SRI BALAJI VIDYAPEETH

(Deemed - to be - University u/s 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

Pillaiyarkuppam, Puducherry-607402

Mahatma Gandhi Medical College & Research Institute Shri Sathya Sai Medical College & Research Institute



COMPETENCY BASED POSTGRADUATECURRICULUM M.D. DERMATOLOGY VENEREOLOGY & LEPROSY

Preface

The promulgation of the much-awaited Competency Based Medical Education (CBME) forpost graduate programs by the National Medical Council is a welcome move. Sri BalajiVidyapeeth (SBV), Puducherry, deemed to be University, declared u/s3 of the UGC Act. and accredited by the NAAC with A grade, takes immense privilege in preparing such anunique document in a comprehensive manner and most importantly the onus is on the Indian setting for the first time, with regard to the competency based medical education for postgraduate programs that are being offered in the broad specialty departments. SBV is committed to making cardinal contributions that would be realised by exploring newer vistas. Thus, post graduate medical education in the country could be made to scale greater heights and SBV is poised to show the way in this direction.

Prof. Subhash Chandra Parija, MBBS, MD, PhD, DSc, FRCPath, FAMS, FICPath, FABMS, FICAI, FISCD, FIAVP, FIATP and FIMS Vice Chancellor, Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth, Puducherry.

Preface

The salient feature of this document is defining the program educational objectives (PEO) for its postgraduate program as a whole, defining programoutcomes (PO) based on the competencies to be practiced by the specialist, course outcomes (CO) and program specific sub-competencies and their progression in the form of milestones. The compilation of themilestone description leads to the formation of the required syllabus. This allows the mentorsto monitor the progress in sub-competency milestone levels. It also defines milestone in five levels, for each sub-competency. Although NMC has described three domains of competencies, the domain 'Attitude' is elaborated into 4 more competencies for ease of assessment. The six competency model (ACGME) for residency education: Medical Knowledge, Patient Care, Practice Based Learning and Improvement, Systems Based Practice, Professionalism, Inter personal and Communication Skills gives better clarity andindepth explanation and is used in this document. The sub-competency and their milestonelevels are mapped into the entrustable professional activities (EPA) that are specific to the individual postgraduate program. While doing all this, the syllabus prescribed by NMC is fully in corporated into the curriculum. To make the program more relevant, PEO, PO, CO and EPAs are mapped with each other. EPAs which are activity based are used for formative assessment and graded. EPA assessment is based on workplace based assessment (WPBA), multisource feedback (MSF) and eportfolio. A great emphasis is given on monitoring the progress in acquisition of knowledge, skill and attitude through various appraisal forms including e-portfolios during three years of residency period.

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Foreword

"Dermatology... the younger daughter of Medicine ..." are the words of paul Gerson Unna, a pioneer in dermatological research and education. These words describe the neoteric and evolving nature of the subject demanding periodic amendments in the syllabus. The postgraduate MD-DVL curriculum has been updated to exemplify the training process with inclusion of latest advances in the field.

The present curriculum clearly, describes the program educational objectives and outcomes expected at the end of three years of post graduate training, There is further elaboration with a list of Entrustable Professional Activities (EPS's) or work tasks that a student should be able to perform efficiently by the end of these course.

This curriculum will be competency based, where the students are assessed on six competencies considers essential for a medical professional. The student's academic milestones will be periodically recorded baT1 3(y)20f7m[DV)-5(L259(reF3 12 Tf)-9a)-5(l5d)-9(e)4859((e)4(d)-254T1 3(0m[

The National Medical Council has laid down the PG curricula in their website https://www.nmc.org.in/information-desk/for-colleges/pg-curricula-2 that is listing the syllabus course wise, listing competency to some extent, teaching learning methods and the assessment methods as well. The document describes competencies in three domains (knowledge, skill, and attitude). However, the most significant problem in competency-based training the development of appropriate assessment tools.

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List of Abbreviations and Acronyms

PEO	Programme Educational Objective
PO	Programme Outcome
CO	Course outcome
EPA	Entrustable Professional Activity
MK	Medical Knowledge
PC	Patient Care
SBP	System Based Practice
PBLI	Practice Based Learning and Improvement
IPCS	Interpersonal Communication Skills
P	Professionalism

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Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth

Post - Graduate Programme

MD Dermatology, Venereology and Leprology

1. Preamble

The competency based curriculum should take into account the needs of the society, both local and global. It needs to outline the demand for the present day as well as future. The curriculum needs to be reviewed tleast every five years to address the trending needs, as new knowledge is evolving and communication of the same is seamless. Accordingly the competencies need to meet the societal needs detailing the cognitive, psychomotor and affective domain development for attaining these competencies.

The curriculum indicates to the candidate the knowledge, basic skills and attitudes required to become a Dermatologist. It disciplines the thinking habits for problem solving and discovery of new knowledge in the field of *Dermatology*. It defines the Teaching -Learning methods adopted for the resident to achieve the goals of the curriculum, and the methods of assessment performed throughout the training period and at the completion of training. The purpose of this document is to provide teachers and learners illustrative guidelines to achieve defined outcomes through learningand assessment.

2. Programme Educational Objective (PEO)

Programme Educational Objectives are broad statements that describe what graduates are expected to attain within few years of completing their programme. These are based on the needs of the society as analysed and outlined by the regulatory body. So as defined by Medical Council of India (MCI), the PEO for MD Dermatology, Venereology and Leprology are as follows:

- **PEO1.**Be a specialist who can provide comprehensive care related to Dermatology, Venereology & Leprosyover and above the physician of first contact.
- **PEO2.**Be a leader and team member who understands health care system and act to provide safe patient care with accountability and responsibility.
- **PEO3.**Communicator possessing adequate communication skill to convey required information in an appropriate manner in various health care setting.
- **PEO4.**Life long learner keen on up dating one self regarding the advancement in the health care field and able to perform the role of researcher and teacher.
- **PEO5.** Professional who understands biomedical research and follows the principle of bio-ethics/ethics related to health care system.

3. Programme Outcome (PO)

PO's represent broad statements that incorporate many are as of inter-related knowledge and skills developed over the duration of the programme through a wide range of courses and experiences. They represent the big picture and describe broad aspects of knowledge, skill and attitude development. They encompass multiple learning experiences.

After a period of 3 years, there sident should be able to attain the following PO's:

- o **PO1**: Provide treatment for common skin diseases.
- o **PO2**: Provide treatment for uncommon & complex skin diseases and its complications.
- o **PO3**: Provide treatment for leprosy, sexually transmitted infections and its complications.
- o **PO4**: Perform dermato surgery procedures.
- o **PO5**: Identify patient safety and system approach to medical errors.
- o **PO6**: Identify the needs of patients and society and provide cost effective preventive care and advocacy.
- o **PO7**: Communicatewithstakeholdersofthehealthcaresystem.
- o **PO8**: Perform SDL and Critical appraisal of medical literature.
- o **PO9**: Develop & execute a protocol for a scientific research project, collect and analyse the data and scientifically communicate to the others
- o PO10: Informed consent and shared responsibility.

4. CourseandCourseOutcomes (CO)

CO's describe the learning that will take place across the curriculum through concise statements, made in specific and measurable terms, of what students will know and /or be able to do after successful completion of each course.

There are four courses for MD *Dermatology*, *Venereology* and *Leprology*:

- 1. Course 1(C1) Applied basic medical science
- 2. Course 2 (C2) General dermatology and Tropical Dermatology (including principles of diagnosis and therapeutics)
- 3. Course 3 (C3) Sexually transmitted diseases, Leprosy and Public Health Dermatology
- 4. Course 4 (C4) Recent advances and cutaneous manifestations of system icillnesses

Course 1 (C1): Allied Basic Medical Science

Objectives: At the end of three years post graduate student should be able to-

- **C1.1** Demonstrate knowledge of pre and para clinical science related to Dermatology, Venereology and Leprosy and its application in the management of various dermatoses.
- **C1.2** Understanding of the various formularies used in Dermatology.
- **C1.3** Complete a basic course in Biomedical Research, Data collection & analysis, and scientific communication.

Course 2 (C2): General Dermatology and Tropical Dermatology (Including Principles of Diagnosis and Therapeutics) $\frac{1}{2}$

Objectives: At the end of three years post graduate student should be able to-

- **C2.1.** Take a detailed history and perform an adequate examination of dermatological conditions.
- **C2.2.** Provide quality care in diagnosis and management of common dermatoses.
- **C2.3.** Approach and diagnose uncommon dermatoses.
- **C2.4.** Manage dermatological emergencies with appropriate referral when indicated.
- **C2.5.** Perform bed side and side lab diagnostic tests.
- **C2.6.** Interpret the histopathological findings of the various dermatoses.
- **C2.7.** Management of paediatric dermatoses
- **C2.8.**Adoptpreventivemeasuresatindividualandcommunitylevelsagainstcommunicable and non-communicable skindiseases.

Course 3(C3): Sexually Transmitted Diseases, Leprosy and Public Health Dermatology

Objectives: At the end of three years post graduate student should be able to-

C3.1. Provide quality care to the community in the diagnosis and management of sexually transmitted diseases and leprosy.

- **C3.2.** History taking and detailed examination of cases with Leprosy and STD.
- **C3.3.** Counselling of Leprosy and Sexually transmitted diseases with a compassionate attitude
- C3.4. Manage effectively all complications of Leprosy and STD's.
- C3.5. Diagnosis, treatment, rehabilitation and appropriate referral of all Leprosy cases.
- **C3.6.** Diagnosis and treatment of sexually transmitted diseases following syndromic management when applicable..
- C3.7. HIV infection–immuno pathogenesis, diagnosis, treatment and counselling.
- **C3.8.** Perform the relevant side lab investigations for diagnosis of Leprosy and STI with knowledge of the various other laboratory investigations for same.

Course 4 (C4): Recent advances and Cutaneous manifestations of system icillnesses.

Objectives: At the end of three years post graduate student should be able to-

- **C4.1.** Recognise and manage skin manifestations in systemic diseases.
- **C4.2.** Acquire adequate skills in dermatosurgical procedures and LASERS (Nd:YAG, CO 2, IPL).
- **C4.3.** Interpretation of investigations like direct immuno fluorescence, nerve biopsy etc
- C4.4. Demonstrate adequate knowledge of the medicolegal aspects in DVL
- **C4.5.** Knowledge of newer tools, latest drugs and procedures in dermatology.
- **C4.6.** Understand the responsibilities of adermatologist and importance of ethical practice.

Detailed documentation in medical records, counseling and informed consent for procedures.

Critically appraise medical literature.

5. Mapping of PEO, PO and CO

Programme mapping facilitates the alignment of course - level outcomes with programme outcomes. It allows faculty to create a visual map of a programme. It is also used to explore how students are meeting program - level outcomes at the course level. Outcomes mapping focuses on student learning also.

Table 1. Mapping of PEO, PO and CO

	PEO1			PEO2 &PEO3		PEO4		PEO5		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
C1	Y		Y					Y	Y	
C2	Y	Y		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y
C3			Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Y
C4				Y			Y	Y	Y	

All courses run con currently for 3 years, with a summative assessment at the end.

6. Competencies, Sub-Competencies and Milestones

The postgraduate programme is competency based, consisting of six domains of competency. Sub - competencies under these domains, specific to the speciality, have been mentioned in general terms. The progression through the curriculum is detailed in sub-competency milestone levels that direct the prescribed syllabus. These sub – competency milestones are mapped to the Entrustable Professional Activities (EPAs), identified as essential for a specialist. Formative assessment includes EPA assessment, and is carried outevery quarter using appropriate tools, for identifying eligibility for transfer of trust, to the resident.

Domain of Competencies

- 1. **Medical Knowledge (MK)** Acquiring Knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioural sciences, and the application of this knowledge to patient care.
- 2. **Patient Care/Procedural Skill (PC/PS)** Demonstrate ability to provide patient centred care/demonstrate skills required for teaching and conducting research.
- 3. **System Based Practise (SBP)** Demonstrate the ability to follow the standard operating procedures relevant to practices of the organisations for patient care, inculcating quality and economical practices.
- 4. **Practice Based Learning and improvement (PBLI)** Demonstrate the commitment to learn by literature search, feedback, practice and improve upon their ability.
- 5. **Interpersonal Communication skills (IPCS)** Demonstrate behaviour and skills that result in the effective communication, exchange of information and cooperation with patients, their families, and health professionals
- 6. **Professionalism** (**P**)-Demonstrate a commitment to carrying out professional responsibilities and an adherence to ethical principles.

Sub-Competencies Medical Knowledge (MK)

- MK1.General Dermatology
- MK2.Paediatric Dermatology
- MK3.Dermatological Surgery
- MK4.Dermatopathology
- MK5.Application of basic science knowledge to clinical care.

Patient Care/Procedural skill (PC/PS)

- PC1: History, Examination, and Presentation
- PC2: Diagnostic Tests
- PC3: Dermatopathology Application
- PC4: Medical Treatment
- PC5: Pediatric Treatment

- PC6: Surgical Treatment
- PC7: Diagnosis, Management Decisions and Patient Education

System Based Practice

- SBP1. Adapts easily and works effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems
- SBP2. Works effectively within an interprofessional team
- SBP3. Improves health care delivery by identifying system errors and implementing potential systems solutions. Advocates for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems.
- SBP4. Practices cost-conscious care (for patients and populations)

Practice based learning and improvement

- PBLI1. Appraise and assimilate scientific evidence
- PBLI2. Continuously improve through self-assessment of competence
- PBLI3. Integrate quality improvement concepts and activities inpractice
- PBLI4. Teach others

Interpersonal communication skills

- ICS1. Communication and rapport with patients and families.
- ICS2. Having Difficult Conversations
- ICS3. Team Member Respect and Care Coordination
- ICS4. Communication and Consultation with Other Physicians
- ICS5. Medical Documentation

Professionalism

- P1. Practices medicine ethically
- P2. Committed to life long learning and improvement
- P3. Patient care is the first priority

Milestone Levels for Sub-competencies Medical Knowledge (MK) General Dermatology

MK1.GeneralDermatology	MK1.GeneralDermatology						
MilestoneLevel1	MilestoneLevel 2	MilestoneLevel 3	MilestoneLevel 4	MilestoneLevel 5			
Demonstrates rudimentary	In addition to Milestone	In addition to Milestone	In addition to Milestone	In addition to Milestone			
knowledge of common skin	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4, Demonstrates			
disorders	Demonstrates knowledge	Usually demonstrates	Demonstrates mastery	knowledge in recent			
	ofthe clinical	knowledge of the clinical &	andability to teach the	advances.			
	&histopathological	histopathological	clinical & histopathological				
	manifestations, laboratory	manifestations, laboratory	manifestations, laboratory	Comprehends adequately to			
	findings, expected course	findings, expected course	findings, expected course	teach others the clinical &			
	and management options of	and management options of	and management options of	histopathological			
	common dermatological	common, uncommon, and	common, uncommon, and	manifestations, laboratory			
	disorders.	complex dermatological	complex dermatological	findings, expected course			
		disorders;	disorders.	and management options of			
	Knowledge of			common, uncommon, and			
	dermatological	Demonstrates knowledge of	Practices preventive care	complex dermatological			
	emergencies.	management of	with a detailed	disorders.			
	Rudimentary knowledge of	dermatological	understanding of health				
	preventive care and socio-	emergencies.	care economics and	Practices preventive care			
	behavioural aspects of		medical ethics.	with a detailed			
	dermatological disorders.	Comprehensive		understanding of health			
		understanding of preventive		care economics and			
		care and the socio-		medical ethics.			
		behavioural aspects of					
		common and complex					
		dermatological disorders.					

MK2. Paediatric Dermatology					
Milestone Level 1	MilestoneLevel2	MilestoneLevel3	MilestoneLevel4	MilestoneLevel5	
Demonstrates rudimentary knowledge of common skin disorders in paediatric patients.	In addition to Milestone Level 1 Demonstrates knowledge of the clinical & histopathological manifestations, laboratory findings, expected course and management options of common dermatological disorders in paediatric patients, Rudimentary knowledge of socio-behavioural aspects and preventive care in paediatric dermatology.	In addition to Milestone Level 2 Usually demonstrates knowledge of the clinical & histopathological manifestations, laboratory findings, expected course and management options of common and complex dermatological disorders in paediatric patients including neonatal dermatoses, birthmarks, vascular anomalies and genetic disorders. Comprehensive knowledge of socio-behavioural aspects and preventive care in paediatric dermatology.	In addition to Milestone Level 3 Consistently demonstrates comprehensive knowledge of the clinical & histopathological manifestations, laboratory findings, expected course and management options of common, uncommon, and complex paediatric dermatological disorders, including neonatal dermatoses, birthmarks, vascular anomalies and genetic disorders. Consistently demonstrates knowledge about socio- behavioural aspects and the value of preventive care in paediatric dermatology.	In addition to Milestone Level 4 Demonstrates mastery and ability to teach the clinical & histopathological manifestations, laboratory findings, expected course and management options of common, uncommon, and complex paediatric dermatological disorders. Practices preventive care in paediatric dermatology.	

MK3. Dermatological Surger	MK3. Dermatological Surgery					
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5		
Demonstrates knowledge of	In addition to Milestone	In addition to Milestone	In addition to Milestone	In addition to Milestone		
the basic concepts of	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4		
antisepsis, pharmaco	Demonstrates knowledge of	Demonstrates knowledge of	Demonstrates knowledge of	Demonstrates mastery of		
kinetics of local	suture material used in skin	tissue biomechanics and	the methodology of	and teaches the indications,		
anaesthesia, and wound	and complex concepts of	optimal wound closure,	procedures such as	cost- effectiveness, and		
healing, including	wound healing, including	including the design off	Mohsmicrographic surgery,	efficient execution of all		
management of clean	chronic ulcers and other	laps and grafts	soft tissue augmentation,	steps in basic cutaneous		
wounds and signs of	complex wounds		botulinum toxin injections,	surgical procedures,		
infection.		Demonstrates mastery in	and LASER's.	including biopsy, excision,		
		identifying topical anatomy		electrosurgery, cryosurgery,		
Recognizes the reasons for	Demonstrates knowledge of	and relevant under lying		vascular lasers, and simple,		
protocol-driven procedural	topical anatomy and	structures	Demonstrates knowledge of	intermediate or complex		
safety, including universal	relevant under lying		the methodology and	repairs, including flaps and		
precautions and informed	structures	Demonstrates knowledge of	science associated with	grafts.		
consent.		the science of device- tissue	invasive cosmetic			
	Recognizes potential	interaction for commonly	dermatologic procedures,	Demonstrates mastery of		
	relevant drug reactions and	used tools in dermato-	such as LASER	and teaches the indications,		
	interactions related to	surgery, including liquid	resurfacing, hair	cost- effectiveness of		
	dermato-surgery	nitrogen, electro surgical	transplantation, and	Mohsmicrographic		
		devices, and LASER	liposuction.	surgery, and performs this		
	Demonstrates knowledge of	physics.		procedure at the level of		
	relevant oral sedatives			someone with advanced		
	oranalgesics, including	Demonstrates knowledge of		training in procedural		
	narcotics	the concepts and principles		dermatology		
		of non-invasive cosmetic				
	Recognizes the pathology	procedure, such		Demonstrates mastery of		
	of skin cancer and how it	asbotulinum toxin		and teaches the indications		
	impacts surgical decision	injections, soft tissue		appropriate indications for		
	making.	augmentation,		a diversity of cosmetic		
				dermatologic procedures,		

	And some light-based	and performs these
Recognizes the indications	therapies.	procedures at the level of
for pre and post- operative		someone with advanced
antibioticuse.		training in procedural
		dermatology

MK4. Dermato pathology				
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5
Identifies basic histology of	In addition to Milestone			
the skin and inflammatory	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
cells.	Recognizes histologic	Usually identifies	Consistently identifies	Recognizes and appraises
	patterns of inflammatory	histopathologic findings of	histopathologic findings of	the limitations of the
	disease andcommon	common skin disorders	uncommon skin disorders	laboratory processes.
	neoplastic condition	correctly; Occasionally	correctly.	
		identifies less common		Consistently uses histology
	Occasionally identifies	disorders correctly.	Formulates an exhaustive	correctly to diagnose most
	histopathologic findings of		differential diagnosis for	cutaneous tumours and
	common skin disorders	Formulates an expanded	inflammatory and non-	inflammatory disorders.
	correctly	differential diagnosis for	inflammatory disorders.	
		in flammatory and non-		Consistently uses special
	Formulates a limited	inflammatory disorders.	Correctly identifies	stains, immuno
	differential diagnosis of		histologic features of	fluorescence and immuno
	pathologic findings	Recognizes histologic	benign and malignant	histochemistry in relevant
		features of most benign and	cutaneoustumours.	cases.
	Demonstrate knowledge of	malignant		
	direct and indirect immuno	cutaneoustumours.		
	fluorescence tests and	Demonstrates knowledge of		
	correct locations for	the indications and cost of		
	biopsies.	special stains, immuno-		
	Demonstrates knowledge of	fluorescence, and		
	relevant special stains.	immuno histochemistry		

MK5. Application of basis science knowledge to clinical care.					
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5	
Demonstrates rudimentary knowledge of basic science relevant to dermatologic conditions. Needs frequent guidance in applying basic science knowledge to dermatologic disorders	In addition to Milestone Level 1 Occasionally applies basic science knowledge to dermatologic disorders	In addition to Milestone Level 2 Usually applies basic science knowledge to dermatological disorders. Occasionally formulates clinical questions raised by new basic science information	In addition to Milestone Level 3 Consistently demonstrates ability to organize, present, and apply relevant basic science knowledge to the care of dermatology patients. Usually formulates clinical questions raised by new basic science information	In addition to Milestone Level 4 Organizes, teaches, and models application of relevant and recent basic science knowledge in the care of dermatology patients. Formulates clinical questions and considers management options raised by new basic science	
				information.	

Patient Care / Procedural Skill - PC/PS

PC1: History, Examination, and Presentation					
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5	
With guidance, consistently able to identify key historical or physical examination findings and recognize their significance	Consistently obtains accurate, targeted history and examination for routine conditions efficiently; needs guidance with subtle or complex findings.	Consistently able to extract difficult-to-elicit but pertinent information and clinical findings; occasionally needs guidance with subtle or complex findings	Consistently identifies information and subtle clinical patterns to diagnose complex disorders	Role models and teaches how to obtain a history and physical examination and is regularly sought out by other members of the health care team.	
Consistently demonstrates use of basic dermatologic terminology, but often needs guidance with precise description of skin disease morphology	Usually gives a targeted presentation using appropriate terminology and providing pertinent negatives	Consistently gives targeted and precise presentation with pertinent negatives		Teaches presentation techniques and demonstrates mastery of descriptive language.	
Presentations are often unfocused.					

PC2: Diagnostic Tests						
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5		
Occasionally able to perform and interpret in- office tests, such as KOH preparations and scrapings for ecto parasites	Usually performs in-office tests proficiently Consistently selects clinically appropriate	Consistently performs in- office tests proficiently and interprets results correctly Consistently and	Teaches junior learners to accurately interpret laboratory and imaging test results, including the selection of tests that are evidence-based and cost-	Is a role model for the performance and interpretation of in-office tests		
	laboratory and imaging tests	accurately interprets laboratory and imaging test results	effective	Ensures that appropriate regulatory processes are in place for performing inoffice tests		

PC3:Dermatopathology Application					
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5	
Seeks clinicopathologic correlation	Usually interprets and applies findings to clinical care accurately for	Usually interprets and applies finding stoclinical care accurately, including	Consistently interprets and correlates specimens accurately	Performs at the level of someone with advanced training in	
Ensures accurate completion of pathology requisition forms	common neoplasms Reviews own biopsy slides	for uncommon neoplasms and common inflammatory dermatoses	Articulates the limitations and challenges of dermatopathological	dermatopathology and teaches clinicopathologic correlation	
		Usually interprets the results of special stains	interpretation		

Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 2	Milastona I aval 4	Milestone Level 5
Milestone Level 1		Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5
Consistently able to prescribe medications, but usually requires guidance for indications, contraindications, dosing, and monitoring	Usually selects appropriate medications for common dermatologic disorders. Consistently selects correct vehicle and quantity for topical medications. Consistently prescribes and manages systemic medications for common dermatologic dise ase. Usually recognizes common and serious side effects, but needs direction in ordering monitoring	Consistently selects appropriate medication and changes to medical therapy and usually selects appropriate systemic medication for management of complex diseases. Consistently monitors for side effects, including ordering appropriate tests	Usually able to select alternative medications for patients with recal citrant disease or significant side effects from therapy	Role models appropriate medical management

PC5:Pediatric Treatment					
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5	
Seeks to integrate age and developmental status when managing or evaluating children	Occasionally integrates age, development status, and psychosocial factors into care. Consistently uses weight-based dosing with guidance when prescribing medications for children. Consistently performs simple procedures on children with guidance. Seeks input on medicolegal issues (e.g.,prescribing to unaccompanied minors, child abuse)	Usually integrates age, development status, and psychosocial factors into care of common disorders. Consistently uses weight-based dosing when prescribing medications for children. Consistently performs simple procedures on children independently	Consistently integrates age, development status, and psychosocial factors into care of patients with common, uncommon, and complex disorders. Consistently counsels patients and families with certain disorders, such as birth marks and genodermatoses	Performs at the level of someone with advanced training in pediatric dermatology and serves as a role model	

PC6:Surgical Treatment				
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5
Consistently implements universal precautions, obtains informed consent for biopsy, performs antisepsis, and administers local anesthesia for common procedures. Consistently demonstrates proficiency in basic procedures such as cryotherapy and biopsy. Consistently completes documentation for basic surgical procedures	Consistently able to assess and counsel patients for basic procedures. Usually able to perform apre-operative assessment and to set up surgical instrumentation. Consistently able to perform skin preparation and to administer local anesthesia for more complex procedures. Usually performs basic procedures, such as malignant destruction and excision sutured by layered closure, with guidance. Consistently able to manage post-operative care and minor complications	Consistently able to assess and counsel patients for advanced procedures, such as Mohs micrographic surgery and laser therapy; able to assess patients forminimally invasive cosmetic dermatologic procedures. Usually able to prepare a patient for advanced procedures (e.g., use of pre- and post-operative antibiotics, sedatives, and narcotics; choice of appropriate anesthetic agent, including arrangement for general anesthesia if required). Consistently performs basic procedures, such as malignant destruction and excision sutured by layered closure.	Usually able to assess patients for invasive cosmetic procedures, such as laser resurfacing, hair transplantation, and liposuction. Consistently able to surgically treat most skin cancers by demonstrating aknowledge of relevant anatomy to guide intra-operative surgical decision-making	Serves as a role model in performing basic and advanced procedures with consistent high-quality outcomes with low complication rates. Performs at the level of someone with advanced training in procedural dermatology.

PC7. Diagnosis, Management Decisions and Patient Education				
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5
Milestone Level 1 Consistently formulates alimited differential diagnosis, but usually needs guidance in prioritizing diagnoses. Occasionally able to formulate an appropriate management plan for common disorders, but usually needs guidance.	Consistently develops a differential diagnosis that includes common disorders and some more complex conditions and only occasionally needs guidance for prioritization. Occasionally counsels' patients about prevention, disease expectations, treatment, and longitudinal care. Usually able to formulate appropriate management plans for patients with common disorders, including longitudinal continuity care. Usually suggests appropriate specialist	Consistently develops acomprehensive and weighted differential diagnosis. Usually educates patients with common and complex disorders with guidance. Consistently makes management decisions for patients with common disorders, but usually needs guidance for patients with complex disorders Consistently tailors counseling and management decisions for individual patient needs and preferences.	Milestone Level 4 Consistently and independently educates patients. Consistently makes independent management decisions, including customizing care in the context of patient preferences, overall health, and ability to comply	Milestone Level 5 Models and teaches development of a comprehensive and weighted differential diagnosis Rolemodels patient education, including ensuring that current, high-quality patient education is available in the practice setting Models management decision-making and actively seeks to improve) Actively seeks new opportunities for utilization of external resources
	consultations	Consistently seeks appropriate specialist consultations		

System based practice (SBP)

SBP1. Adapts easily and works effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems				
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5
Completes all required	Uses electronic health	Effectively navigates	Recognizes the differences	Adapts learning from one
tasks for residency and	record (EHR) efficiently	systems to overcome	between a system change	system or setting to
first rotation site	and independently.	obstacles to optimal	and a work-around (a	another, and in this way,
orientation.		patient care	bypass of a recognized	can affect or stimulate
	Adapts to clinical work in	(e.g.,facilitating access to	system fault that attempts	improvements in a system,
Articulates health care	different sites and	care).	to improve efficiency).	and does so when the need
missions at participating	healthcare systems (e.g.,			arises
sites	VA, university medical	Identifies target patient	Identifies at least one	
	center).	populations, differences in	work-around, explores	
		demographics, and can use	opportunities for change,	
	Maintains access to all	the appropriate	and when possible, takes	
	needed systems	agencies/resources to	steps to improve the	
	Identifies target patient	address specific needs of	system fault that in citedit	
	populations, and the	these populations		
	differences in			
	demographics and needs			
	of these populations a			
	teach participating site.			
	Accesses support services			
	appropriately at different			
	practice sites.			

SBP2. Work effectively with in an inter professional team				
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5
Identifies members of the team who coordinate patient care.	Uses and consults with other health care providers in coordination of patient care.	Delegates tasks appropriately to members of the health care team.	Demonstrates how to manage, use, and coordinate the inter-professional team.	Leads an interdisciplinary team
Describes own role as member of the health care team		Attends and contributes to academic department/divison retreats (or similar organizational venue), as well asto clinic team/staff meetings at participating sites. Facilitates checklist-guided briefings (e.g., pre-procedure time outs) in health care activities	Participates in an interdisciplinary team meeting for clinic or program improvement	

SBP3. Improves health care delivery by identifying system errors and implementing potential systems solutions. Advocates forquality patient Care and optimal patient care systems.

Care and optimal patient c	Care and optimal patient care systems.					
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5		
	Participates in discussion	Leads discussion during	Consistently encourages	Consistently encourages		
	during conferences that	conferences that highlight	open and safe discussion of	open and safe discussion		
	highlight systems errors.	systems errors.	error, and begins to identify	of errors, and		
			and analyze error events	characteristically		
	Articulates understanding	Articulates understanding of		identifies and analyzes		
	of institutional risk-	the intersection of the legal		error events, habitually		
	management resources	system and health care		approaching medical		
	available.	system in the context of		errors with a system		
		medicalerrors.		solution methodology.		
	Begins to identify the					
	social/governmental	Consistently identifies the		Actively and routinely		
	services necessary for	social/governmental services		engages with teams and		
	vulnerable populations,	necessary for vulnerable		processes through which		
	including determination of	populations, including		systems are modified to		
	eligibility for services and	determination of eligibility		prevent medical errors		
	delivery of some aspects	for services and delivery of		A 4		
	of care.	some aspects of care.		Advocates to improve		
	Desire to advente for			patient care provided by		
	Begins to advocate for	Consistently advocates for		health care, social,		
	optimal patient care in the	optimal patient care in the		community, and		
	setting of interdisciplinary interactions	setting of interdisciplinary		governmental systems,		
		interactions		including for vulnerable		
	(e.g., discussions with			populations		
	insurance companies or					
	care Providers in					
	other specialties)					
	onici specialnes)					

SBP4. Practices cost-conscious care (for patients and populations)				
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5
	Milestone Level 2 Demonstrates knowledge of how a patient's health care is paid for, and how this affects the patient's care. Articulates awareness of costs for common diagnostic or therapeutic tests, including the cost of performing and interpreting skin biopsies. Considers cost of medical and surgical therapies and incorporates this into therapy decisions and discussions with the patient. Demonstrates awareness of minimizing unnecessary care, including tests, procedures, therapies, and ambulatory or hospital	Articulates awareness of common socio-economic barriers that impact patient care. Articulates understanding of how cost-benefit analysis is applied to patient care (i.e., via principles of screening tests and the development of clinical guidelines). Identifies the role of various health cares take holders, including providers, commercial and government payers, and pharmaceutical industry and medical device companies, and their varied impact on the cost of and access to health care.	Milestone Level 4 Articulates an awareness of current debates/issues of health care financing and how it will affect patients, providers, third party payers, and others take holders Identifies inherent biases of interactions with pharmaceutical and medical device industries. Demonstrates the incorporation of costawareness principles into standard clinical judgments and decision-making	Milestone Level 5 Demonstrates the incorporation of cost-awareness principles into complex clinical scenarios
	encounters Usually applies principles	Consistently applies principles of coding (ICD-9/10)and reimbursement		

Practice Based Learning and Improvement

PBLI1. Appraise and assimilate scientific evidence				
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	MilestoneLevel 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5
When directed, accesses	Without being directed,	Actively seeks appropriate	Incorporates principles and	Independently teaches
appropriate print or	accesses appropriate printor	resources to find dermatology	basic practices of evidence-	and assesses evidence-
electronic resources to	electronic resources to find	information to answer clinical	based practice and	based medicine and
find dermatology	dermatology information	questions without being	information mastery into	information mastery
information requested or	requested orassigned.	requested or assigned this	clinical practice.	techniques.
assigned.		task.		
	Identifies critical threats to		Identifies alternative	Cites evidence
Navigates electronic	study validity and generaliz	Applies a set of critical	resources to answer clinical	supporting several
databases of indexed	ability when reading are	appraisal criteria to different	questions	common practices in his
citations and abstracts to	search pape or study	types of research, including	(e.g.,microbiology lab	or her practice
medical sciences journal	synopsis.	synopses of original research	director, E&M coding	
articles.		findings, systematic reviews,	guidelines, Medicare	
	Identifies well conducted	meta-analyses, and clinical	policies, CDC reporting	
Describes basic	research that impacts patient	practice guidelines.	requirements)	
concepts in clinical	care.			
epidemiology,		Critically evaluates		
biostatistics, and clinical	Actively participates by	information from others,		
reasoning, and can	leading article review	including colleagues, experts,		
categorize the study	discussion and by asking	industry representatives, and		
design of a research	appropriate questions	patients.		
study.	during journal club/journal			
	review activities	Summarizes complex medical		
Provides appropriate		topics through effective		
reference lists for		information synthesis and		
prepared hand-outs or		presentation of material with		
other program-specific		in time allotted		
assignments				

PBLI2. Continuously improve through self-assessment of competence				
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5
Usually asks for feedback. Relies on teachers and colleagues for immediate information needs	Consistently asks for feedback. Reviews feedback acknowledges gaps in personal knowledge and expertise and uses feedback/assessments to develop learning plans with some assistance. Remains open to criticism of performance, avoids defensiveness or denial of constructive criticisms received. Participates in the collection and analysis of program-specific resident competency data (e.g.,patient logs, procedure logs, and treatment logs). Identifies the process for incident and error reporting in the institution.	Self-assessment or learning plan demonstrates a balanced and accurate assessment of competence and areas for continued improvement. Identifies, in journal club or other educational venues, when new evidence, guidelines, or information should change how the resident or department functions (e.g., ordering tests, selecting therapies	Performs mostly self-directed learning, integrating multiple feedback and assessment sources, with little external guidance. Demonstrates an effective method, system, or processfor staying current with relevant changes in clinical dermatology and dermatology medical knowledge. Identifies personal gaps in achieving necessary ordesired aspects of residency education and communicates these with program director	Regularly seeks to determine and maintain knowledge of best evidence supporting common practices, demonstrating consistent behavior of regularly reviewing evidence in common practice areas. Demonstrates an effective method, system, or process for staying current with relevant changes in dermatology health policy and practice management. Regularly completes self-assessments of medical knowledge gaps relevant to practice and patient population

PBLI3. Integrate quality i	PBLI3. Integrate quality improvement concepts and activities in practice					
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5		
Identifies problems in	Identifies the basic	Reviews local gaps in	Assesses outcomes of	Continues to engage in		
health care delivery and	processes involved in	qualityand identifies systems	quality improvement efforts	innovative quality		
sees the quality gap in	quality improvement.	and human errors that	and applies these towards	improvement activities.		
care		contribute to gaps in quality.	continuous quality			
	Identifies deviations from		improvement			
	standards of dermatologic	Critically appraises current				
	care (e.g., identifies when	or proposed quality				
	guidelines of care were not	improvement interventions.				
	followed, and when over-					
	or under-utilization of	Participates in quality				
	diagnostic testing and	improvement activities.				
	therapy has occurred).					
		Defines and constructs				
	Identifies some	process and outcome				
	Stake holders involved	measures				
	in quality gaps					

PBLI4. Teach others				
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5
Provides education on a few basic dermatology topics to patients and other learners.	Creates presentations that in corporate digital images. Able to synthesize medical	Summarizes complex medical topics through effective information synthesis and presentation of material.	Assumes a significant role in clinically teaching learners. Presents information in a	Continues to teach others, including non-dermatology providers, about dermatology.
Actively participates in conferences	topics, with some help, for presentations	Actively participates in activities designed to develop and improve teaching skills. Seizes the teachable moment with others in the clinical setting	well-rehearsed, confident manner within the allotted time. Seeks and receives feedback on clinical teaching and assesses this information to determine areas for teaching improvement.	Seeks feedback on teaching others, and in corporates plan to address areasfor teaching improvement

Interpersonal Communication Skills

ICS1. Communication and rapport with patients and families.					
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5	
Describes the concepts of communication in the clinical setting, but usually needs guidance in using them to build rapport in encounters with patients and families. Begins to demonstrate sensitivity to socio-cultural practices	Usually communicates effectively and builds rapport with patients and families in routine encounters but requires guidance in stressful encounters. Occasionally recognizes non-verbalcues from patients and uses non-verbal skills to convey empathy, but requires guidance in time-pressed, complex, and stressful situations. Speaks in easily understandable language and avoids technical jargon. Actively seeks the patient's and family's perspective; uses patient handoutsand/or diagrams to explain diseases and treatments when appropriate.	Educates junior learners and ancillary staff members in, and models adherence to, institutional and departmental policies and procedures, proper use of social media, equitable and empathic treatment of all patients, and maintaining patient confidentiality. Adheres to state, institutional, and professional guidelines regarding physician relationships with industry	Demonstrates ethical and professional behavior and manages real and potential conflicts of interest in all professional activities, including patient care, research, publication, and relationships with industry. Has achieved sufficient self-awareness and understanding to manage work-life balance, and to recognize signs of impairment, mental illness, substance abuse, or burnout in oneself or one's colleagues to take appropriate action.	Adheres to federal and state regulations regarding digital privacy, HIV privacy, access to medical records, and records storage. Avoids inappropriate or problematic relationships with patients, staff members, residents, and students. Does not engage in misleading statements or puffery or use false testimonials when promoting his or her practice. Bills honestly, avoiding	

Counsels and written	dishonest upcoding or
instructions to patients	inflated documentation.
related to diagnostic tests,	
risks/benefits of treatment,	
treatment alternatives, and	
therapeutic plans	
(including prescriptions),	
and assesses patient	
comprehension.	
Identifies special	
communication needs of	
vulnerable populations	
(e.g., pediatric and elderly	
patients, persons with	
disabilities or illiteracy,	
immigrants, refugees,	
veterans, prisoners);	
appropriately uses	
translators to facilitate	
communication with	
Patients and families.	
Demonstrates appropriate	
face-to-face interaction	
while using the electronic	
health record or completing	
the patient health record.	

ICS2. Having Difficult Conversations										
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5						
Describes the general approach to difficult conversations with patients and families, but usually needs guidance to recognize these situations and respond appropriately	Recognizes the circumstances related to having difficult conversations with patients and families. Begins to effectively communicate in routine clinical situations, but requires guidance in complex or unusual circumstances	Usually communicates effectively in difficult conversations with patients and families, including some complex or unusual circumstances	Consistently communicates effectively in difficult conversations with patients and families in routine and complex circumstances. Customizes communication of emotionally difficult information for patients and families	Role models an effective and sensitive approach to difficult conversations with patients and families. Is regularly sought out by junior learners, peers, and other members of the health care team for his or her ability to effectively handle difficult conversations in complex or unusual circumstances.						

ICS3. Team Member Respec	ICS3. Team Member Respect and Care Coordination										
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 1 Milestone Level 2		Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5							
Recognizes the importance of the other members of the health care team and the need to communicate in ways that show appreciation for the skills and contributions of other professionals.	Communicates effectively with health care team members in ways that demonstrate appreciation for their skills and contributions in routine situations but requires guidance in difficult or contentious situations.	Consistently communicates effectively with health care team members in ways that demonstrate appreciation for their skills and contribution in routine situations, occasionally requiring guidance in difficult or contentious situations.	Consistently communicates effectively with health care team members in ways that demonstrate appreciation for their skills and contributions in routine and difficult or contentious situations.	Role models communication that shows appreciation for all members of the health care team, including in difficult or contentious situations. Is regularly sought out by junior learners, peers, and other members of the health care team for his or her ability to communicate effectively in a team-based approach to care.							

ICS4. Communication and C	ICS4. Communication and Consultation with Other Physicians									
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5						
Begins to recognize situations where consultation is needed, and the importance of effective communication with supervisors, consultants, and referring health care providers	Usually obtains and provides consultation and communicates effectively with supervisors, consultants, and referring providers in routine patient care situations, but needs guidance in complex ornuanced circumstances. Demonstrates receptiveness store quests for consultations from other specialties and communicates promptly with referring providers.	Consistently obtains and provides consultation and communicates effectively and efficiently with supervisors, consultants, and referring providers inroutine patient care situations, occasionally needing guidance in complex ornuanced situations. Communicates effectively with medical students, peers, and faculty members in a variety of formal and informal educational settings Provides both positive and negative feedback, as appropriate, when mentoring other physicians. Consistently respectful of the opinions of colleagues, and works to resolve conflicts through proper channels and communication	Consistently obtains and provides consultation independently, and communicates effectivelyand efficiently with supervisors, consultants, and referring providers inroutine and complex ornuanced patient care situations Promotes care coordination and on going communication with other providers	Role models coordination and on going communication with supervisors, consultants, and referring providers. Is regularly sought out by junior learners, peers, and other members of the health care team for his or her skill in functioning effectively both as consulter and consultant						

ICS5. Medical Documentati	ICS5. Medical Documentation										
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5							
Recognizes the importance	Consistently documents	Consistently ensures that	Provides some examples	Serves as role model and							
of accuracy in	office visits, consultations,	patient records, including	of the medicolegal	consultant for, junior							
documenting information	letters to referring	outpatient and inpatient	repercussions of in	learners, peers, and other							
in the patient record, as	providers, procedures, and	consultations and	appropriate medical	members of the health care							
well as of the use of	counseling with clearly	transitions of care, are	record documentation	team inpatient record							
medical records in patient	written and relevant	promptly and accurately		documentation							
care.	information for routine	documented for routine									
	situations, but	And complex situations									
Recognizes that accurate	occasionally needs										
and prompt completion of	assistance with complex										
patient records contributes	situations.										
to patient safety and											
reduces the risk of medical	Ensures that patient										
error	records and orders are										
	accurate, comprehensive,										
	timely, and legible with										
	attention to preventing										
	Confusion and error										

Professionalism

P1 Practices medicine et	P1 Practices medicine ethically										
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5							
Truthfully documents and reports clinical information. Reads and abides by formal policies and procedures Maintains confidentiality of protected health information. Understands adermatologists judiciary obligation to patients, and consistently places patient care needs above self-interest	Treats all patients with respect and dignity, regardless of socio-economic, racial, or ethnic background or sexual orientation. Adheres to the honor code and policies regarding academic honesty in preparing for and taking the post-graduation examinations. Displays academic honesty and avoids plagiarism in talks, presentations, and publications. Performs all human subjects research in accordance with federal, state, and institutional regulations and guidelines. Understands the actions and relationships that constitute interest in publications and presentations.	Educates junior learners and ancillary staff members in, and models adherence to institutional and departmental policies and procedures, properuse of social media, equitable and empathic treatment of all patients, and maintaining patient confidentiality. Adheres to state, institutional, and professional guidelines regarding dermatologists relationships with industry	Demonstrates ethical and professional behavior and manages real and potential conflicts of interest in all professional activities, including patient care, research, publication, and relationships with industry. Has achieved sufficient self-awareness and understanding to manage work-life balance, and to recognize signs of impairment, mental illness, substance abuse, or burnout in oneself orone's colleagues to take appropriate action	Adheres to national and state regulations regarding digital privacy, HIV privacy, access to medical records, and records storage. Avoids inappropriate or problematic relationships with patients, staff members, residents, and students. Does not engage in misleading statements or puffery or use false testimonials when promoting his or her practice. Bills honestly, avoiding dishonest upcoding or inflated documentation							

Aware of pitfalls of self-care and care		
of family members and associates, and		
under what circumstances these are		
either in appropriate or illegal.		
Responds promptly and appropriately		
to clinical responsibilities (e.g., timely		
reporting for duty, completion of		
medical records); carries out timely		
interactions with colleagues, patients,		
and their designated care givers;		
promptly completes clinical,		
administrative, and curricular tasks		
Recognizes, manages, and discloses		
obvious conflicts of		
Interest in publications and		
presentations.		
presentations.		
Aware of pitfalls of self-care and care		
of family members and associates, and		
under what circumstances these are		
either inappropriate or illegal.		
ether mappropriate or megar.		

P2. Committed to lifelong le	P2. Committed to lifelong learning and improvement										
Milestone Level 1	Milestone Level 2	Milestone Level 3	Milestone Level 4	Milestone Level 5							
Aware of personal errors. Usually elicits feedback from faculty members.	Admits to limitations and personal errors and knows when and whom to ask for help.	Develops self- improvement plan to address limitations and personal errors.	Assists junior residents in recognizing their own limitations.	Mentors residents/new graduates on how to recognize limitations and develop self-improvement							
Explains how team work benefits patient	Accepts constructive feedback and strives to	Provides feedback to junior residents and	Describes key elements in how to provide effective feedback.	plans. Effectively provides							
care. Requires direction in	improve. Explains the concept to	medical students. Assumes leadership role	Describes the fundamental skill set for effective	feedback to peers, office staff, and other learners.							
determining what is important in learning goals	fleading by example. Lists and organizes the	among the resident group (e.g., as chief resident, project manager); serves	leadership. Capable of passing	Takes a leadership role within the practice/department or in							
	topics and subtopics that must be learned for patientcare and to pass the	as a role model for junior residents.	the post- graduation examination	regional, state, or national organizations. Understands the Degree							
	post-graduation examination	Lists gaps of knowledge and devises plan for improvement		program, and fulfils MCI requirements.							

7. Syllabus

Course1 (C1) Allied basic medical science

- The structure, functions and development of human skin.
- Ultra structural aspects of epidermis, epidermal appendages, dermo-epidermal
 - o junction, dermis, and sub-cutis.
- Immunology, molecular biology and genetics in relation to the skin.
- Epidermal cell kinetics and keratinization.
- Lipids of epidermis and sebaceous glands.
- Percutaneous absorption.
- Skin as anorgan of protection and thermo regulation.
- Biology of eccrine and apocrine sweat glands.
- Biology of melanocytes and melan information.
- Biology of hair follicles, sebaceous glands and nails.
- Epidermal proteins.
- Dermal connective tissue: collagen, elastin, reticulin, basement membrane and
 - o Ground substance.
- Metabolism of carbohydrates, proteins, fats and steroids by the skin.
- Cutaneous vasculature and vascular reactions.
- Mechanism of cutaneous wound healing.
- Cellular and molecular biology of cutaneous inflammation and arachidonic acid metabolism.
- Immunologic aspects of epidermis.
- Human leukocyte antigen (HLA) system.
- Immunoglobulins.
- Cytokines and chemokines.
- Lymphocytes, neutrophils, eosinophils, basophils and mastcells.
- Complement system.
- Hypersensitivity and allergy.
- Cutaneous carcino genesis (chemical, viral and radiation).
- Basics of cutaneous bacteriology, mycology, virology, parasitology and host resistance.
- Common laboratory procedures, stains, culture media etc. related to the cutaneous diagnosis.
- Basic pathologic patterns and reactions of skin.

- Common laboratory stains and procedures used in the histopathologic diagnosis
 of skin diseases and special techniques such as immuno fluorescence, immuno
 peroxidase and other related techniques.
- History of dermatology, leprosy and STD
- Histopathological examination of skin and general principles
- Diagnosis of skin diseases
- Health economics and skin diseases
- Adverse Immunological Reactions to Drugs
- Principles of Measurement and Assessment in Dermatology

Course 2 (C2) General dermatology and Tropical Dermatology (including principles of diagnosis and therapeutics)

Clinical dermatology

- Epidemiology of cutaneous disease.
- Principles of Evidence-based Dermatology
- Psychologic aspects of skin disease and psycho-cutaneous disorders
- Pathophysiology and clinical aspects of pruritus.

Papulosquamous diseases

- Psoriasis, pityriasisrubrapilaris, pityriasisrosea
- Parapsoriasis, lichenplanus, lichennitidus.
- Palmo-plantarkeratodermas, Darier's disease, porokeratosis.
- Ichthyoses and ichthyosi form dermatoses.
- Kyrle's disease and other perforating disorders

Vesiculo-bullous disorders

- Erythema multiforme, Stevens-Johnson syndrome, Toxic epidermalnecrolysis.
- Bullouspemphigoid, Pemphigus.
- Chronic bullous disease of childhood.
- Herpesgestationis (pemphigoidgestationis).
- Hereditary epidermoly sisbullosa.
- Epidermoly sisbullosa acquisita.
- Dermatitisherpetiformis.
- Familialbenignpemphigus.
- Sub corneal pustular dermatoses.
- Pustular eruptions of palmsandsoles.

Disorders of epidermal appendages and related disorders

- Disorders of hair and nails.
- Disorders of sebaceous glands. Rosacea, Perioraldermatitis, acne.
- Disorders of eccrine and apocrine sweat glands.
- Follicular syndromes within flammation and atrophy.
- Precancerouslesions, squamous cellcar cinomaand basal cell carcinoma
- Keratoacanthoma, benignepithelial tumours, append ageal tumours
- Merkel cell carcinoma, Paget's disease

Disorders of melanocytes

• Disorders of pigmentation, albinism, benignneoplasia and hyperplasias of melanocytes, dysplastic melanocyticnevi, cutaneous malignant melanoma.

Inflammatory and neoplastic disorders of the dermis

- Acute febrile neutrophilic dermatosis (Sweet's syndrome)
- Erythemaelevatumdiutinum
- Cutaneouseos in ophilic diseases
- Granulo mafaciale
- Pyodermagangrenosum
- Erythemaannulare centrifugum and other figurateery themas
- Granulomaannulare
- Malignanta trophic papulosis (Dego's Disease)
- Neoplasms, pseudoneoplasms and hyperplasias of the dermis
- Vascular anomalies
- Kaposi's Sarcoma
- Anetoderma andother atrophic disorders of the skin
- Ainhumand pseudoainhum
- Neoplasias and hyperplasias of neural and muscular origin
- Elastosisper for ansserpiginosa and reactive perforating collagenosis, lymphomas, pseudolymphomas and related conditions

Disorders of subcutaneous tissue

- Panniculitis
- Lipodystrophy
- Neoplasms of the subcutaneous fat

Disorders of the mucocutaneous integument

- Biology and disorders of theoral mucosa
- Disorders of the anogenitalia of males and females

Cutaneous changes indisorders of altered reactivity

- Geneticimmuno deficiency diseases
- Urticaria and Angioedema

- Disorders associated with complement abnormalities
- Graft-versus-host Disease
- Muco-cutaneous manifestations in immuno suppressed host other than HIVinfection
- Contact dermatitis
- Auto-sensitization dermatitis
- Atopic dermatitis (atopiceczema)
- Nummular eczematous dermatitis
- Seborrheic dermatitis
- Vesicular palmoplantareczema

Skin changes due to mechanical and physical factors

- Occupational skin disease
- Radiobiology of the skin
- Skin problems in amputee
- Sports dermatology
- Skin problems in warfield
- Decubitusulcers

Photo medicine, photo biology and photo immunology in relation to skin

- Acute and chronic effects of ultra violet radiation and sunlight on the skin
- Narrow-band ultra violet B(NBUVB) therapy, photo therapy, photo chemotherapy, photo dynamictherapy

Disorders due to drugs and chemical agents

- Cutaneous reactions to drugs
- Mucocutaneous complications of anti-neoplastic therapy
- Cutaneous manifestations of drug abuse

Dermatology and the ages of man

- Neonatal dermatological problems
- Paediatric and adolescent dermatological problems
- Ageing of skin
- Geriatric dermatological problems

Bacterial diseases with cutaneous involvement

- General considerations of bacterial diseases
- Pyodermas:Staphylococcusaureus, Streptococcus, and others
- Staphylo coccal Scalded-Skin syndrome
- Soft Tissue Infections: Erysipelas, Cellulitis, Septicemia and Gangrenous Cellulitis
- Gram-Negative Coccal and bacillary infections
- Bartonellosis

- Miscellaneous bacterial infections with cutaneous manifestations
- Tuberculosis and other my cobacterial infections
- Actinomycosis, Nocardiosis, and Actinomycetoma
- LymeBorreliosis
- Kawasaki Disease

Fungal diseases with cutaneous involvement

- Superficial fungal infection: Dermatophytosis, TineaNigra, Piedra
- Yeast Infections: Candidiasis, Pityriasis (Tinea) Versicolor
- Deep Fungal Infections

Viral and rickettisial disease

- Viral Diseases: general consideration
- Rubella (German Measles)
- Measles
- Hand, Foot and Mouth Disease
- Herpangina
- Erythema Infectiosum and Parvovirus B19 infection
- Herpes simplex
- Varicella and Herpes Zoster
- Cytomegalo virus Infection
- Epstein-Barr Virus Infections
- Human Herpes virus 6 & 7 infections and Exanthemsubitem (Roseola Infantumor Sixth Disease)
- Smallpox and Complications of smallpox vaccination
- Contagious Pustular Dermatitis, Contagious Ecthyma:Orfvirus infection
- Molluscum Contagiosum
- Milker's Nodules
- Warts
- Human Retroviral Disease: Human T-Lymphotropic viruses

Therapeutics

- Principles of Holistic Management of Skin Disease
- Topical therapy
 - o Pharmaco kinetics principles in topical applications of drugs.
 - o Principles of topical therapy.
- Topical agents
 - Glucocorticoids, Acnetherapies, Analgesics, Anaesthetics, Anti-inflammatory, Anti hair loss, Anti-microbial, Anti-parasitic, Anti-perspirants, Anti-pruritic, Anti-viral, Astringents, Bleaching agents, Keratolytics,

Psoriasis therapies, Wart therapies, Topical Retinoids, Topical Antibiotics, Topical Anti-fungalAgents, Sun-protective Agents, Keratolytic Agents, Topical Cytotoxic Agents, Cosmetics and Skin care in practice.

- Systemic therapy
 - o Principles and pharmaco kinetics of systemic drugs.
 - Systemic glucocorticoids, Sulfones, Aminoquinolines, Cytotoxic and Antimetabolic Agents, Oral Retinoids, Antihistamines, Antibiotics, Antiviral Drugs, Oral Antifungal Agents, Immuno suppressive and Immunomodulatory drugs, Thalidomide, photo-chemotherapy and photo-therapy, electric cautery, cryotherapy, electrolysis, tattooing, intra-lesional injections etc.

Course3 (C3) Sexually transmitted diseases, Leprosy and Public Health Dermatology

Venereology

- Clinical approach to the patient of sexually transmitted disease
- Anatomy of male and female genitalia
- Epidemiological aspects of STDs
- Viral STDs including HIV, Herpes, Human Papilloma virus (HPV), Molluscum contagiosum etc.
- Bacterial STD's: Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Chancroid, Donovanosis
- Chlamydial infections: Lymphogranulomavenereum, urethritis, cervicitis
- Non gono coccal urethritis (NGU), non-specific vaginitis etc.
- Fungal:Candidiasis
- Protozoal:Trichomoniasis
- Ectoparasitic: Scabies, Pediculos is infestations.
- Syndromic management of STDs
- HIV/AIDS Epidemiology, transmission, patient load, High risk groups, cutaneous manifestations of HIV, treatment of opportunistic infections, antiretro viral therapy, management of STDs in HIV positive cases
- STDs in reproduction health and Paediatrics
- STDs and HIV
- Prevention, counseling and education of different STDs including HIV
- National Control Programmes of STDs and HIV infection
- Medico-legal, social aspects of STDs including psychological and behavioural abnormalities in STD patients
- Historical aspects of Sexually Transmitted Infections
- Sexual Behavior and Sexually Transmitted infections
- Condoms and other Barrier methods of STI and HIV prevention
- Genital Mucosal ImmunityAgainst Sexually Transmitted Infections

- Microbicides
- Legal aspects in STD and HIV
- Sexuality and education for young people

Leprosy

- History of Leprosy in India: A Historical overview from Antiquity to the introduction of MDT
- Epidemio logical aspects
- Global Leprosy situation: Historical perspective, Achievements, Challenges and future steps
- Structure, biochemistry, microbiology of Mycobacteriumleprae
- Naturally occurring Leprosy: Mycobacterium leprae and other environmental mycobacteria in Nature
- Animal models
- Pathogenesis
- Classification
- Immunology and molecular biological aspects
- Approach to the patient with leprosy
- Clinical features
- Methods of Nerve examination
- Reactions
- Systemic involvement (Ocular, bone, mucosa, testes and endocrine etc.)
- Pregnancy and leprosy
- Histopathology and diagnosis including laboratory aids
- Immuno genetics of Leprosy
- Biochemical Aspects of Leprosy
- Serological and molecular diagnosis of leprosy
- Structure Electro physiological and Ultrasongraphics studies of Peripheral Nerve
- Patho mechanisms of Nerve Damage
- Chemotherapy: Development and evolution of WHO-MDT and Newer treatment regimens
- Chemoprophylaxis in Leprosy
- Leprosy vaccine: Immuno prophylaxis and Immuno therapy

Course 4 (C4) Recent advances and Cutaneous manifestations of systemic illnesses Skin lesions in nutritional metabolic and heritable disorders

- Cutaneous changes in nutritional disease
- Acrodermat it is enteropathica and other zincdeficiency disorders

- Cutaneous changes in errors of aminoacid metabolism: TtyrosinemiaII, phenyl ketonuria, argininesuccinicaciduria, and alkaptonuria
- Amyloidosis of the skin
- Theporphyrias
- Xanthomatos is and lipo protein disorders
- Fabry's Disease; galactosidase a deficiency (Angiokerato macorporis diffusum universale)
- Lipidproteinosis
- Cutaneous mineralization and ossification
- Heritable disorders of connective tissue with skin changes
- Heritable disease with increased sensitivity to cellular injury
- Basal cell Naevus syndrome

Skin manifestations of hematologic disorders

- Skin changes in haematological disease
- Langerhans cell and other cutaneous histiocytosis
- The Mastocytosis syndrome

Skin manifestations of systemic disease

- The skin and disorders of the alimentary tract
- The hepatobiliary system and the skin
- Cutaneous changes in renal disorders, cardiovascular, pulmonary disorders and endocrinal disorders
- Skin changes and diseases in pregnancy
- Skin changes in the flushing disorders and the carcinoid syndrome

Skin manifestations of rheumatologic disease

- LupusErythematosus
- Dermatomyositis
- Scleroderma
- Systemic Necrotizing Arteritis
- Cutaneous Necrotising vasculitis
- Cryoglobulinemia and Cryofibrinogenemia
- Relapsing Polychondritis
- Rheumatoid Arthritis, Rheumatic Fever and Gout
- Sjogren's syndrome
- Raynaud's phenomenon
- Reiter's syndrome
- Multicentric Reticulohisticytosis

Cutaneous manifestations of disease in other organ systems

- Sarcoidosis of the skin
- Cutaneous manifestations of Internal Malignancy
- Acanthosis Nigricans
- Scleredema
- Papular Mucinosis
- Neurocutaneous disease
- Tuberous Sclerosis Complex
- The Neuro fibromatosis
- Ataxia Telangiectasia
- Behcet's disease

Therapeutics

- Topical agents
 - Glucocorticoids, Acnetherapies, Analgesics, Anaesthetics, Antiinflammatory, Anti hair loss, Anti-microbial, Anti-parasitic, Antiperspirants, Anti-pruritic, Anti- viral, Astringents, Bleaching agents,
 Keratolytics, Psoriasis therapies, Wart therapies, Topical Retinoids, Topical
 Antibiotics, Topical Anti-fungal Agents, Sun-protective Agents, Keratolytic
 Agents, Topical Cytotoxic Agents, Cosmetics and Skin care in practice.
- Systemic therapy
 - o Principles and pharmaco kinetics of systemic drugs.
 - Systemic glucocorticoids, Sulfones, Aminoquinolines, Cytotoxic and Antimetabolic Agents, Oral Retinoids, Antihistamines, Antibiotics, Antiviral Drugs, Oral Antifungal Agents, Immuno suppressive and Immuno modulatory drugs, Thalidomide, photo-chemotherapy and photo-therapy, electric cautery, cryotherapy, electrolysis, tattooing, intra-lesional injections etc.

Surgery in dermatology

- Dermatologic Surgery: Introduction, Approach and Principles
- Skin Resurfacing: ChemicalPeels
- Skin Resurfacing: Dermabrasion
- Skin Resurfacing: Laser
- Skin punch grafting
- Wound Dressings
- Cryo surgery
- Nail Surgery

8. Teaching and Learning Method

The trainee will under go a graded training over a period of three years.

• Orientation

At the beginning of the course each resident should be given an orientation to the department and subject. The candidate shall be assigned dissertation guides so as to help them prepare protocols

Theory (Knowledge/Cognitive Domain)

The teaching learning methods does not totally depend on did actic lectures. Only the introductory lectures by faculty are in this format.

Introductory lectures

Teaching programme

This will include theory topics and will ensure participation of there sident in the form of:

- 1. Seminars, group discussions and symposia. These should be regularly organized In the department.
- 2. Problem case discussion, before and after the conduct of the case should form part of training.
- 3. Journal club presentation and discussion
- 4. Inter departmental programmes with clinical departments
- 5. Simulation based training involving-Weekly 2hrs class on simulation:
 - a) Learning and practicing basic skills and competencies
 - b) Problem solving and decision making skills/Interpersonal and communications skills or team based competencies, Deliberate practice with feedback, Exposureto uncommon events and Assessment of learners

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4)Entert	reatmentordersandprescribingthe ymedicationswithelearinstruction	****		*****		***		**	*	***		1 .	II I	II	Ш	Ш	I۷
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ringclinicalpostings.		*		*****					*	*		- 11	Ш	IV/	11/	V
25) Treatsall patients with respectand protects patients confidentiality.											1	11	111	1 4	1 V	V

Resident Rotations

A major tenure of posting should be in the Department of Dermatology (2 years and 9months). It should include care of in-patients, out-patients, special clinics (STD clinic, leprosyclinic, vitiligo clinic etc.), urban and rural health centre clinics, as well as maintenance of case records for both in-and out-patients.

Posting in allied departments as follows:

General Medicine: 1 week

Plastic Surgery: 1 week

Pathology:1week
Psychiatry:1week
Paediatrics:1week
Microbiology:1week

Casualty:1month

Postings in other institutes as follows: Dermato-surgery and Cosmetology: 2weeks

Structured Graded Training –Year-wise Practical training objectives

E-portfolio

It is an electronic portfolio to be maintained by there sident to record their day to day academic and patient care activities under the following sections:

- Entrustable Professional Activity assessment
- Daily log
- Patient care
- Procedure
- Dissertation
- Academic activities (Seminar, symposium, case presentation, journal club)
- Co-curricular activities (Conference, CME, Workshop),
- Teaching Assignments,
- Awards and achievements
- Outreach activities.

E – **portfolio** will be monitored and endorsed periodically by the faculty supervisors. This will enable faculty to monitor residents progress, attainment of milestones and impart the training accordingly.

9. Assessment

Assessment will have 2 components Formative and Summative

Formative assessment

Cognitive Assessment

- Assessment in Cognitive Domain
- Schedule of the orytests
 - o 1styear–2 papers consisting of syllabus from Course1
 - o 2ndyear–2 papers consisting of syllabus from Course2 and3
 - o 3rdyear–one paper consisting of syllabus from Course4
 - o 3rdyear– Mockexams one month priorto University examination, consisting of 4 papers, including syllabus from all the four courses.

EPA Assessment

• Assessment of Entrustable Professional Activities (EPA) done during the OT posting by the consultant in-charge. EPA assessment will be done once by the end of the 1stweek of the posting and then again at the end of the posting, for monitoring of resident progress.

List of EPA's

Table 3. List the of Entrustable Professional Activities (EPAs) for MD-DVL

	GENERAL DERMATOLOGY						
1	Perform detailed dermatological examination with appropriate use of dermatological descriptive terminology.						
2	Diagnosis of skin diseases, including use of dermatological hand tools and side-lab investigations.						
3	Treatment of skin diseases with an understanding of the various formularies and their appropriate usage.						
4.	Identify and interpret the histopathological findings of common, uncommon and complex dermatoses.						
5.	Diagnosis of paediatric dermatoses and their treatment with medications in appropriate Dosage.						
6	Perform various dermato surgical procedures with adequate exposure on use of LASERS.						
7.	Familiar with recent advances in dermatology.						
8	Counselling of patients regarding treatment, course of disease and prognosis of the skin condition.						
9.	Aware of the medicolegal aspects of dermatology.						
	VENEREOLOGY AND LEPROSY						
10.	Diagnosis, treatment and rehabilitation of leprosy cases.						
11.	Diagnosis and treatment of sexually transmitted diseases, including syndromic management when relevant.						
	PREVENTIVE DERMATOLOGY						
12.	Adopt preventive measures at individual and communitylevel for skin diseases, venereal infections and leprosy.						
13.	Identify system failures and contribute to the improvement of patients' healthcare.						
	RESEARCH AND TEACHING						
14.	Able to write scientific papers and deliver oral presentations at conferences						
15.	Able to effectively teach undergraduate students during clinical postings						
	ETHICS						
16	Treats all patients with respect and protects patient's confidentiality.						

EPA Descriptions (Enter all the EPA and their descriptions)

EPA1: Obtain detailed history and perform dermatological examination with appropriate							
Use of dermatological descriptive terminology							
Residents should be able to obtain a detailed history and examine patients. This information is to be assessed and integrated with use of							
							Description for the
activity	differential diagnoses.Tl						
	the patient, patient's fan	•	0				
	This activity is to be per	-					
	outpatient department, is	npatient wards and in er	nergency departments.				
Resident will	Relevant domains of Subcompetencies Milestone level(L						
been trustable	competency With in each domain subcompeter						
when these	MK	1	4				
subcompetency	MK	2	4				
Milestone Levels	PC	1	3				
are attained	ICS	1	2				
	1.Periodic written exam	(Every 6 months)					
	2.Mini-cex						
3.5.1.1.6	3. Workplace assessmen	t by Faculty					
Method of Assessment	4.Multisource feedback						
Assessment	a. Patient						
	b. Nurses						
	c. Unit Chief/Head						
	d. Peers						

EPA2: Diagnosis of skin diseases, including use of dermatological hand tools and side-lab								
investigations.								
Description for the activity	Student should be able to examination and investige interpret certain investige the out-patient setting. To various dermatological language Dermatoscopy, Woods's appropriate Management of skin dis	gations. Student should gations like Tzanck smeather student should be contained tools like hand lensured lamp and tricho scan. To	be able to perform and ar, KOH mount etc., in onfident in the use of s,					
Resident will	Relevant domains of	Subcompetencies	Milestone level(L) in					
been trustable	competency	Within each domain	subcompetency					
when these subcompetency	PC 2 3							
Milestone Levels Are attained	ICS	5	1					

	1.Periodic written exam (Every6months)
	2. Mini-cex
N/ 1 1 C	3. Work place assessment by Faculty
Method of	4. Multisource feedback
Assessment	a. Patient
	b. Nurses
	c. Unit Chief/Head
	d. Peers

FPA3. Treatment of	skin diseases with an und	erstanding of the variou	s formularies and
their appropriate usage		erstanding of the variou	s formularies and
	Residents should be able to take and interpret medication histories to		
	choose appropriate med	ications [.] They should co	mmunicate with
Description for the	patients about the benef	its and risks as well as p	rovide instructions on
activity	medication side effects.	Residents should produ	ce prescriptions,
detivity	monitor for side effects	and stop the drugs wher	e appropriate. They
	have to perform this act	ivity in multiple care set	tings, including
	inpatient and ambulator	y care settings and in en	nergency department.
Resident will	Relevant domains of	Subcompetencies	Milestone level(L) in
been trustable	competency	With in each domain	subcompetency
when these	PC	4	3
subcompetency	PC	5	3
Milestone Levels	ICS	1	2
are attained	SBP	4	2
	1.Periodic written exam	(Every 6 months)	
	2.Mini-cex		
	3. Workplace assessment by Faculty		
Method of	4.Multisource feedback		
Assessment	a. Patient		
	b. Nurses		
	c. Unit Chief/Head		
	d. Peers		

EPA4: Identify and interpret the histopathological findings of common, uncommon and complex dermatoses.				
Residents should be to order and interpret histopathological				
	examination of common, uncommon and complex dermatoses. Th			
Description for the	should also be aware of	the principles and applie	cations of special stains	
activity	and immuno fluorescene	ce techniques. Residents	should accurately	
	fillup are quisition form	for histopathology and	also have effective	
	inter-departmental com	nunication		
Resident will	Relevant domains of	Subcompetencies	Milestone level(L) in	
been trustable	competency	With in each domain	subcompetency	
when these	MK	4	4	
subcompetency	PC	3	4	
Milestone Levels	ICS	4	2	
are attained	SBP	2	2	
	1.Periodic written exam 2.Mini-cex	(Every 6 months)		
	3. Workplace assessmen	t by Faculty		
Method of	4.Multisource feedback			
Assessment	a. Patient			
	b. Nurses			
	c. Unit Chief/Head			
	d. Peers			

EPA5: Diagnosis of paediatric dermatoses and their treatment with medications in			
appropriate dosage			
Description for the activity	Residents should be able to perform an accurate complete or focused history and physical exam in a prioritized, organized manner without supervision and with respect for pediatric patients. The history and physical examination should be tailored to the clinical situation and specific patient encounter. This data gathering and patient interaction activity serves as the basis for clinical work and as the building block For patiente valuation and management		
Resident will be	Relevant domains of	Subcompetencies	Milestone level(L)
Entrustable when	competency	With in each domain	in subcompetency
these	MK	2	3
subcompetency			
	PC	5	3
Milestone Levels			
Are attained	ICS	1	2
Method of	1.Periodic written exan	n (Every 6 months)	
Assessment	2.Mini-cex		
	3. Workplace assessmen	nt by Faculty	
	4.Multisourcefeedback		
	a. Patient		
	b. Nurses		
	c. UnitChief/Head		
	d. Peers		

	ous dermatosurgical proce	dures with adequate exp	osure on use of	
LASERS	,			
	Residents should beable to select the right procedures and work			
	inpartnership with patients and to make choices that are right for			
Description for the	them. Residents should	obtain consent, set up th	e equipment,	
activity	maintain asterile field, p	erform procedures, prov	vide after care for	
	patients and communica	te after-care protocols &	t instructions to	
	patients as well as the m	ursing staff.		
Resident will	Relevant domains of	Subcompetencies	Milestone level(L) in	
been trustable	competency	With in each domain	subcompetency	
when these	MK	3	4	
subcompetency	PC	6	2	
Milestone Levels	ICS	1	2	
are attained	ICS	5	2	
	1.Periodic written exam	(Every 6 months)		
	2.Mini-cex			
	3. Work place assessmen	nt by Faculty		
Method of	4. Multisource feedback			
Assessment	a. Patient			
	b. Nurses			
	c. Unit Chief/Head			
	d. Peers			

EPA7: Familiar with recent advances in dermatology.			
D : .:	Residents should constantly appraise and as similate scientific		
Description for the	Knowledge and be upto date with the recent advances in the field of		
activity	Dermatology		
Resident will	Relevant domains of	Subcompetencies	Milestone level (L) in
been trustable	competency	With in each domain	subcompetency
when these	MK	5	4
subcompetency	PBLI	1	4
Milestone Levels	PBLI	2	4
Are attained			'
	1.Periodic written exam (Every 6 months)		
	2.Mini-cex		
	3. Work place assessmen	nt by Faculty	
Method of	4.Multisource feedback		
Assessment	a. Patient		
	b. Nurses		
	c. Unit Chief/Head		
	d. Peers		

EPA8: Counselling of	of patients regarding treatr	ment, course of disease a	and prognosis of the
dermatosis.			
Description for the activity	The resident should be able to counse I patients regarding the disease, treatment, course of the condition and treatment options. The resident should be able to effectively communicate with the patient and patient's family in different care settings and situations. The resident should be able to cater to a wide range of socio-economic and cultural backgrounds		
Resident will	Relevant domains of	Subcompetencies	Milestone level (L) in
been trustable	competency	With in each domain	subcompetency
when these	PC	7	4
subcompetency	ICS	1	2
Milestone Levels	ICS	2	3
are attained	PROF	1	2
Method of Assessment	PROF 1 2 1.Periodicwrittenexam(Every6months)2. Mini-cex 3. Workplace assessment Faculty 4.Multisourcefeedback a. Patient b. Nurses c. Unit Chief/Head d. Peers		

EPA9: Aware of the medicolegal aspects of dermatology			
D : .:	The resident should have a sound knowledge of the rules, regulations,		
Description for the activity	formal policies and medicolegal aspects of dermatological practice.		
activity	The resident should adhe	ereto and abide by the p	olicies
Resident will	Relevant domains of	Subcompetencies	Milestone level (L) in
been trustable	competency	With in each domain	subcompetency
when these	ICS	5	2
subcompetency	ICS	2	1
Milestone Levels are attained	PROF	1	2
ure attained	1.Periodic written exam	(Every 6 months)	
	2.Mini-cex		
	3. Work place assessmen	t by Faculty	
Method of Assessment	4.Multisource feedback		
Assessment	a. Patient		
	b. Nurses		
	c. Unit Chief/Head		
	d. Peers		

EPA10: Diagnosis, treatment and rehabilitation of leprosy cases				
	Residents should be able	e to clinically diagnose a	a case of leprosy. The	
	student should be able to perform a Slit skin smear and interpret the			
Description for the	histopathological finding	gs of leprosy. The stude	nt should be able to	
activity	classify leprosy based on the findings and determine the best			
	plan. Management of re-	actions in leprosy and de	eformities are integral	
	In the patient care			
	Relevant domains of	Subcompetencies	Milestone level (L) in	
Resident will	competency	With in each domain	subcompetency	
been trustable	MK	1	4	
when these	PC	1	3	
subcompetency	PC	2	3	
Milestone Levels	PC	4	4	
are attained	PC	7	3	
	ICS	1	2	
	SBP	2	2	
	1.Periodicwrittenexam (Every 6 months)		
	2.Mini-cex			
N 4 1 C	3. Workplace assessmen	t by Faculty		
Method of Assessment	4.Multisource feedback			
Assessment	a. Patient			
	b. Nurses			
	c. Unit Chief/Head			
	d. Peers			

EPA11: Diagnose and treatment of sexually transmitted diseases, including syndromic			
Management when relevant.			
	Residents should be able to elicit a detailed exposure and sexual		
	history in suspected case	es of sexually transmitte	d disease. Detailed
Description for the	examination and relevant investigations can be done to form a		
activity	diagnosis. Counselling f	forms an integral part in	the management of
	sexually transmitted disc	eases. Management has	to be individual
	Tailored when possible	or a syndromic approacl	n can be taken.
	Relevant domains of	Subcompetencies	Milestone level (L) in
Resident will	competency	With in each domain	subcompetency
been trustable	MK	I	4
when these	PC	1	3
subcompetency	PC	2	3
Milestone Levels	PC	4	4
are attained	PC	7	3
	ICS	1	2
	1.Periodicwritten exam	(Every 6 months)	
	2.Mini-cex		
Method of	3. Workplace assessment by Faculty		
Assessment	4.Multisourcefeedback		
7 ASSESSMENT	a. Patient		
	b. Nurses		
	c. Unit Chief/Head		
	d. Peers		

EPA12: Adopt preve	ntive measures atindividu	ıal and community level	for skin diseases,
Venereal infections and leprosy			
	Student should have knowledge of the epidemiology of skin diseases		
Description for the	and adopt preventive measures for the same when applicable. These		
activity	preventive measures car	n be on individual basis	or at the level of the
	community.		
Resident will been trustable when these	Relevant domains of competency	Subcompetencies With in each domain	Milestone level (L) in subcompetency
subcompetency	MK	5	3
Milestone Levels	PC	7	4
are attained	ICS	1	
	SBP	1	
	1.Periodic written exam	(Every 6 months)	
	2.Mini-cex		
3.5.1.1.0	3. Workplace assessmen	t by Faculty	
Method of Assessment	4.Multisource feedback		
Assessment	a. Patient		
	b. Nurses		
	c. Unit Chief/Head		
	d. Peers		

EPA13: Identify system failures and contribute to the improvement of patients' health care				
D : .: C .1	Residents should be able to critically identify system failures in the			
Description for the activity	Management of the patient and contribute ideas for further			
activity	development of the depart	artment and/or hospital.		
Resident will been trustable when these	Relevant domains of competency	Subcompetencies With in each domain	Milestone level (L) in subcompetency	
subcompetency Milestone Levels	SBP	3	3	
Are attained	PBL	3	3	
	1.Periodic written exam(Every 6 months)			
	2.Mini-cex			
M. 1. 1. C	3. Workplace assessment by Faculty			
Method of Assessment	4.Multisource feedback			
Assessment	a. Patient			
	b. Nurses			
	c. Unit Chief/Head			
d. Peers				

EPA14: Able to write scientific papers and deliver oral presentations at conferences						
	Residents should be able to understand, seek and compile scientific					
Description for the	data. The student should complete a thesis on a selected topic,					
activity	supervised by the Guide. The student should publish articles in peer					
	Reviewed journals and p	present at conferences.				
Resident will been	Relevant domains of	Subcompetencies	Milestone level (L) in			
trustable when these	competency	With in each domain	subcompetency			
subcompetency	MK	5	4			
Milestone Levels	SBP	3	2			
Are attained	PBLI	1	4			
	1.Periodic written exam (Every 6 months)					
	2.Mini-cex					
36.1.1.6	3. Workplace assessment by Faculty					
Method of Assessment	4.Multisource feedback					
	a. Patient					
	b. Nurses					
	c. Unit Chief/Head					
	d. Peers					

EPA15: Able to effectively teach undergraduate students during clinical postings					
	Should be able to conduct classes for undergraduate students, under				
Description for the	supervision, using the various teachings tools available. This activity is				
activity	supervised and assessed by a senior staff member. Student has to be				
	Familiar with clinical ar	nd class room teaching			
Resident will been	Relevant domains of competency	Subcompetencies With in each domain	Milestone level (L) in subcompetency		
trustable when these	MK	1	3		
subcompetency Milestone Levels	MK 5		4		
are attained	PC	1	3		
are attained	PBLI	4	5		
	PROF 2		3		
	1.Periodic written exam(Every 6 months)				
	2.Mini-cex				
	3. Workplace assessment by Faculty				
Method of Assessment	4.Multisource feedback				
	a. Patient				
	b. Nurses				
	c. Unit Chief/Head				

EPA16: Treats all patients with respect and protects patient's confidentiality					
	Residents should be treating all patients with respect and dignity;				
Description for the	Adheres to the honor code and respects the patients right to				
activity	confidentiality. This forms the basis of every doctor-patient				
	relationship.				
	Relevant domains of	Subcompetencies	Milestone level (L) in		
Resident will been	competency	With in each domain	subcompetency		
trustable when these	ICS	1	2		
subcompetency	ICS 2 4				
Milestone Levels	ICS	ICS 5			
are attained	SBP	SBP 4			
	PROF 1		4		
	PROF	3	3		
	1.Periodic written exam	(Every 6 months)			
	2.Mini-cex				
N. 1. 1. C	3. Workplace assessment by Faculty				
Method of Assessment	4.Multisource feedback				
	a. Patient				
	b. Nurses				
	c. Unit Chief/Head				
	d. Peers				

Mapping of EPA to Programme Outcomes (PO)

Table 4 showing mapping of the EPA's to the Programme outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
EPA1.										
EPA2.										
EPA3.										
EPA4.										
EPA5.										
EPA6.										
EPA7.										
EPA8.										
EPA9.										
EPA10.										
EPA11.										
EPA12.										
EPA13.										
EPA14.										
EPA15.										
EPA16.										
EPA17.										
EPA18.										
EPA19.										
EPA20.										
EPA21.										
EPA22.										
EPA23.										
EPA24.										
EPA25.										
EPA26.										
EPA27.										

Summative Assessment Dissertation

Objectives

- 1. The student should be able to demonstrate capability in research by planning and conducting systematic scientific inquiry & data analysis and deriving conclusion.
- 2. Communicate scientific information for health planning.

Guide for Dissertation

- 1. Chiefguide will be allocated from the Department of Anesthesiology.
- 2. Co guides can be selected from within the department or from other disciplines related to the dissertation topic.

Submission of dissertation protocol

It should be submitted at the end of six months after admission in the course, in the format prescribed by the institute:

- 1. Protocolin essence should consist of:
 - a) Introduction and objectives of there search project.
 - b) Brief review of literature
 - c) Suggestedmaterialsandmethods,and(schemeof work)
 - d) Statistician should beconsulted at the time of selection of groups, number of cases and method of study. He should also be consulted during the study.
 - e) Bibliography
- 2. The protocol must be presented in the Department of Anesthesiology before being forwarded to the Institutional Research Committee (IRC) for review.
- 3. Protocol must be approved by the research committee, which is appointed by the Dean / Principal to scrutinize the dissertation protocol in references to its feasibility, statistical validity, ethical aspects, etc.
- 4. Once approved by the IRC, the protocol will be forwarded to the Institutional Human Ethics Committee (IHEC) for review.
- 5. After presentation and approval of the protocol by the IHEC, the dissertation must be registered in the Clinical Trial Registry of India http://ctri.nic.in, following which data collection may be initiated.

Submission of Dissertation

- 1. The dissertation shall relate to the candidates own work on a specific research problem or a series of clinical case studies in accordance with the approved plan.
- 2. The dissertation shall be written in English, printed or typed double line spacing, on white bond paper 22x28 cm with a margin of 3.5 cm, bearing the matteron oneside of paper only and neatly bound with the title, the name of the College and University printed on the front cover.

- 3. The dissertation shall contain: Introduction, review of literature, material and methods, observations, discussion, conclusion and summary and reference asper index medicus.
- 4. Each candidate shall submit to the Dean four copies of dissertation, through their respective Heads of the Department not later than six months prior to the date of commencement of theory examination in the subject.

Evaluation of Dissertation:

- 1. The dissertation shall be referred by the University for Evaluation, to External Examiners appointed by the University. The examiners will evaluate and report independently to the Controller of Examinations using Proforma for Dissertation Evaluation Formand recommend whether the dissertation
 - a. Accepted as submitted
 - b. Accepted pending modification as suggested
 - c. Not Accepted for reasons specified
- 2. The dissertation shall be deemed to be accepted when it has been approved by atleast two external examiners, who will allocate marks from which an average will be taken.
- 3. If the dissertation is rejected by one of the external examiners it shall be referred to another external examiner (other than the one appointed for initial evaluation) whose judgment shall be final for purposes of acceptance or otherwise of the dissertation.
- 4. Where improvements have been suggested by the external examiners, the candidate shall be required to re submit the dissertation, after making the required improvements for evaluation.
- 5. When a dissertation is rejected by the examiners, it shall be returned to the candidate who shall have to rewrite it. The second version of the dissertation, as and when submitted shall be treated as a fresh dissertation and processed.
- 6. Acceptance of dissertation submitted by the candidate is a pre-condition for his /her admission to the written, oraland practical/clinical part of the examination.
 - a. Provided that under special circumstances if the report from one or more examiners is not received by the time the Post Graduate examination is due, the candidate may be permitted provisionally to sit for the examination but the result be withheld till the receipt of the report, subject to the condition that if the dissertation is rejected then the candidate in addition to writing a fresh dissertation, shall have to reappear for the examination.
- 7. A candidate whose dissertation stands approved by the examiners but fails in the examination, shall not be required to submit a fresh one if he/she appears in the examination in the same branch on a subsequent occasion.

Eligibility Criteria

Candidates will be eligible to appear for the university examinations after completion of 3 years and when following criteria are fulfilled:

- 1. Attendance of 80%
- 2. Submission of dissertation and acceptance by external examiner
- 3. One research Publication based on the Dissertation
- 4. One poster and one Podium presentation at National or Regional conferences, recognised by Theory(Subject contents already outlined in syllabus)

Theory

- o Final Theory Papers:4 papers
- o All papers shouldhave10 short answer questions.
- Question papers are prepared based on the prescribed blueprint described later (see blue print section)
- o Modelquestionpaperisattachedforreadyreference.

Practical

• The practical examination is structured and consists of 2 sessions- morning and afternoon.

MorningSession				
Clinical Cases	No	Duration	Marks	
Long case	1	45 min	125	
Short cases	2	20 min each	2x50=100	
Spotters	10	3 min each	10x5=50	
Side lab investigations		15 min	10	
Histopathology slides	3	3 min each	3 X5=15	

O Structured Assessment (Forclinical Cases-longcase, short case & spotters)

Segment	Marks distribution	Duration
Oral skills/Presentation	125	2hrs
Diagnosis/Investigations	75	Ihrs
Management		3hrs

Afternoon Session				
Segment		Marks		
1.	Instruments & Dermato surgical procedures	25		
2.	Drugs in Dermatology	25		
3.	General viva	50		

o Total Marks allotted:

Segment	Total Marks
Theory (Papers 1 -4)	400
Practical	300
VivaVoce	100
GrandTotal	800

- o Recommendations for passing:
- 1. The candidate will be required to secure minimum 50% marks in theory and 50% marks in clinicals and viva voce separately, which is mandatory for passing the whole examination.
- 2. There will be enough gap between theory and practical examination as recommended by MCI rules.
- 3. There university practical examination will be conducted by 2 external and 2 internal examiners.

9. Blue print of Theory Exam Paper

PaperI

Basic sciences pertaining to Dermatology, Venereology and Leprology.

Total of 10 short essays (Anatomy-2, Physiology-1, Biochemistry- 1.Microbiology-2.Pharmacology-2, and Pathology-2)

- Structure and development of skin and its appendages.
- Basement membrane.
- Cell kinetics.
- Keratinization.
- Percutaneous absorption.
- Melanocytes and Langerhancells.
- Melanin and melan information.
- Cutaneous circulation.
- Mechanism of sweating.
- Temperatureregulation.
- Cutaneous microbiology, virology, mycology and immunology in relation to Dermatology, Venereology and leprology.
- Genetics in relation to the skin.
- · Sebum.
- Lipid, carbohydrate and protein metabolism.
- · Porphyrin.
- Inflammation and its mediators.
- Pathology inrelation to Dermatology, Venereology & Leprology.
- Cytology.
- Pharmacology of drugs used in Dermatology, Venereology & Leprology.
- Structure, physiology and examination of the normal genitalia.
- Biology of Treponemapallidum, Neisseriagonorrhoea, Chlamydiatrachomatis, Herpesviruses, HIV and Human papilloma virus.
- Diagnostic tests for skin diseases, STDs and leprosy.
- Cutaneous innervations path way of skin sensation and anatomy of hands and feet.
- Lymphatic drainage of skin and genitalia.
- Experimental leprosy.
- Principles of clinical diagnosis of skin diseases, STDs and Leprosy
- Basic pathologic reactions in skin
- Epidermal stem cells
- Functions of skin (Skinas an organ of protection)

- Fundamentals of Cutaneous photobiology & photoimmunology
- Neurology of skin
- Pathophysiology of Pruritus
- Aging Of The skin
- Mechanism of auto immune diseases
- Endo the lial in flammation & Angiogenesis
- Principles & pharmaco kinetics of topical therapy
- Prenatal Diagnosis of Genetic Skin Disease
- Wound Healing
- DNA Repair

PAPER II:

General dermatology &Tropical dermatology (including principles of diagnosis and therapeutics)

- Purpura.
- Disorders due to lipid metabolism (xanthomatosis).
- · Histiocytosis.
- Mastocytosis.
- Lymphoma and leukaemias.
- Sarcoidosis and other granulomas.
- · Amyloidosis.
- · Porphyria.
- Pruritus.
- Psycho Cutaneous disorders.
- Skin and nervous system.

SBV

- · Skin and eyes.
- Drug eruptions.
- Metabolic, endocrinal and nutritional disorders.
- Skin changes in differentages.
- Dermatitis and eczema.
- Papulosquamous disorders.
- Acne and acne iform dermatoses.
- Reactions to physical agents.
- Photo biology.
- · Vesiculobullous disorders.
- Disorders of skin colour.
- Occupational dermatoses.
- Disorders of epidermis and epidermal appendages (hair, nail, sweatglands, sebaceous glands).
- Diseases of dermis and hypodermis.
- Disorders of connective tissue.
- Disorders of keratinisation.
- Disorders of blood vessels and lymphatics.
- Disorders of oral cavity and mucous membranes.
- Collagen vascular disorders.
- Allergic dermatoses.
- Genodermatoses.

- Tumours of skin (benign and malignant).
- Cutaneous lymphocytic in filtration and pseudolymphomas.
- · Bacterial infections.
- Diseasedueto fungi and yeasts.
- Myco bacterial diseases.
- Viral dermatoses and rickettsial infections.
- Dermatoses caused by parasites, arthropods and insects.
- Topical therapy basic concepts./clinical aspects
- Topical and systemic skin therapy.
- Surgical and physical therapy, including cosmetology, cosmetic procedures, LASER's in dermatology and dermato surgical procedures.
- The External Ear
- Lentigos, Melanocytic Naevi and Melanoma
- Soft-Tissue Tumours and Tumour-like conditions
- The Genital, Perianal and Umbilical Regions
- The Breast
- Necrobiotic Disorders
- Urticaria and angioedema
- Atopic Dermatitis
- Lichenification, Prurigo and Erythroderma
- The Neonate
- Disorder of DNA repair
- Naevi and other Developmental Defects
- Neutrophilic & Eosinophilic dermatosis
- Radiotherapy and Reactions to Ionizing Radiation
- Minimally Invasive Treatments and Procedures for Ageing skin
- Psoriasis
- Lichenplanus and lichenoid disorders
- Flushingan flushing reactions
- HIV and SKIN

PAPERIII:

Leprosy and STD's including social public health & preventive aspects.

Leprosy:

- Epidemiological aspects.
- Approach to patients with leprosy.
- Signs, symptoms and diagnosis of leprosy.
- DD of leprosy.
- Signs, symptoms and diagnosis of leprareaction.
- Other system involvement (ear,nose,throat,eye,musculo-skeletal involvement in leprosy and lepra reaction).
- Management of leprosy, lepra reaction and other complication.
- Newer drugs in leprosy.
- Leprosy in pregnancy and children.
- Epidemiology and control of leprosy.
- Rehabilitation of leprosy.
- · HIVand leprosy.
- Prevention, education and counselling.
- National leprosy control programme.
- History of leprosy.
- Classification of leprosy.
- Experimental leprosy.
- Immunology, microbiology and pathology of leprosy.

STD:

- Syphilis.
- · Gonorrhoea.
- LGV.
- · Chancroid.
- Donovanosis.
- Chlamydia infections and non-gonococcalurethritis.
- Genitalherpes.
- Genital human papilloma virus infection (venereal warts) and Molluscum contagiosum.
- Pediculosis infection, scabies.
- Trichomoniasis and other protozoal infections.
- Vulvovaginal candidiasis and bacterial vaginosis.
- Acute pelvic inflammatory disease.

- Fitz-Hugh-Curtis syndrome.
- Acute epididymitis, prostatitis and proctitis.
- HIV/ AIDS (immuno pathogenesis, clinical spectrum, mucocutaneous manifestation, opportunistic infections, anti-retroviral therapy, prevention, counselling, post exposure management)
- Viral hepatitis.
- Non-venereal genital dermatoses.
- Othergenital dermatoses-balanoposthitis, cervicitis and vaginitis.
- Genitalulcera denopathy syndrome.
- Arthritis associated with STDs in adults.
- STDs in reproduction, perinatology and paediatrics.
- Legal aspects of STDs and HIV infections.
- Psycho sexual disorders.
- Treatment of STDs and Syndromic approach to treatment of STDs.
- Epidemiology and controlof STDs..
- Non-venerealtreponematoses.
- Ocular manifestations of AIDS and STDs.
- Premalignant and malignantlesions of genitalia.

PAPER IV

Recent advances in Dermatology, Venereology & Leprology and Skin manifestations in systemic diseases.

- A. Recent advances in Dermatology, Venereology and Leprology and related allied specialities
- B. The Skin In Systemic Disease:
 - Skin in Nutritional, Metabolic and Heritable disease
 - Skin manifestations of bone marrow and blood disorders
 - Skin manifestation of internal organ disorder
 - The skin in vascular and Connective tissue disorders and otherAuto immune disorders.
 - The Skin inInflammatory and other Vascular Disorders
 - Skin changes and dermatoses in pregnancy.

10. Model Question Paper

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

SRI BALAJI VIDYAPEETH

P.G DEGREE EXAMINATION BRANCH X – M.D. DVL

PAPER-I: BASIC SCIENCES

Time: 3 Hours Maximum marks:100 Date: 1. Answer all questions. 2. Illustrate your answerswith suitable diagrams **LONG ESSAY** (2*25=50)1. a)Describe Pilosebaceousunitb) Composition of sebum (15+10)2. a)Anatomy of Maleurethrab) Components of semen (15+10)**SHORT ESSAY** (3*10=30)1. Itch path way 2. Antimicrobial peptides 3. Dressings indermatology **SHORT NOTES** (4*5=20)

- 1. Micro-abscesses in dermatology
- 2. Structure of M.leprae
- 3. Meirow sky phenomenon
- 4. Langhans giant cell in dermatology

SRI BALAJI VIDYAPEETH

P.G DEGREE EXAMINATION BRANCH X – M.D. DVL

PAPER- II : GENERAL DERMATOLOGY & TROPICAL DERMATOLOGY – PRICIPLES OF DIAGNOSIS AND THERAPEUTICS

Date: Time: 3 Hours Maximum marks:100

- 1. Answer all questions.
- 2. Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams.

LONG ESSAY (2*25=50)

- 1. a) Classify cutaneous lupusery thematosus.
- 2. b)Discuss the etiopathogenesis, clinical features & management of SLE(5+20)
- 3. a)Discuss Immunopathology of cutaneous tuberculosis
- 4. b)Elaborate on Lupusvulgaris

(15+10)

SHORT ESSAY (3*10=30)

- 1. Mycetoma
- 2. Kaposivaricelli for meruption
- 3. Acquiredichthyosis

SHORT NOTES (4*5=20)

- 1. Gianotti-Crosti syndrome
- 2. Calcinosis cutis
- 3. Nevus spilus
- 4. Perioral dermatitis

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

P.G DEGREE EXAMINATION BRANCHX - M.D. DVL

PAPER-III: LEPROSY & STD, SOCIAL PUBLIC HEALTH AND PREVENTIVE ASPECTS

Date: Time: 3 Hours Maximum marks:100

- 1. Answer all questions.
- 2. Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams

LONG ESSAY (2*25=50)

- 1. Discuss the etiology & management of Balanoposthitis
- 2. Elaborate on Ocular leprosy & its management.

SHORTESSAY (3*10=30)

- 1. Non-Gonococcalurethritis
- 2. Premalignant lesions of genitalia
- 3. Trophiculcer

SHORT NOTES (4*5=20)

- 1. Lazarine leprosy
- 2. Microbicides in STD
- 3. Relapsevs reaction in leprosy
- 4. Gumma

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

P.G DEGREE EXAMINATION BRANCH X - M.D. DVL

PAPER- IV: RECENT ADVANCES IN DERMATOLOGY, VENEREOLOGY & LEPROLOGY AND SKIN MANIFESTATIONS IN SYSTEMIC DISEASES

Date: Time: 3 Hours Maximum marks:100

- 1. Answer all questions.
- 2. Illustrate your answers with suitable diagrams.

LONG ESSAY (2*25=50)

- a)Mention the Cutaneous manifestations of chronic kidney disease (15+10)
 b)Elaborate on Kyrles Disease.
- 2. BotulinumToxin in dermatology

SHORT ESSAY (3*10=30)

- 1. Rituximab
- 2. Acrodermatitis Enteropathica
- 3. Alpha Hydroxypeels

SHORT NOTES (4*5=20)

- 1. Pseudoxanthomaelasticum
- 2. Photo dynamic therapy
- 3. Rapamycin
- 4. Tolllikereceptors

11.Recommended Reading

List of Recommended Books General Dermatology

S.No	Name of the book	Author name
1.	Rook's text book of Dermatology. Ninth edition. Black well science. London.	BurnsT, Breathnach S, CoxN, Griffiths C
2.	Fitzpatrick's Dermatology in General Medicine. Ninth edition. McGrawHill. New York.	Wolff K, Gold smith LA, Katz SI, Gilchrest BA, Paller AS, Leffell DJ.
3.	Dermatology. Fourth edition. Saunders. Philadelphia	MoschellaSL, HurleyHJ
4.	Andrews' Diseases of the skin Clinical dermatology. Thirteenth edition. Saunders. Canada.	JamesWD, BergerTG, Elston DM
5.	Dermatology. Mosby.S pain	BologniaJL, JOrizzoJL, RapiniRP
6.	Skin signs in systemic disease. Third edition. Saunders. Philadelphia	BravermanIM.
7.	IADVLtextbookofdermatology.Fourthedition.Bhalan i publishinghouse. Mumbai.	ValiaRG,ValiaAR.
8.	Text book of dermatology. Jaypee brothers, Newdelhi.	ThappaDM.

Venereology

S.No	Name of the book	Author name
1.	Sexually transmitted diseases and AIDS. Viva books private limited. New Delhi	SharmaVK.
2.	Sexually transmitted infections. Elsevier. NewDelhi	KumarB, GuptaS.
3	Sexually transmitted diseases. 4 th edition. McGraw-Hill. New York	HolmesKK, MarahPA, SpalingPF, LemonSM, Stamm WE, Piot P, WarreheitJN.

Leprosy

S.No	Name of the Book	Author name
1	.Leprosy. Second edition. Churchill livingstone. Singapore.	HastingsRC, OpromollaDVA
2	Handbook of leprosy. Fifth edition. CBS publishers. New Delhi	JoplingWH, McDougallAC
3	Leprosy-First edition Samantand company. Mumbai	Dharmendra

4	Leprosy. Third edition Churchill Livingstone.	BrycesonAD, PfaltzgraffRE.
	Singapore	

Dermato surgery

S.No	Name of theBook	Author name
1	Text book of Dermato surgery and cosmetologyThird edition. ASCAD, Mumbai	SavantSS.
2	Dermatologic Surgery Made Easy. Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi	SehgalVN
3	Roenigk and Roenigk Dermatologic surgery Principle and Practice. Second edition. Marcel Dekker. New York	RoenigkRK, RoenigkHH.

Pediatric Dermatology

S.No	Name of the Book	Author name
1	Paediatric dermatology. Fourth edition Mosby	SchachnerLA, HansenRC
2	Textbook of Paediatric Dermatology. Black well science. Oxford	HarperJ, OrangeA, ProseN.
3	Paediatric Dermatology. Fourth edition. Elsevier. China	CohenBA,

Dermato pathology

1	Lever's histopathology of the skin. Tenthedition.LippincottWilliamsandWilk ens.Philadelphia,	Elder DE, Elenitsas R, JohnsonBL, MurphyGF
2	Skin pathology .Fourth edition. ChurchillLivingstone. London	WeedonD, Strutton G
3	Fundamentals in dermatopathology. BIpublications,New Delhi.	MysoreV.

ContactDermatitis

S.No	Name of the Book	Author Name
1	Fisher's contact dermatitis. 6th edition.	RietschelRL, FowlerJF.
	Lippincott Williams and Wilkens. Philadelphia,	
	Cronin E. contact dermatitis. Churchill	
	Livingstone. Edinburgh.	

Therapeutics

S.	No.	Name of the Book	Author name
	1	Treatment of skin disease. Comprehensive therapeutics strategies. Fifth edition, Elsevier. NewDelhi.	Lebwohl MG, Heymann WR, Berth-JonesJ, CoulsonI.

2	Advanced dermatologic therapy. Second edition,.	Shelley.
3	Comprehensive dermatologic drug therapy. Third edition.	Wolverton.

List of Recommended Journals

S.No	Name of the Journal
1	Indian journal of Dermatology, Venereology & Leprology
2	Indian journal of Dermatology.
3	Indian journal of Leprosy.
4	Indian journal of sexually transmitted disease.
5	Archives of dermatology.
6	Journal of American academy of Dermatology.
7	International journal of Dermatology.
8	British journal of Dermatology.
9	Clinical and Experimental Dermatology
10	Dermatology online journal.
11	Indian Journal of Paediatric Dermatology
12	Leprosy review

Annexures - Assessment and Feedback forms

Annexure 1 – Multisource Evaluation sheet

MAHATMA GANDHI MEDICAL COLLEGE AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE PILLAIYARKUPPAM, PUDUCHERRY – 607 402

Evaluation sheet for postgraduate clinical work

(To be completed by **peers**)

Name of the Resident:	UIN No
Name of the peers:	

Date:

S. No.	MILESTONE LEVEL	Criteria to be assessed	YES / NO
1.	ICS2-L4	Communicates the risks involved in understandable language and obtains consent without making the patient/attenders apprehensive and allows them to express their concerns	
2.	PROF3-L1	Cares and shows respect towards patients	
3.	ICS3-L5	Conveys clearly the patient clinical condition and management to the peers for continuity of patient care	
4.	PROF1-L2	Regular and maintains punctuality	
5.	PROF1-L2	Being respectful with peers	

6.	PBLI2-L2	Acknowledges gaps in personal knowledge and expertise. Readily accepts constructive feedback from peers	
7.	ICS3-L4-L5	Maintains emotional balance during triggering situations, people and environment.	
8.	PROF2-L4- L5/PROF1-L3	Has the ability to teach and train peers	
9.	ICS4-L2	Communicates effectively with other health professionals	

General Comments:	
Signature	

Annexure 2 – Seminar

MAHATMA GANDHI MEDICAL COLLEGE AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE PILLAIYARKUPPAM, PUDUCHERRY – 607 402

Evaluation sheet for postgraduate seminar

(To be marked individually by each faculty)

Name of the Resident: UIN No Name of the Faculty: Date:

Name of the Faculty.				
S. No.	Criteria to be assessed	*Score (1 – 10)	Milestone level	
1	Introduction of subject and its importance / Objectives		MK L1- L5	
2	Confidently vocalises the topic clearly with good language articulation – both subject oriented and general grammar.		ICS1-L2	
3	Communicates effectively with students, ensuring audience has understood		PBLI4- L4-L5	
4	Consulted all relevant literature		PBLI1- L2	
5	Use of audio - visual aids		SBP1-L2	
6	Understanding of subject			
7	Summary and take home message		PBLI1- L5	
8	Cites appropriate references / suggests further reading		PBLI1- L3	
9	Time management			
10	Confidently able to answer questions, raised during the presentation, without a biased reproach.			

^{*}Score interpretation – 1-3->Needs improvement; 4-6->Meets expectations; 7-9->Exceeds expectation; 10->Outstanding.

General Comments:
Highlights in performance (strengths)
Possible suggested areas for improvement (weakness)
Signature

Annexure 3 – Journal Club

MAHATMA GANDHI MEDICAL COLLEGE AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE PILLAIYARKUPPAM, PUDUCHERRY – 607 402

Evaluation sheet for postgraduate journal club

(To be marked individually by each faculty)

Name of the Resident:	UIN No
Name of the Faculty:	Date:

	Traine of the Faculty.			
S. No	Criteria to be assessed	*Score (1-10)	Milestone level	
1	Relevance of article chosen		PBLI1-L1	
2	Identifies the problem addressed in the paper		PBLI1-L2	
3	Confidently vocalises the topic clearly with good language articulation – both subject oriented and general grammar		ICS1-L2	
4	Analyses and gives comments on methodology and statistics		PBLI2 -L1	
5	Brief summary of results		PBLI2-L3	
6	Understands how to critically analyse and compare articles relevant to topic/practise		PBLI1-L3	
7	Merits and demerits of the paper		PBLI1-L3	
8	Summary and take home message		PBLI1-L5	
9	Brings out relevant articles in the journal giving future directions to the specialty		PBLI1-L4	
10	Answers relevantly to questions, - attitude and confidence during answering.		ICS3-L1-L4	

^{*}Score interpretation – 1-3->Needs improvement; 4-6->Meets expectations; 7-9->Exceeds expectation; 10->Outstanding.

General Comments:
Highlights in performance (strengths)
Possible suggested areas for improvement (weakness)
Signature:

Annexure 4 – Multisource Evaluation sheet

MAHATMA GANDHI MEDICAL COLLEGE AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE PILLAIYARKUPPAM, PUDUCHERRY – 607 402

Evaluation sheet for postgraduate clinical work

(To be completed by respective Unit Head)

Name of the Resident:	UIN No
Name of the Faculty/: done	
Date:	

S. No.	Criteria to be assessed	*Score (1 – 10)	Milestone level
1.	Being regular and punctual. Makes their presence respectful, with their physical appearance and wearing appropriate attire.		PROF1-L2-L3
2.	Follows the standard operating protocols as defined by the department.		PC6-L1
3.	Gathers the needed information during History taking and physical examination in a respectful manner and gives the necessary information regarding choice of management		PC1-L1-L2
4.	Communicates the risks involved in understandable language and obtains consent without making the patient/attenders apprehensive and allows them to express their concerns.		ICS1-L2
5.	Makes decisions which are ethically sound		PC7-L1-L4
6.	Conveys the required information clearly to the consultants, peers and other health care workers.		ICS4 L1-L4
7.	Has the ability to teach and train peers		PROF2 L4-L5
8.	Shows respect and obedience towards consultants, peers and other health care workers.		ICS4 L3-L4
9.	Readily accepts constructive feedback from consultants,		ICS4-L3
10.	Maintains emotional balance during triggering situations, people and environment.		PC4-L3-L4
11.	Considers cost effectiveness during case management		SBP4-L3

$*Score\ interpretation-1-3->Needs\ improvement;$ 4-6->Meets expectations;

7-10->Exceeds expectation;

General Comments:		
Signature		

Annexure 5 – Multisource Evaluation sheet

MAHATMA GANDHI MEDICAL COLLEGE AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE PILLAIYARKUPPAM, PUDUCHERRY – 607 402

Evaluation sheet for postgraduate clinical work

(To be completed by Nursing staff)

Name of the Resident:	UIN No

Name of the Nursing staff: done

Date:

S. No.	MILESTONE LEVEL	Criteria to be assessed	Yes/No
	ICS1-L2	Does the resident communicate the	
1		steps involved in patient care in an	
1		understandable language without	
		making the patients apprehensive.	
	ICS1-L2	Does the resident care and show	
2		respect towards patients while talking	
		to them / performing procedure.	
	ICS1-L3	Does the resident conveys the	
3		required information clearly to the	
		staff nurse	
4	PROF1-L2	Is the resident regular and punctual	
5	PROF1-L2	Is the resident respectful with you	
	MK3-L5	Does the resident handles the	
6		equipment gently with care	
_	ICS3 L4-L5	Does the resident behave	
7		appropriately in stressful situations	
8	PC6-L1	Does the resident follows safety	
o		checklists.	

ANNEXURE 6 – EPA ASSESSMENT FORM SRI BALAJI VIDYAPEETH

DEPARTMENT OF ANAESTHESIOLOGY

UIN No:

Entrustable Professional Activity Assessment Form

STUDENT NAME:

	GY: ACULTY:	
itru	Perform detailed dermatological examination with appropriate use of dermatological descriptive terminology	ion MK PC1. ICS 2.4 3 1.2
2	Diagnosis of skin diseases, including use of dermatological hand tools and side-lab investigations.	of ICS 5.1
3	Treatment of skin diseases with an understanding of thevarious formularies are their appropriate usage.	nd PC5. ICS SB 1.2 P4.2
4	Identify and interpret the histopathological findings of	SBP 2.2

	common, uncommon and Complex dermatoses		,		,			
5	Diagnosis of paediatric dermatoses and their treatment with medications	MK 2.3	PC5.	JES 1.2				
	In appropriate dosage		·/					
6	Perform various dermato surgical procedures with	MK 3.4	PC6. 2	JES 1.2	ICS SB5V:2			
	adequate exposure on use Of LASERS.		, /		, /			
7	Familiar with recent advances in dermatology.	MK 5.4	PBL I1.4	PBL 12.4				
8	Counselling of patients regarding treatment, courseof disease and prognosis of	PC7	ICS 1.2	IC8 2.3	PR OF1 .2			
9	the dermatosis. Aware of the medicolegal aspects of dermatology	JCS 5.2	SBP 2.1	PRO F1				
VENEREOLOGY AND LEPROSY								
10	Diagnosis, treatment and rehabilitation ofle.	MK 1.4	PC1.	PC2.	PC4. 4	PC7.	ICS 1.2	SBP 2.2
11	Diagnose and Treatment of	MK 5.3	PC7.	ICS 1	SBP 1	PC7.	ICS 1.2	

12	Sexually transmitted diseases, including syndromic management When relevant. Adopt preventive measures at individual and community level for skin diseases,	MK 5.3	PC7. 4	ICS 1	SBP 1			
	venereal infections and							
	leprosy							
RES	SEARCH, TEACH	ING A	ND ET	HICS				
13	Identify system failures and contribute to the improvement of patient's health care	SB P3.3	PBL I3.3		SBV			
14	Able to write scientific papers and deliver oral presentations at conferences	MK 5.4	SBP 3.2	PBL I1.4				
15	Able toeffectively teachundergradu atestudents duringclinicalpo stings	MK 1.3	MK 5.4	PC1. 3	PBL I4.5	PRO F2.3		
16	Treats all patients with respect and protects patients confidentiality	ICS 1.2	ICS 2.4	ICS 5.2	SBP 4.4	PRO F1.4	PRO F3.3	
Sign resid	nature of the lent							
Signature of faculty								
Sign	ature of HOD							

Annexure 7 – EPA Progress Sheet

	GRADE OF ENTRUSTABILITY								
EPA			PGY1			PC	GY2	PG	Y3
	0	3 MONTHS	6MONTH S	9 MONTHS	12MONTHS	6 MONTHS	12 MONTHS	6 MONTHS	12 MONTHS
Date Assessed									
EPA2									
EPA3									
EPA4									
EPA5									
EPA6									
EPA7									
EPA8									
EPA9									
EPA10.									
EPA11.									
EPA12.									
EPA13.									
EPA14.									
EPA15.									
EPA16.									
Candidates Sign									

HODG.					
HODS19n					
110001511					

Annexure 8 – Multisource Evaluation sheet MAHATMA GANDHI MEDICAL COLLEGE AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE PILLAIYARKUPPAM, PUDUCHERRY – 607 402

Evaluation sheet for postgraduate clinical work

(To be completed by Clerk)

Name of the Resident:	UIN No
Name of the Technician: done	

Date:

S. No.	MILESTONE LEVEL	Criteria to be assessed	Yes/No
1	ICS1-L2	Does the resident communicate the steps involved in patient care in an understandable language without making the patients apprehensive.	
2	PC6-LI-L4	Does the resident cares and shows respect towards patients while performing procedure.	
3	ICS1-L3	Does the resident conveys the required information clearly to the technician	
4	PROF1-L2	Is the resident regular and punctual	
5	PROF1-L2	Is the resident respectful with you	
6	SBP4-L2/MK3-L5	Does the resident handles the equipment gently and follows cost effectiveness	
7	ICS3 L4-L5	Does the resident behave appropriately in stressful situations	

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Annexure 9 – Multisource Evaluation sheet MAHATMA GANDHI MEDICAL COLLEGE AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE PILLAIYARKUPPAM, PUDUCHERRY – 607 402

Evaluation sheet for postgraduate clinical work

(To be completed by patient/ patient relatives)

Name of the Resident:	UIN No
Name of the Resident:	UIN No

Name of the Patient/ relative: done

Date:

S. No.	MILE STONE LEVEL	Criteria to be assessed	YES / NO
1	ICS 1-L2	Did the doctor explain your clinical condition and treatment plan and the risks involved in understandable language and allows you to express your concerns	
2	PROF1-L2	Was the doctor respectful with you and your relatives	
3	PC6-L1-L3	Did the doctor clear your doubts while taking informed consent	
4	PC6-L1-L4	Was the doctor caring and respectful during your procedure	
5		Was the doctor wearing appropriate attire and introduced themselves	

General Comments:	
Signature	
Signature	

Annexure 10 – Multisource Evaluation sheet MAHATMA GANDHI MEDICAL COLLEGE AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE PILLAIYARKUPPAM, PUDUCHERRY – 607 402

Evaluation sheet for postgraduate Procedures

(To be completed by **faculty**)

Name of the Resident:	UIN No
Name of the peers:	
Date:	
I-DERMATOSURGERY PROCEDURE	

S. No.	MILESTONE LEVEL	Criteria to be assessed	YES / NO
1	PC6-LI-L4	Treats all patients with respect and protects their confidentiality	
2	PC6- L1	Obtains informed consent for procedures	
3	PC6 L1-L3	Implements the pre and post procedural protocols and instructions	
4	PC6 L1	Maintains aseptic precautions on procedures	
5	MK3-L1	Aware about post –procedure adverse effects	
6	PC6 L1-L3	Uses protective measures while doing procedures	
7	PC3 L1-L4	Documents pre and post procedure outcomes with proper clinical photographs, masking patient identity	

II -DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

S. No.	MILESTONE LEVEL	Criteria to be assessed	YES / NO
1	PROF3 L1/PROF1 L1	Treats all patients with respect and protects their confidentiality	
2	PC6-L1	Obtains informed consent for procedures	
3	PC6 L1-L3	Uses protective measures while doing procedures	
4	PC2-L1 L3/PC3 L1-L2	Interprets and documents the procedural results	
5		Knows to manage post- procedural care and minor complication	

General Comments:	
Signature	_

Annexure11–Dissertation evaluationform

MAHATMA GANDHI MEDICAL COLLEGE AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE PILLAIYARKUPPAM, PUDUCHERRY- 607402

Proforma for evaluation of Dissertation

UIN:	
Topic of the study:	

DIGGEDE ATTION COMPONENTES				
DISSERTATION COMPONENTS	Grade			
TITLE				
Title appropriate and clear	A	В	С	
INTRODUCTION				
Purpose of the Study	A	В	С	
Hypothesis/Research Question	A	В	С	
Aims & Objectives	A	В	C	
REVIEW OF LITERATURE				
Appropriate	A	В	C	
Complete and current	A	В	C	
METHODS				
Study subjects, controls, Inclusion and Exclusion criteria	A	В	С	
Materials/Apparatus/Cases	A	В	С	
Methodology used	A	В	С	
Procedure for data collection	A	В	С	
Appropriate statistical methods employed	A	В	С	
Handling of ethical issues		В	C	
RESULTS				
Logical organization of data	A	В	С	
Appropriate use of charts, tables, Graphs, figures, etc.	A	В	С	
Statistical/Clinical interpretation	A	В	С	
DISCUSSION				
Appropriate to data	A	В	С	
Discussion and implication of results	A	В	С	
Comparison with other studies	A	В	С	
Satisfactory explanation of deviations if any	A	В	С	
Limitations of the study	A	В	С	

Recommendation for future studies	A	В	C
CONCLUSION			
Relevance, are they in line with aims	A	В	С
SUMMARY			
Clear and Concise	A	В	С
REFERENCES			
Vancouver Format and appropriately citedin text.	A	В	C

Key for grading– A– Exceeds expectation, B–Meets expectation, C –Needs Improvement

Overa	all Impression	
(Ple	ease check the appropriate	
	box)Accepted as submitted	
	Accepted pending modification as suggested belowNot Accepted for reasons specified	1
	below	
Ren	narks:	

Signature of the examiner with date