	Teaching Methodology						
2.	Practical Skills						
3.	ADR reporting						
4.	Communication skills						
5.	Methodological skills						
6.	Self directed learning						
7.	Professionalism						
8.	Proper and complete documentation						
9.	Relationship with peers						
10.	Works constructively in the health care system						
		Total score:					
	General Comments:	· · · · ·					
	Highlights in performance (strengths)						
	Possible suggested areas for improvement (weakn	ess)					
	Signature:						

Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth

Pillaiyarkuppam, Puducherry-607402

(To be completed by Nurse / Technician / Other Health Professionals)

Name of the Respondent: Date:

		Score							
Sl.	Criteria to be assessed	Belowpar	At par(2)	Above par					
No.		(1)		(3)					
1.	Shows ethics in animal care								
2.	Follows guidelines								
3.	Follows methodologies								
4.	Performs experiments with confidence								
5.	Communicates effectively with technicians								
6.	Communicates effectively with nurses in ADR reporting								
7.	Communicates effectively with other health professionals								
8.	Allows them to express their doubts or concern								
9.	Proper and complete documentation								
10.	Works constructively in the health care system								
		Total score:							
	General Comments:								
	Highlights in performance (strengths)								
	Possible suggested areas for improvement (weakness)								
	Signat	ure:							

(To be completed by Peer)

Name of the Respondent: Date:

		Score							
SI.	Criteria to be assessed	Belowpar	At par(2)	Above par					
No.		(1)		(3)					
1.	Shows ethics in animal care								
2.	Follows guidelines								
3.	Follows methodologies								
4.	Performs experiments with confidence								
5.	Communicates effectively with technicians								
6.	Communicates effectively with nurses in ADR reporting								
7.	Communicates effectively with other health professionals								
8.	Allows them to express their doubts or concern								
9.	Proper and complete documentation								
10.	Works constructively in the health care system								
		Total							
		score:							
	General Comments:								
	Highlights in performance (strengths)								
	Possible suggested areas for improvement (weakness)								
	Signat	ure:							

(To be completed by Patient/Relative)

Name of the Respondent: Date:

Sl.	Criteria to be assessed	Score							
No.		Belowpar	At par	Above par					
		(1)	(2)	(3)					
1.	Shows a caring attitude to patients								
2.	Effectively explains importance of medication								
	adherence, side effects of drugs								
3.	Provides proper drug information								
4.	Communicates effectively with patients								
5.	Effectively answers doubts or concern								
		Total							
		score:							
	General Comments:								
	Hignlights in performance (strengths)								
	Possible suggested areas for improvement (weakness)								
	Signatu	re:							

Annexure 4: Work Place Based Assessment

Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth

Pillaiyarkuppam, Puducherry-607 402

Department of Pharmacology

Work Place Based Assessment

Name of the Resident: UIN No.:

Name of the Faculty :

Date:

	Below	Borderl	ine	Meet	Above	Not
	Expectation			Expectation	Expectation	Observed
Teaching skill						
Experimental skill						
Methodological skill						
Communication skill						
Clinical judgement						
Professionalism						
Organisational						
efficiency						
Overall Performance						
Anything good:		S	ugge	estions for imp	provement:	
Agreed upon action:						
8						
Signature of the reside	nt				Signature	e of the
Assessor						
Annexure 5: Feedback for Journal club

Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth

Pillaiyarkuppam, Puducherry-607402

Department of Pharmacology

Evaluation Sheet For Postgraduate Journal Club

(To Be Marked Individually By Each Faculty)

Name of the Resident: UIN No.:....

Name of the Faculty: Date:....

C	Criteria to be assessed	Score			
S. No.		Below par (1)	At par (2)	Above par (3)	
1	Relevance of article chosen				
2	Identifies the problem addressed in the paper				
3	Completeness of presentation				
4	Analyses and gives comments on methodology and statistics				
5	Brief summary of results				
6	Comparison of work with other published				
	work				
7	Merits and demerits of the paper				
8	Summary and take home message				
9	Time management				
10	Overall performance – relevant answers to				
	questions, attitude during presentation and				
	confidence				
		Total			
		score:			
	General Comments:				
	Highlights in performance (strengths)				
	Possible suggested areas for improvement (weakness)				
		Signature:			

Annexure 6: Feedback for Seminar

Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth

Pillaiyarkuppam, Puducherry-607 402

Department of Pharmacology

Evaluation Sheet For Postgraduate Seminar

(To be marked individually by each faculty)

Name of the Faculty:		Date:			
C		Score			
S. No.	Criteria to be assessed	Below par (1)	At par (2)	Above par (3)	
1	Introduction of subject and its importance /				
	Objectives				
2	Completeness of presentation				
3	Coherency of presentation				
4	Consulted all relevant literature				
5	Use of audio-visual aids				
6	Understanding of subject				
7	Summary and take home message				
8	Cites appropriate references / suggests further reading				
9	Time management				
10	Overall performance – relevant answers to				
	questions, attitude during presentation and				
	confidence				
		Total score:			
1	General Comments:				
2	Highlights in performance (strengths)				
3	3 Possible suggested areas for improvement (weakness)				
		Signat	ure:		

Annexure 7: Practical Procedural Skills Assessment

Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth

Pillaiyarkuppam, Puducherry-607 402

Department of Pharmacology

Evaluation Sheet For Postgraduate Practical Work

(To be marked individually by each faculty)

Name of the Resident: UIN No.:

Name of the Faculty: Date:.....

S. No.	Criteria to be assessed	Score					
		Below par	At par	Above par			
1	Animal Handling	(1)	(2)	(3)			
2	Sotting up ognimment						
2	Decung up equipment			-			
3	Procedural skills	_					
4	Calculational skills						
5	Problem Solving skills						
6	Communication Skills						
7	Documentation skills						
8	Management skills						
9	Teaching skills						
10	Overall performance						
		Total		•			
		score:					
	General Comments:						
	Highlights in performance (strengths)						
	Possible suggested areas for improvement (weakness)					
	Signature:						

Annexure 8: Patient Information Sheet

Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth

Pillaiyarkuppam, Puducherry-607402

Department of Pharmacology

Information for Participants of the Study

Instructions – This is the patient information sheet. It should address the participant of this study. Depending upon the nature of the individual project, the details provided to the participant may vary. A separate consent form for the patient/test group and control (drug/procedure or placebo) should be provided as applicable. While formulating this sheet, the investigator must provide the following information as applicable in a <u>simple language in</u> English and Tamil which can be understood by the participant.

We welcome you and thank you for having accepted our request to consider whether you can participate in our study. This sheet contains the details of the study, the possible risks, discomfort and benefits for the participants are also given. You can read and understand by yourself; if you wish, we areready to read and explain the same to you.

If you do not understand anything or if you want any more details we are ready to provide the details.

- 1. What is the title of the Research Project?
- 2. Who /where this study is being conducted?

This study is being conducted by ______ a Post graduate medical student belonging to ______ Department under the guidance of

3. What is the purpose of the study?

4. Procedure/Methods of the study (in brief, simple terms) Note: Do not copy paste from the protocol

- 5. How long you are expected to participate in this study ?
- 6. Why I am being considered as one of the participant?

Because

7. Should I definitely have to take part in this study?

No. If you do not wish to participate you will not be included in this study. Also you will continue to getthe medical treatment without any prejudice.

8. If I am participating in this study, what are my responsibilities?

You may have follow some simple rules. These are:

9. Are there any benefits for me/Public ?

Yes _____ The benefits to be expected from the research to the participant or to others and the post-

trial responsibilities of the investigator.

10. Will there be any discomfort / risks to me?

No risks. But some discomforts may be there like giving few ml of blood for investigation, undergoing some medical examinations, or any other risks expected from the study to the participant.

11. Will my participating in this study, my personal details will be kept confidentially?

Yes, confidentiality will be maintained.

12. Will I be paid for the Study?

Provision of free treatment for research related injury.

13. Can I withdraw from this study at any time during the study period?

Freedom to withdraw from the study at any time during the study period without the loss of benefits that participant would otherwise be entitled.

14. Possible current and future uses of the biological material to be generated from the research and if the material is likely to be used for secondary purposes or would be shared with others, for which we seek your permission prior to the study inclusion?

15. Possible current and futures uses of the data to be generated from the research and if the data is likely to be used for secondary purposes or would be shared with others, for which we seek yourpermission prior to the study inclusion?

16. Will I be informed of this study's results and the findings?

Yes, on your request for the results of the study and its findings.

17. Address and mobile number of the Principal Investigator (PI) and Co-PI, if any:

18. Address and telephone number of the IHEC office, MGMCRI and Mobile numbers of the IHECMember Secretary / Additional Member Secretary:

Signature of the Participant

Signature of the Investigators

Annexure 9: Informed Consent Form Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth Pillaiyarkuppam, Puducherry-607 402 Department of Pharmacology FORM FOR GETTING INFORMED CONSENT FOR THOSE PARTICIPATING IN THERESEARCH PROJECT

Title of the project:

Participant's name:

Address:

The details of the study have been provided to me in writing and explained to me in my own language. I confirm that I have understood the above study and had the opportunity to ask questions. Iunderstand that my participation in the study is voluntary and that I am free to withdraw at any time, without giving any reason, without the medical care that will normally be provided by the hospital being affected. I agree not to restrict the use of any data or results that arise from this study provided such a use is only for scientific purpose(s). I have been given an information sheet giving details of the study. **Risk and benefit of this project has been explained to me.** I fully consent to participate in the above study. (I also consent / do not consent to use my stored biological samples for future scientific purposes: Yes/ No

- if applicable)

Signature/thumb impression of the participant: Date:

Signature of the witness: Date:

Name and address of the witness:

Signature of the investigator: Date: